PUBLISHED MONTHLY PRICE ANNAS 8.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA.
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways Steam Boats and Daks, Places of Interest—Inland and along the Coast, Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c.
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
"Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 53,652—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1905. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

Milkmaid
LARGEST SALE OF ANY BRAND IN THE WORLD.
Milk

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON.

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. 1905. Saturday, 5 P.M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with.	Tons
25th Nov.	EGYPT	7212	.....	.....
2nd Dec.	PENINSULAR	5294	CHINA	7912
9th "	MOOLTAN	10009	.....	.....
16th "	ORIENTAL	5284	VARMORA	10509
23rd "	ARABIA	7903	.....	.....
30th "	PENINSULAR	5294	MACEDONIA	10312
1906				
6th Jan.	CALEDONIA	7558	.....	.....
13th Jan	ORIENTAL	5281	VICTORIA	6522
20th "	PERSIA	7951	.....	.....
27th "	PENINSULAR	5294	HIMALAYA	6828
3rd Feb.	EGYPT	7212	.....	.....
10th "	ORIENTAL	5284	INDIA	7911
17th "	CHINA	7912	.....	.....
24th "	PENINSULAR	5294	BRITANNIA	6923
3rd Mar.	ARABIA	7903	.....	.....
10th "	ORIENTAL	5284	MOLDAVIA	10960
17th "	MACEDONIA	10312	.....	.....
24th "	PENINSULAR	5294	MONGOLIA	10009
31st "	PERSIA	7951	.....	.....
7th Apl.	ORIENTAL	5284	MOOLTAN	10009
14th "	EGYPT	7912	.....	.....
21st "	PENINSULAR	5294	MARMORA	10509
28th "	CALEDONIA	7558	.....	.....
5th May	ORIENTAL	6284	VICTORIA	6522
12th "	ARABIA	7903	.....	.....
19th "	PENINSULAR	5294	HIMALAYA	6828
26th "	MACEDONIA	10312	.....	.....

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M. on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing All Passengers must attend at that place between 12 and 12-30 o'clock P.M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on Board the Mail Steamer unless so examined, and conveyed thence in the Company's Steam Barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on Board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits China, and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at ports en route.

FRANK RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 30th October, 1905.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.,
BOMBAY,

PASSENGERS booked without charge, and on Favourable Terms. Berths carefully selected. SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving Details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS and SOVEREIGNS at current rates

Calcutta Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co,
LONDON AGENTS.—GRINDLAY & Co.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY.
VILLE de la CIOTAT	5,630	Etienne	30th Nov. 1905.
YARRA	4,248	Seiller	28th Dec. "
NERA	5,876	Schultz	25th Jan. 1906
SYDNEY	4, 55	Combe	22nd Feb "
AUSTRALIEN	6,635	Verron	22nd Mar "

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT,
AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING at COLOMBO.

Vessel.	Tons.	Captain.	To Sail on or about
SYDNEY	4,355	Combe	9th Dec. 1905.
AUSTRALIEN	6,635	Verron	6th Jan. 1906.

RETURN FARES TO AUSTRALIA.

Available for 24 months.
1st Class Rs. 755, 2nd Class Rs. 540, 3rd Class Rs. 295.
For further Particulars apply to
P. de BURE, Agent.
37, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THOS. COOK AND SON,
BANKERS AND AGENTS,
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, RANGOON, COLOMBO

PASSAGES engaged by all Lines of Steamers.
INTERPRETERS at all Principal Ports.
HOTEL COUPONS available at 2,000 Hotels
CURRENT and DEPOSIT Accounts opened.
CIRCULAR NOTES and Letters of Credit issued and cashed.
PACKAGES Shipped to and from all parts.
INSURANCE, (Fire, Life and Marine) effected.
"COOK'S ORIENTAL TRAVELLER'S GAZETTE" containing all information for Travellers sent Post Free on application

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE-NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort & very strong
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, including fitting:—
Nickel Rs. 3-8, Gold Rs. 35

MARCKS & CO., LD.,

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly, from Victoria Dock Wall No. 14 Shed.

Steamer	Tons	Sailing	Date Time.	Route.—via.
LINGA	2170	Mon.	27 Nov. 10 a.m.	P'Bunder & Cutch
LAMA	2170	Tues.	28 Nov. 4 p.m.	Kathiawar Ports
DWARKA	1709	Thur.	30 Nov. 9 a.m.	Cutch Mandvie
LHASA	2170	Frid.	1 Dec. 8 a.m.	(direct.)

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "BULIMBA," 2,570 tons, on MONDAY, 27th Nov. calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur Muscat, Jask, Bunder, Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Koweit and Bushire.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,709 tons, on THURSDAY, 30th Nov. calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Koweit and Mahomera also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR EAST AFRICA AND ADEN.

S. S. "NERBUDDA," 3,025 tons, on or about 6th Dec. calling at Seychelles, Zanzibar, Mombasa, Lamu and Aden.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "HENZADA," 2,078 tons, on or about 8th Dec

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand, apply to:—

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents,—Bombay.
24th November, 1905.

KING, KING & CO.,

BANKERS and EAST INDIA AGENTS
BOMBAY.

PASSAGES ENGAGED and best available berths secured at lowest rates obtainable by P. and O. and all other Steamers free of charge of Commission.

Latest List of Sailings, Fares and Handbook of information furnished by return of post on application.

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES for Railway Officials, Missionaries and Family Parties obtained.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. and O.

Every assistance rendered to Passenger on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.

Packages of every description received for Despatch as Cargo to Messrs. HENRY KING & Co., London, or Messrs. KING BAILLIE and Co., Liverpool.

Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on application

KING HAMILTON & Co.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., London.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH
THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORTSAID.

DIRECT LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons	To sail on.
IMPERATOR	F. Mosa	4,119	1st Dec. 1905.
IMPERATRIX	G. Gerzo	4,195	1st Jan. 1905.
IMPERATOR	F. Mosa	4,119	1st Feb. "

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 500	Rs. 325	Rs. 15

Takes Passengers to East African ports with transhipment at Aden.

ORDINARY LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about.
† SILESIA	L. de Stabile	6,030	5th Dec. 1905.
* TRIESTE	G. Mastrelgo	5,025	25th Dec. "
* NIPPON	L. Solon	6,345	21st Jan. 1905

* Will call at Karachi. † Will call at Fiume

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 400	Rs. 15

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN TWO YEARS.

1st Class, Rs. 620, 2nd Class Rs. 488, Saloon Rs. [illegible]

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued Via Trieste, the St. Gothards and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the return voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co. are issued at reduced fares.

Passengers to VENICE transmit at TRIESTE to same Steamer of the Company which takes about 6 hours more than Rail.

STEAM TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer,	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
CHINA	A. Lova	6,000	28th Nov. 1905

For further particulars regarding Passage Apply to

E. SCARPA, Agent General.
Sassoon House, 51, Ghare Gate street, Fort, Bombay

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILINGS from BOMBAY to MARSEILLES & LIVERPOOL,

The following sailings have been arranged:—

Steamers.	Captain.	Tonnage.	Date.
OLYMPIA	C. F. Osborne, R.N.R.	8,124	1st Dec.
SCINDIA	Shaft. Abrey	5106	8th Dec.
MASSILIA	J. Tweedie	5091	31st Dec.
* BRITANNIA	G. H. Garlick	3292	31st Jan. 1906
CIRCASSIA	Alex. Hall	6715	8th Feb.

Bombay to Suez	Rs. 350
Bombay to Port Said	Rs. 380
Bombay to Marseilles	Rs. 525
Bombay to Liverpool (all the way by sea)	Rs. 550
Bombay to London overland from Marseilles and including 1st class rail ticket across the Continent	Rs. 600
Bombay to New York	Rs. 720
Return ticket to Liverpool (all the way by sea)	Rs. 900
Return ticket to London overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	Rs. 950

Note.—Return tickets by Steamers marked * are Rs. 50 less than the above say Rs. 850 and Rs. 900 respectively.

All Return Tickets are available for 2 years.

Concession granted to Families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess, and is fitted with every comfort.

The Advertised Rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co's. Steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to over stain their leave by reason of delay in arrival of Steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave. For rates for steamers not carrying Surgeon and Stewardess or for any other information regarding passage etc., apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.
Agents, BOMBAY.

R. SCOTT & CO M.R.C.V.S.

VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES AND COACH BUILDERS
GIRGAUM AND GOWALIA TANK ROAD
Oldest Established Firm in Bombay.

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses selected with the greatest care for Local and Up-country Constituents.

HORSES shod on the most approved principle with Shoes made on the premises of specially imported iron, under the immediate supervision of a first-class ENGLISH FARRIER.

ARABS and C.-BREDS broken to Single (Rs. 15) and Double Harness (Rs. 30), and Saddle (Rs. 15) Waiers broken to Single Harness or Saddle (Rs. 25) Double Harness (Rs. 50.) Troublesome horses charged extra.

HORSES standing at Livery on Commission Sale or for treatment, Rs. 35 per mensem including Syce. Stable rent charged on all horses, fed by owners, at Rs. 4 per mensem. Commission on horses bought and sold 5% 17. Examination and Certificate Rs. 10. Verbal opinion as to Soundness, Rs. 5.

CRUSHED HORSE FOOD best in the market, Rs 6-8 per cwt., delivered free in Bombay. Specials Mixings, Bran, Gram, Barley, New Zealand Oats Australian Chaff, Pressed Hay, etc., supplied at lowest rates consistent with good quality.

ESTIMATES given, and Carriage of every description built on the very best materials, under personal supervision, by skilled workmen.

REPAIRS neatly executed with promptitude and despatch. Rubber tyres of finest quality only supplied. Our Carriages are the most comfortable and easy running in Bombay.

HOTEL WINDSOR,

VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER,
LONDON, S. W., ENGLAND.
SPECIAL NOTICE.

ELECTRICALLY lighted throughout day and night. Moderate Tariff. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents). Turkish Baths.

INCLUSIVE TERMS FROM 12s. PER DAY

J. R. CLEAVE,
Proprietor.

KING, KING & Co.,
BOMBAY.
KING, HAMILTON & Co.,
CALCUTTA.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened free of charge for Commission, and interest at 2 per cent. per annum credited on 30th June and 31st December, when the minimum balance does not fall below Rs. 500. Currency Notes of all Circles and Demand Hundies payable in Bombay received without charge.

FIXED DEPOSITS received, subject to six and twelve months' notice of withdrawal at rates which can be ascertained on application.

REMITTANCES TO THE UNITED KINGDOM, Demand and Telegraphic, made at the current rates of Exchange, and addresses in connection with the latter registered Free of Charge through Messrs. HENRY S. KING & CO., 65, Cornhill, London.

LONDON:
HENRY S. KING & CO.

THE
MYSTIC FOUR!

1. THE TOOTH CHARMER,
DENTICLINE,
Cures Toothache Instantaneously, Per Bot. Annas 12.

2. GRIPO,
A MOUNTAINEER'S REMEDY FOR DYSENTERY.
The positive cure for Acute and Chronic cases.
Per Bot. with a measure. Re. 1.

3. HEADACHE & HEMICRANIA.
KAHROON.
Healing Cerate For Neuralgia.
Per Bot. Annas 8.

4. DYSPEPSIA NO MORE!
"ZAM-ZAM."
Unfailing Painkiller for Dyspepsia, Diarrhœa, Cholera, Cramp, Epilepsy, Eruptive Fevers, etc.

☞ Please send for a descriptive Circular.
Per Bot. Annas 8, & 14.

F. S. MADON & Co.,
170, SHAIKH MEMON STREET;
NEAR ZOOMA MUSJID, BOMBAY.

THE
ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

Established 1874.

FUNDS EXCEED TWO CRORES and 50 LAKHS
INVESTED IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Rates are the lowest with safety, being based upon the Company's actual experience since its Establishment.

Unsurpassed in ADVANTAGES and LIBERALITY TO POLICYHOLDERS.

Safest and Best Organization for Policyholders of any Indian Company.

Claims paid immediately upon receipt of satisfactory proof.

ENDOWMENTS AND ANNUITIES ON SPECIALLY ATTRACTIVE TERMS.

Full Particulars and Forms may be obtained on application to the Company's Office.
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

F. PATERSON BROWN.
Manager

EUROPEAN AGENCY.

INDENTS promptly executed at lowest cash prices for all kinds of British and Continental goods including:—

Boots, Shoes and Leather,
Chemicals and Druggists' Sundries,
China, Earthenware and Glassware
Drapery, Millinery and Piece Goods,
Fancy Goods, Perfumery and Stationery,
Hardware and Machinery,
Photographic and Optical Goods;
Provisions and Oilmen's Stores
etc., etc.,

Commission 2½% to 5%.
Trade Discounts allowed.
Original Invoices supplied.
Special Quotations on Demand.
Sample Cases from £10 upwards.
Consignments of Produce Sold on Account.

WILLIAM WILSON AND SONS,
(Established 1814)
25, Abchurch Lane, London, E.C.
Cable Address: "ANNUAIRE, LONDON."

THE
LONDON DIRECTORY,

CONTAINING over 2,000 pages of condensed commercial matter, enables enterprising traders throughout the Empire to keep in close touch with the trade of the Motherland. Besides being a complete commercial guide to London and its suburbs, the Directory contains lists of:—

EXPORT MERCHANTS
with the goods they ship, and the Colonial and Foreign markets they supply;

STEAMSHIP LINES
arranged under the Ports to which they sail, and indicating the approximate sailings;

PROVINCIAL APPENDIX
of Trade Notices of leading Manufacturers, Merchants, etc., in the principal provincial towns and industrial centres of the United Kingdom.

Colonial Entries are accepted at Three Shillings per line of 25 letters.

A copy of the 1905 edition will be forwarded, freight paid, on receipt of Postal Order for TWENTY-SHILLINGS.

THE LONDON DIRECTORY Co., Ltd.,
[illegible] LONDON, E.C.

PERFECT FITTING SHIRTS.

DAY, DRESS, TENNIS, 6 FOR RS. 24, 30, 36.

NEGLIGE, SOFT FRONTS, STIFF CUFFS,
SMART & COMFORTABLE, 3 FOR RS. 13-8,
OR SIX FOR RS. 26.

BY PRACTICAL ENGLISH CUTTERS.

HOAR & CO., {THE RECORD SHIRT MAKERS} BOMBAY.

LONDON & LANCASHIRE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

[ESTABLISHED 1862.]

Assurances on every sound and approved Plan effected on most Favourable Terms.

THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
(ESTABLISHED 1797).

THE PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO., LD.
(ESTABLISHED 1782).

As Agents of the above First-class Offices, we are prepared to accept LIFE, ACCIDENT, and FIRE RISKS.

Terms on application to W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., BOMBAY.

MONGINI BROTHERS

HIGH CLASS CONFECTIONERS

25-27-29, CHURCH GATE STREET,

BOMBAY.

TELEPHONE NO. 325.

PLEASE NOTE THAT

DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA

IS THE ONLY ONE

In the whole of India who has received TWO MEDALS from the INDUSTRIAL INDIAN EXHIBITIONS FOR FEVER REMEDIES.

MALARIA! CHALLENGE OF Rs. 5,000.

BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS OR MIXTURE.

GUARANTEED TO CURE OR MONEY BACK

BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE drives all the poisonous Malarial germs out of the body. It is truly wonderful that this dread disease can be cured so readily, but it can and that is all you need to think about. If you buy a bottle of BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE and if it does not cure your Influenza Malarious, intermittent and Bilious Fevers and mild form of Plague, let me know at once and I will refund your money. I want no man's money unless I am satisfied that Batliwalla's remedies has given him more than his money's worth. Can you blame me for being enthusiastic about the efficacy of Batliwalla's Remedies? I have been selling them for years all over this country and in other countries. Batliwalla's Ague Mixture has attained such a high reputation in the Bombay Druggist's market that if I agree to take only one Rupee per dozen less than the market rate, I can sell one thousand dozens of it in one day only I offer a challenge of Rs. 5,000 to any one who can disprove this statement.

BATLIWALLA'S EMBIRIL TONIC PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE.

GUARANTEED TO CURE OR MONEY BACK

A valuable remedy in all cases of Nervous exhaustion, Melancholia, Pale Shallow complexion, Overwrought brain-work, Impotency, Constitutional weakness, Seminal mission in sleep, Early stage of Consumption, Indigestion, Impairment of understanding due to excessive indulgence and many other ailments to which the human frame is subjected. In cases of prematurely aged persons these Pills are found highly effective. They are highly recommended to all busy workers who earn their living not by muscle, but by their brains, and to students and scholars, growing boys and girls, who in addition to perhaps inheriting a feeble constitution, are educated on the modern system of cram and overwrought brainwork. These Pills have been found to be powerful and rapid restorer of mental and physical vigour. They restore the diminished capacity for intellectual work, the loss of appetite and imperfect digestion

PRICE Rs. 1-8 PER BOTTLE.

Batliwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture and Batliwalla's Embiril Tonic Pills (for Pale People) may be had from TREACHER and Co., Kemp and Co., PHILLIPS and Co., BEYNON and Co. etc., etc., etc. or from the Sole Manufacturers, DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA, Worli, Dadar, Bombay. Discount to the Trade.

Messrs. D. J. KEYMER & Co. beg to offer their services as AGENTS IN ENGLAND. Established in 1849, they have a thorough knowledge of the Markets, and experience of Eastern requirements.

The heads of the Firm give personal supervision to all business, and with confidence invite those requiring RELIABLE AGENTS for purchase of goods, sale of produce, or other business, to entrust their interests to them. Machinery orders are executed by an expert.

1, WHITEFRIARS STREET, LONDON. TELEGRAMS: "KEYMER, LONDON."

BADE'S GOUT and RHEUMATIC PILLS.

THE CURE FOR GOUT AND RHEUMATISM.

THE never-failing effects of BADE'S GOUT and RHEUMATIC PILLS in curing these distressingly painful diseases, have secured to them a celebrity unequalled by any medicine of past or present times. They not only give relief in a few hours where the patient has been driven almost to madness by the horrible excruciating tortures of this disease, but restore to perfect health in an incontestably short space of time—in most cases giving relief from the intolerable pain in one or two hours; complete cure will frequently be effected within two or three days, even when the patient has kept his bed for so many weeks, and sometimes months.

The authenticated proofs of double examination, sent unsolicited to the Proprietor, from all parts of the kingdom and from all classes of society, with a rapidly increasing sale, and a demand for them at home and abroad unparalleled, fully warrants the assurance that no person subject to these disorders will, after a trial, be without them.

PREPARED ONLY BY
GEORGE BADE, 233, OSNABURG ROAD LONDON, N.W.

INSURANCES.

THE DEMAND FOR
STANDARD POLICIES.

EVERY YEAR since 1865 the NEW BUSINESS has exceeded £1,000,000 sums assured PER ANNUM—a result maintained uninterruptedly for so long a period by

NO OTHER BRITISH OFFICE.

NEW POLICIES IN 1904
ISSUED FOR..... £3,433,739
ACCUMULATED FUNDS..... £11,330,875
ASSURANCES IN FORCE..... £38,156,265

ASK FOR THE 1903 PROSPECTUS containing the LATEST RATES and NEW SCHEMES, obtainable from

F. A. PREVOST,
Secretary, Bombay Branch.

MINN & Co.,

ART SILVERWARE.

IF you want ARTISTIC Silverware and Goods that are solidly made to last a life-time inspect our collection of

OUR NOVELTIES are of SPECIAL ORIGINAL ATTRACTIVE AND ARTISTIC DESIGNS FOR THIS SEASON OF THE YEAR.

SILVER CALENDARS.
SILVER CACHOU BOXES.
SILVER CANDLESTICKS.
SILVER CHRISTENING SETS.
SILVER MUGS.
SILVER CIGAR and CIGARETTE BOXES and CASES.
SILVER CUPS, BOWLS and SHIELDS.
SILVER SPIRIT FLASKS.
SILVER FLOWER and FERN POTS.
SILVER INKSTANDS.
SILVER LAMPS.
SILVER MANICURE SETS.
SILVER TOILET REQUISITES COMBS, BRUSHES, MIRRORS, &c.
SILVER MUFFINEERS and SALT [illegible]ARS.
SILVER PHO[illegible]FRAMES.
SILVER TEA [illegible]
SILVER SWEET [illegible]
SILVER VASES.
&c., &c., &c.,

MARCKS AND CO., LTD.
BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO, SON & CO.

STEVEDORES AND PURVEYORS TO THE NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO AND RUBATTINO, BOMBAY, AND THE ITALIAN ROYAL MARINE, RUSSIAN AND ARGENTINE MEN-O'-WAR.

105, MEDOW'S STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

CHEDDAR.
At 14 ans. per lb.
FRY'S CHOCOLATES (Assorted) in Fancy boxes.
FRY'S CRYSTALLIZED FRUITS AND COMFITS (Assorted) in Bots.
BREAKFAST HAM (York cut)
At Re. 1 per lb.
BACON, (middle choice)
At 15 ans. per lb.
ALL KINDS OF FRENCH, ITALIAN AND GERMAN STORES.

THE ASSOCIATED VINEYARD CULTIVATORS CO.'S BEEHIVE BRANDY,

NO. 1 COGNAC.

THIS BRANDY is much approved in Great Britain, America and Australia and has been recognised for upwards of a century. It needs only to be tasted to be appreciated.

OF ALL WINE MERCHANTS IN BOMBAY AND THE MOFUSSIL.

INTENDING ASSURERS ARE INVITED TO COMPARE THE RATES AND CONDITIONS OF

THE EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LD.

WITH THOSE OF ANY OTHER COMPANY.

HEAD OFFICE: 11, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

THE PREMIUMS

Are so moderate that, at usual ages for assurance, Rs. 1,200 or Rs. 1,250 may be secured, from the first for the yearly payment which would generally elsewhere assure Rs. 1,000 only—the difference of Rs. 200, or Rs. 250 being equivalent to

AN IMMEDIATE AND CERTAIN BONUS OF 20 TO 25 PER CENT.

ILLUSTRATIVE TABLE

SHOWING THE ANNUAL PREMIUM PAYABLE FOR VARIOUS KINDS OF POLICIES WITH PROFITS.

Age next Birthday.	Whole Life Assurances of Rs. 1,000, Whole Life Premiums.	Premiums Limited to, 10 years.	15 years.	20 years.	Endowment Assurances of Rs. 1,000 Payable at death, or in 15 years.	20 years.	25 years.	Age next Birthday.
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	
20	21 10	48 8	36 6	30 7	64 8	47 6	37 11	50
21	22 1	49 4	36 14	30 15	64 6	47 3	37 13	51
22	22 9	50 0	37 7	31 7	64 8	47 10	37 15	52
23	23 1	50 12	38 0	31 15	64 9	47 12	38 [illegible]	53
24	23 9	51 8	38 10	32 7	64 11	47 14	38 [illegible]	54
25	24 2	52 5	39 4	33 0	64 13	48 0	39 [illegible]	55
26	24 11	53 2	39 15	33 9	64 15	48 3	39 [illegible]	56
27	25 5	54 0	40 10	34 2	65 1	48 5	39 [illegible]	57
28	25 15	54 14	41 5	34 12	65 4	48 9	39 [illegible]	58
29	26 9	55 13	42 1	35 6	65 7	48 13	40 [illegible]	59
30	27 4	56 13	42 13	36 0	65 10	49 0	40 [illegible]	60
31	27 15	57 13	43 10	36 11	65 13	49 4	40 [illegible]	61
32	28 11	58 14	44 7	37 6	66 0	49 8	40 8	62
33	29 8	59 15	45 4	38 0	66 4	49 12	40 12	63
34	30 6	61 1	46 2	38 15	66 8	50 0	41 0	64
35	31 5	62 4	47 1	39 12	66 1	50 5	41 10	65
36	32 5	63 8	48 0	40 10	67 2	50 14	42 2	66
37	33 5	64 12	49 0	41 9	67 8	51 5	42 11	67
38	34 6	66 1	50 1	42 8	67 14	51 13	43 5	68
39	35 8	67 6	51 3	43 8	68 4	52 4	43 15	69
40	36 11	68 12	52 5	44 9	68 11	52 14	44 10	70
41	38 0	70 3	53 8	45 11	69 3	53 9	45 6	71
42	39 6	71 11	54 12	46 14	69 12	54 5	46 3	72
43	40 13	73 4	56 1	48 2	70 6	55 6	47 3	73
44	42 5	74 13	57 6	49 7	71 0	55 14	48 4	74
45	43 14	76 7	58 12	50 13	71-11	56 18	49 6	75

A PERSON OF 30 may secure Rs. 1,000 at Death by a yearly payment of Rs. 27-4 during life. The Premium would generally elsewhere secure Rs. 800 only instead of Rs. 1,000,

OR, if unwilling to burden himself with payments during his whole life, he may secure the same sum of Rs. 1,000 by twenty yearly payments of Rs. 36, being thus free of Premiums before age 50, this premium being about the same as most Offices require during the whole term of life,

OR, if preferring to make provision for his old age or for his family in case of death, he may secure the same sum of Rs. 1,000 payable at age 55 or death by yearly payments of Rs. 30-11.

TO PROFESSIONAL MEN AND OTHERS

Whose income is dependent upon health the Limited Payment System or Endowment Assurance is specially recommended.

E. F. ALLUM, General Manager.

DR. DE ROOS' WORLD-FAMED GUTTÆ VITÆ!

Or, LIFE DROPS.

The Great European Remedy for Nervous and Functional Exhaustion.

This remarkable rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and manly vigour to the most debilitated and worn out constitution. Those who suffer from Premature Decay, or deficiency of the Vital Forces, owing to excesses, wasting, over-work, excesses, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily attaining the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty as incurable, and left to drag out the remainder of their existence a misery to themselves, and a continual anxiety to their friends. In all cases of nervous and functional debility, dyspepsia, and poorness of the blood, aversion to and incapacity for society, study, or business, giddiness, disturbed sleep, nervous dreams, loss of memory, and other symptoms, the result of self-acquired ailments that embitter and shorten life, this is unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour to parts of the constitution where long [illegible] lassitude and incompetency. Price 11s., or four times that quantity, 33s. per bottle.

Dr. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS, for Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diseases of the Kidneys and all Kidney Affections; weakness across the loins, Scanty or other Deposits, Gleet, Piles, and Diseases of the Urinary Organs generally. Price 2s. 9d.

Dr. DE ROOS' VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS, for Indigestion, Biliousness, and all disorders of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels; whilst as a universal family medicine for both sexes, at all ages, they are unequalled. "12bd. and 2s. 9d. per Box.

Dr. DE ROOS' PILE AND FISTULA PILLS, the only reliable remedy for these annoying and painful ailments. The first dose gives relief, and in all ordinary cases a few days only are necessary to effect a cure. Price 2s. 9d. per Box.

Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package of Dr. De Roos' Medicines bears the "Signature of Guarantee," with the words, "WILLIAM DE ROOS, London," impressed thereon in white letters on a red ground, and refuse spurious imitations frequently put forward by unprincipled vendors for the sake of extra profit.

A Descriptive and Nervous Sufferers should read the "Medical Adviser," by Dr. De Roos, on the various diseases of nervous debility, their symptoms, consequences, and confirmed manifestations. Price 1s., post free from Mr. [illegible] Limited Colonial Agents, London, W.C., or Stockists of the Agents for Dr. De Roos' Medicines.

TREACHER & Co. (Ltd.), Bombay, Agents for India.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

TOWN HALL.

TO-NIGHT, SATURDAY, NOV. 25.
AND EVERY EVENING.
FOR A SHORT SEASON
Adventure to the East of the
BIJOU TROUBADOURS,
2A Brilliant Bricole of Baby Entertainers.
15—PERFORMERS—15
Sons and Daughters of Prominent Players, whose ages range from 3 to 8 years.
AND WHOSE PERFORMANCES HAVE PROVED
A REVELATION.
IVY NICHOLLS,
The Dainty Soubrette, in her Great Character Impersonations.
BERT SPENCER,
The Wonderful-Boy Soprano.
[LITTLE ELLA INGENUE (the MIGHTIEST.)]
The youngest and Cleverest Song and Dance Artiste and Versatile Performer that has ever visited the East.
PAULINACLE,
Pocket Comedian.
BERTIE HARWARD,
Coon Songstress and Buck Dancer.
IVY—THE WADDELL SISTERS—RUSH
Club Swingers, Dandies, and Fancy Dancers.
PERCY "GILBERT,
Coster Impersonator.
ALMA TWYFORD,
The Child Contralto.
MARCELLA GREY,
The Graceful Serio.
GEORGE LINDSAY,
Champion Skipping-Rope and Jig Toe Dancer.
NELLIE STEWART,
Dashing Serio and Dancer.
Nellie—THE [illegible]STON SISTERS—Marcelle
In their Great "Hottentot Dance."
Ivy—THE DARTONS—Beryl,
In their Famous Piccaninny Scare-Crow Dance.
Baby Lilian, THE CHILD WONDER.
Charming Ballets and National Dances Every-thing New; Special Vision, Fresh Faces, and Magnificent Costumes (by Milan Experts.)
PRICES: R. 3 2 AND 1.
Plan of reserved seats at Music SOUNDY & Co.
DOORS OPEN 8-30 P. M. OVERTURE 9-30.
MATINEES: WEDNESDAY & SATURDAY.
CHILDREN HALF PRICE TO ALL PARTS.
LIDDIARD & MIDDLETON,
Proprietors.

IN THE COURT OF SMALL CAUSES AT ALLAHABAD,
EXERCISING THE POWER OF SUBORDINATE JUDGE.

In the matter of the petition of DEBI PRASAD and others, residents of Mouzah Bargarh, District Banda,

Applying to be declared an Insolvent under section 344 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

NOTICE UNDER SECTION 347 OF ACT X of 1877.

To DURGA PRASAD, Proprietor of the SHOP, BANSIDHAR, DURGA PRASAD, resident of, Mohalla Marwari Bazar, Bombay.

WHEREAS DEBI PRASAD and others of District Banda has made application to this Court to be declared an Insolvent, this is to give you notice that the said application will be heard in this Court on the 9th (ninth) day of December, 1905, at 10 30 o'clock in the forenoon.

Given under my hand and the seal of this Court this 21st day of November, 1905.

Signed CLERK OF THE COURT
Small Causes Court, Allahabad.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the POWER of ATTORNEY given by me to Mr. NOWROSJEE JAMSHEDJEE TAPA and Mr. JAMSHEDJEE SHERIARJEE KAPADIA of date the 10th May, 1905, to act for me in Bombay during my absence in England has been CANCELLED on my return to Bombay on the 20th day of November, 1905.

KAWASJEE DADABHOY H. DUBASH.

THE STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.

UNDER THE AUSPICES
OF THE STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD
THE HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE N. G. CHANDAVARKER
will deliver a public address in English
ON
SATURDAY, the 25TH NOVEMBER, 1905,
AT 6 P. M.
in the PRARTHANA MANDIR, GIRGAUM.
SUBJECT—
सच्चिदानंद (Sacchidanand).
All are cordially invited to attend.
18th November, 1905.

SAMUEL PARKINGTON, DECEASED.

ALL persons having claims against the late SAMUEL PARKINGTON, formerly of Blackburn but late of Manchester, who died at Manchester, on the first day of February, 1905, and Letters of Administration of whose estate have been granted by the High Court, Bombay, to the Undersigned must forthwith send in their claims as upon the expiration of one month the assets will be transferred to the executor in England.—Dated this 31st day of October, 1905.

J. C. G. BOWEN,
Administrator.
Old Secretariat, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

DUTCH CIGARS AGENCY.

ONE of the PARTNERS of a first class firm of Dutch Cigar Manufacturers intending to visit British India early in the beginning of 1907 wishes to enter into relations with a well introduced Agent to represent the firm for the sale of their products in British India.

Please address with references "O. N. W." care of NIJGH & VAN DITMAR, ROTTERDAM, Holland.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY,

NOTICE.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR HOLIDAYS.
RETURN TICKETS AT REDUCED FARES

DURING the CHRISTMAS and NEW YEAR HOLIDAYS (1905), First and Second Class RETURN TICKETS will be issued over the G. I. P. Railway, at the following reduced Rates. These Tickets will be issued from 1st to 31st December, 1905, and will be available for completion of Return Journey up to midnight of the 14th January, 1906.

First and Second Class Return Tickets between Bombay or Byculla and Agra Fort, Mathura Junction, Dalal Sahi and Delhi Junction are issued at one and half fare for the double journey.

First and Second Class Return Tickets between any other two Stations open to G. I. P. Railway (except for passengers between Bombay and Kalyan both inclusive) at a Fare and half for the double journey.

Full particulars of the concession allowed over other Railways can be obtained at Stations or from the Undersigned.

A. MUIRHEAD,
General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 1st November, 1905.

THE BOMBAY AND PERSIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

I, MIRZA MOHAMED ABDUL HOOSEIN SHIRAZI, Agent of the Bombay and Persia S. N. Co., Ltd., of Bombay, hereby give NOTICE that in consequence of the PURCHASE of the S. S. "CLAN GRAHAM," by the said Bombay and Persia S. N. Co., Ltd., from Clan Line Steamers Limited a Joint Stock Company having their Registered Office in Glasgow, I have applied to the Board of Trade under Section 45 of the Merchant Shipping Act 1894, in respect of the said steamship "Clan Graham" of Official Number 87843, of Gross Tonnage 2283·47, Registered Tonnage 1337·29 tons, heretofore owned by the said Bombay and Persia S. N. Co. Ltd., for permission to change her name to "MAJIDI" and to have her Registered in the New Name at the Port of Bombay as owned by the said Bombay and Persia S. N. Co., Ltd.

ANY OBJECTION to the proposed change of name must be sent to the Registrar of Shipping at Bombay within Seven Days from the appearance of this Advertisement.—Dated at Bombay, this Seventeenth day of November, 1905.

MIRZA MOHAMED ABDUL HOOSEIN SHIRAZI,
Agent, Bombay and Persia S. N. Co., Ltd.

NOW READY.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE"
OVERLAND SUMMARY,

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY* prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the news of the week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance)..... Rs. 13
Ditto (including postage to Europe), Rs. 15
Single Copy ..... As.
"Bombay Gazette" Office, 121, Meadow Street

TO MARINE ENGINEERS.

SOTHERN'S MARINE ENGINEERING COLLEGE,
59, Bridge St., Glasgow.
PRINCIPAL—J. W. SOTHERN, M.I.E.S.,
Practical Engineer and Draughtsman.

ENGINEERS who intend competing for BOARD of TRADE CERTIFICATES can be supplied with the following on remitting £1-5-0 to above address:

1 Complete set Arithmetical Papers and Solutions
1 " Drawing Cards with "Instructions and "Statements."

Copy "Elementary Questions and Answers."
" "Verbal Notes and Sketches."

Fees of the above money will be allowed to those who on going home, join our classes or intend going to the Examination.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

AN EXTRAORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office on MONDAY, the 4th December, 1905, at 3 P.M., for the consideration of the following business:—

1. Bombay Improvement Trust Memorandum—Forwarding excerpts from the proceeding of the Trustees' Meeting.
Letters Requiring Consideration—
2. Forwarding a report as to the efficacy of certain methods employed for the destruction of rats.
3. Forwarding specification to the permanent closing of the Forest Tank on Malabar Hill.
4. Forwarding Government Resolutions regarding the proposed new Museum in Bombay being named the Prince of Wales Museum of Western India.
5. Forwarding Quarterly Reports from the Divisional Health Officers.
6. Forwarding Quarterly Statement regarding the cleansing of sewers and of wells in the City.
7. Government Letter—Communicating His Excellency Lord Minto's sincere appreciation of the cordial welcome extended to him and to Lady Minto by the people of the City of Bombay.
Resolutions of the Standing Committee.—
8. Recommending that a letter from Miss E. Thomas complaining against Inspector Clarke of the Health Department, be sent to the Commissioner for disposal.
9. Recommending sanction to a grant of Rs. 750 to meet the cost of printing 300 copies of the Municipal servants' List for 1904-1905.
Notices of Motions.—
10. From Mr. Nadirshaw H. E. Sukhia—For having recorded in full in the Records of the Corporation the correspondence between Government and the Corporation on the question of procedure which arose in connection with the reception of their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales at the Apollo Bunder and for conveying to Government the thanks of the Corporation for the satisfactory disposal of the question.
11. From Mr. Joseph Baptista—For recommending to the Committee to increase the establishment of ladies in Municipal service on improved pay and prospects.
12. Joint Schools Committee Letter—Intimating that Mr. Ram Kanhoba is the senior representative of the Corporation on the Committee, who retires at the end of the current year.
13. Bombay Improvement Trust Letter—Stating that endeavour will be made to issue more comprehensive minute of the Trustees' Meetings, Government Letters.
14. Forwarding copy of a letter addressed by Government to the Chamber of Commerce relative to the construction of an overbridge across the B.B. & C. I. Railway to the south of the Marine Lines Station.
15. Regarding the insistence of the cost of certain charge in connection with the construction of an overbridge across the B.B. & C. I. Railway to the north of the Chowpatty level crossing.
16. Forwarding a Government Resolution regarding the introduction of Standard time in Bombay.
17. Resolution of the Standing Committee—Recommending sanction to the purchase of a new planning machine for the Municipal Workshops at an estimated cost of Rs. 6,000.
Letters from the Commissioner.
18. Forwarding a letter from Mr. A. Fairlie Bruce Deputy Executive Engineer, Water Works, who resigns his post, stating that his resignation has been accepted.
19. Requesting sanction to the New Sewers in the City Improvement Trust's Scheme 11 being called "Princess Street" instead of "Prince's Street."
Notices of Motions—
20. From Mr. Nadirshaw H. E. Sukhia—For placing on record the Corporation's appreciation of the manner in which Mr. H. G. Gell, M.V.O., has discharged his onerous duties as the Commissioner of Police on the occasion of the Royal Visit.
21. From Mr. A. G. Viegas—For obtaining a joint report from the Executive Health Officer and the Executive Engineer as to the leakings from the Malabar Hill and Hanging Gardens Reservoirs and its evil effects on the health of the inhabitants of the area affected thereby, etc.
22. From Mr. N. N. Kirkar—For urging upon the new Tramway Co. the great necessity of early conversion of horse traction to overhead traction.
Letters from the Commissioner—
23. Requiring sanction to petty repairs being carried out to house damages in house godies caused to several houses at Municipal expense.
24. Reporting that no new work has been carried out within the last month at the house opposite Messrs. Mongini Brothers' premises in Church Gate Street.
25. Forwarding a request regarding the presence of large quantities of silt in the sewers.
26. Letter from the Secretary, Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute—Forwarding the 11th Annual Report of the Institute.
27. Notice of Motion from Mr. R. J. Kont—For obtaining a report as to the possibility and desirability of discontinuing the practice of shutting off the water in the mains during the night.
28. Letter from Mr. J. H Symington—Asking for an extension of his leave of absence from the Corporation Meetings until the end of the year.
Resolutions of the Standing Committee—
29. Recommending that a letter from Mr. R. S. Kelkar protesting against the Rule requiring of concrete floors, be sent to the Commissioner for disposal.
30. Recommending that in reply to his letter regarding the work of fluing in the tank at Malharpakhady, Mr. Y. Talwalkar be informed that his statement that no tenders for the work were invited is incorrect.
31. Sanctioning, subject to Corporation's orders, a budget transfer of Rs. 1,000 to meet the cost of providing notice boards to certain drinking fountains, etc.
32. Memorandum from the Municipal Secretary—Reporting a Budget Transfer sanctioned by the standing Committee.
Notices of Motions—
33. From Mr. Nadirshaw H. E. Sukhia—For expressing opinion that it is desirable to appoint qualified men to the University Degrees or diplomas to the posts of Deputy and Assistant Engineers.
34.—35. Mr. From A.G. Viegas—(34) For obtaining a report as to the desirability of creating a class of nurses from among the backward classes. (35) For obtaining a report as to the desirability of examining more frequently than at present the street connections of sewers in the City.
Reports of Committees of the Corporation—
36. Regarding a proposed representation to the City Improvement Trust for the improvement of certain area in the City.
37. Regarding the proposal to modify the curve at the junction of 1st Marine Street and Wellington Street.
38. Regarding the question of the removal of night-soil deep into the sea by steam barges.
39. The Municipal Commissioner's Administration Report for the year 1904-1905 and the review thereof by the Standing Committee.
40. Letter from the Commissioner—Forwarding a Government Resolution which sanctions the lease to the Municipality of certain land at the Flats.

By order of the President,
M. N. WADIA,
Municipal Secretary.
Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 23rd November, 1905.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT AND SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Office on the Departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.

The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay to all ports as per Ships' Manifests, with the total figures for the month, and for the same period, a year back as 1897 and 1904 respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period, as for back as 1897 and 1904, respectively.
Share Lists and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, and Arrivals and Departures of Vessels during the Week.
Charters and Engagements.

Annual Subscription in advance...Rs. 10.
Single Copy ..... Annas 1
"Bombay Gazette Office 121 Meadow Street

SELF CURE NO FICTION!
MARVEL UPON MARVEL!
3 NO SUFFERER
NEED NOW DESPAIR.
but without running a doctor's bill or falling into the deep ditch of quackery, may safely, speedily and economically cure himself without the knowledge of a second party. By the introduction of
THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY
THERAPION,
a complete revolution has been wrought in the department of medical science, whilst thousands have been restored to health and happiness who for years previously had been merely dragging out a miserable existence.
THERAPION No. 1—A Sovereign Remedy for discharges from the urinary organs, spreading injections, the use of which does irreparable harm by laying the foundation of stricture and other serious diseases.
THERAPION No. 2—A Sovereign Remedy for [illegible] and secondary skin eruptions, ulcerations, [illegible] and swellings of the joints, and all those complaints which mercury and sarsaparilla are popularly but erroneously supposed to cure. This preparation purifies the whole system through the blood and thoroughly eliminates all poisonous matter from the body.
THERAPION No. 3—A Sovereign Remedy for debility, nervousness, impaired vitality, sleeplessness, distaste and incapacity for business or pleasure, love of solitude, blu-hing, indigestion, pains in the back and head, and all those disorders resulting from early error and excess which the faculty so persistently ignore, because so impotent to cure or even relieve.
THERAPION is sold by principal Chemists throughout the world. Price in England 2/9 or 4/6. In ordering, state which of the three numbers required, and observe that the word 'THERAPION' appears on British Government Stamp (in white letters on a red ground) affixed to every package by order of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners, and without which it is a forgery.
SOLD BY TREACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY BYCULLA AND POONA.

NEWSPAPER SUPPLY AGENCY,
HORNBY ROAD
THIS AGENCY SUPPLIES
THE
BOMBAY DAILY PAPERS
FOR PERUSAL IN THE
MORNING AND NOON
AT MODERATE MONTHLY SUBSCRIPTION;
ALSO
HOME-PAPERS AND MAGAZINES,
Mofussil Residents are also supplied with Papers
FOR TERMS APPLY TO
VINCENT AND COMPANY.

"APENTA"
NATURAL HUNGARIAN APERIENT WATER
Bottled at the *Springs*, Budapest, Hungary.
THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE HOUSEHOLD APERIENT
For continuous use by the BILIOUS, DYSPEPTIC, CONSTIPATED, GOUTY, and OBESE.
189

FOR SALE.—OLD MAGAZINES, [illegible] Nature Gems, Macmillan's, The National Review, Dublin Review &c. &c. Apply C. C., care of "Bombay Gazette."

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS

All Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c., Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted, are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—Cash only. Three Lines, per insertion. One Rupee. Every additional line, Eight Annas. REPLIES will be sent "BEARING unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER,—Produces a polish like new on Jewellery, Silver Goods Plate and Clear Metals. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Trial sample gratis on application. Price Annas 12, per dozen Rs. 4. To be procured at—MACKAY and Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona.

ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS:—We are now showing an excellent and choice selection of Cut Glass, Cutlery, Oil Lamps, Tea and Bill Trays, Retorters, etc. Inspection invited. M. BRESLAUER & Co., Church Gate Street, Bombay.

COMFORTABLE HOME, in a healthy part of Belgium offered to young children of parents abroad. Special care, home comforts. Terms Moderate. Address, Mlle NEEL, Malmedy, Belgium.

PIANOFORTE LESSONS.—A LADY holding a LICENTIATE DIPLOMA from the Royal Academy of Music, London, is desirous of taking a few more PUPILS. A.P.Y. care of SEYMOUR DAVE & Co., Esplanade Road.

PETROL MOTOR CAR BRAND.—Imported by the ASIATIC PETROLEUM Co., LTD., Bombay, Agents:—FAZULBHOY M. CHINOY and Co., in Motors. HALESHOY TYRWHEE and SONS' Premises, Dalal Lane, Fort.

COTTON BUSINESS.—Cotton, and Seed and Factory Business, Upcountry, WANT POST as Manager, or Assistant in these, for Buying Cotton, Wheat, Seeds &c., Working Factories, Pressing and Ginning Jute, Flour, Oil, and other Mills. Have served for 29 Twenty Years, as Agent to European Firms, Visited Steam Factories, and Travelled throughout India. Proficient in Opening New Stations. Also Erected and Dismantled Factories. Highest Testimonials. Address, "COMRA," care of "Bombay Gazette."

PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL, Elphinstone Circle opposite the Town Hall. Further extensions and improvements. Rooms airy and commodious with bath rooms attached to each. Rates from Rs. 2-8-0 to Rs. 4-0-0 per day. Special arrangements for monthly boarders and families making a prolonged stay. Cuisine a speciality.—Apply to the MANAGER.

AN INVITATION—Meals which cost Rs. 2 and 3 elsewhere can be got at the RAILWAY GRILL-ROOM best part Rent, for nearly half the rate. Give it a trial and judge for yourself. Only genuine wines and liquors stocked and sold at moderate rates. Brand new billiard Tables. Very easy terms for permanent residents Dinner served till late hours.

WANTED FOREIGNERS who want to learn English to talk and write, Hindustani also taught, Terms moderate. Attendance at home any time during day. Apply to Box No. 1218, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Gazette."

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY, from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY MUIR & Co., Bombay.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co.—Teakwood and Blackwood Plain and Inlaid Furniture of Anglis pattern made to Order.—Jamnada No. 8.

CHESTER BRAND HIGH GRADE of AMERICAN Pure Test Oil, Imported by STANDARD OIL Co., of New York, sold at their Godowns, Ballard Pier.

GENUINE AMERICAN SNOW FLAKE OIL 150° sold only by STANDARD OIL Co., of New York, at their Godowns, at Mazagon and at Messrs. Ice and Cold Storage Co., Ltd., and Messrs. Pan Bay and Co., Apollo Bunder, per case, at Bombay; and by Mr. J. C. Bhut, at Rs. 24-2 per case, at Bandora.

A BOON TO SUFFERING HUMANITY. SURGERY SUPERSEDED.—SURGERY not needed at all:—Thorough cures for Hydrocele, Hernia, Impotence, Piles, Fistula, with its horrible and maddening agonies, and all sorts of Rectum and Scrotum diseases. Fatty or watery body (retention in such a case by from 4 to 6 inches certain water to days) and emaciation. Gout, Paralysis, Spermatorrhœa, Sterility, Diabetes, Dyspepsia, Nasal complaints, Leprosy and all sorts of malignant diseases are thoroughly cured by infallible and harmless vegetable medicines. Apply Dr. BALKRISHNA N. JOSHI, of Benares, Garden Bridge, near Iram Terrace, Motiwala's Chawl, Parel, Bombay.

SOMETHING NEW IN BOMBAY.—PORTRAIT PAINTING in oils on Photographic [illegible] and on canvas. RAJA DASS DAKALIA, the Artist, has secured the services of a special Europ an Artist who is an expert in this class of painting, and has done plenty of work in the Bombay and Delhi Royal Darbars. Beauty has its value, a fine style. Please come and inspect a few samples at Messrs. YOUNAN—[illegible] DAKALIA & SONS, Nippon Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

FOR SALE.—A TIBETAN-ENGLISH DICTIONARY, with Sanskrit synonyms, by Sarat Chandra Das, Rai Bahadur, C.I.E., revised and edited under the orders of the Government of Bengal by Graham Sahib [illegible] and A. Cowell, Cambridge. Apply "A," care of "Bombay Gazette."

OVERLAND SUMMARY, PUBLISHED Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 24 Pages of the "Fall Mall Gazette," etc., containing all the information of the previous week carefully arranged. Any letters, etc., Inland Subscription Rs. 12 per year, free of postage; English Subscription Rs. 15 per year including postage.

WONDER! Machine in perfect use for 22 years, Singer's Hand Machine, valued Rs. 50, which is in use in my house for past 22 years has given me every satisfaction and I recommend it to any one requiring a good substantial and easy going Machine.—S. D. Nariman Underman Lascars.

TO PRINTERS.—FOR SALE a CROWN FOLIO TREADLE MACHINE (by Harrod of London) in fairly good condition. For particulars apply to the SUPERINTENDENT "Bombay Gazette," Bombay.

MESSRS. OLIVER & Co.—Duly despatchable and Trustworthy coolies of all denominations supplied. The original and only firm that supplies sweepers, engineers and Railway Staff Union Coolies to Railway Companies, Steamers, Mills, Factories, Mines, Collieries, Docks, Warehouses, Hotels, Hospitals, Firms and Companies, etc., Bombay &c., &c., Head Office, 102 Grant Road, Bombay. Telephone No. 1, Cables: Oliver, Bombay. Established 1875.

BACK NUMBERS of THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Daily, the Weekly, and the Weekly Mail edition, when available, are supplied on the following terms:—Seven days from date of issue, 4 annas; 8 to 30 days from date of issue, 8 annas; 30 days to one year, 1 rupee and of older dates than one year from date, 2 per copy according to numbers available. Reference charge one Rupee.

WM. HUTCHINSON & Co., Bank ers & Merchants and Agents, on Calcutta, Agency Business, 1, Trafalgar Buildings, Charing Cross London.

BOMBAY GAZETTE bi-WEEKLY edition,—Issued on Wednesday and Saturday, gives all the news and Telegrams up to date. Subscription, per Annum Rs. 12; Half-yearly Rs. 6; Quarterly Rs. 3. To subscribers in Bombay, Rs. 15 to the Mofussil.

ELECTRO PLATING in Silver, Nickel, Gold, and Bronze, of finest finish and most durable quality, undertaken by THE BOMBAY ELECTRO COMPANY, Electrical Engineers and Platers in ordinary to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay.

FORMS OF POWER OF ATTORNEY Neatly printed, Price 8 Annas. Can be had at the Bombay Gazette Office.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., printed with despatch and promptitude and at lowest rates. Special terms to large Contracts. Apply to the Manager, Bombay Gazette Steam Press.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co., AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.
EASTERN DEPARTMENT, WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East
HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE. Offer their services to clients abroad.
CATALOGUES OF QUOTATIONS FURNISHED. CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.
PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. are prepared to undertake the Sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.
GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted. Correspondence Invited.
CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., Internation al, Private, &c.
WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co
86, FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.

HIGH CLASS TAILORING
AT MODERATE PRICES.
GUARANTEED BEST MATERIAL.
NICELY MADE AND WELL FINISHED.

Washing	Suit	.. from Rs.	10
Flannel	do.	... ,,	,, 18
Navy Serge	do.	... ,,	,, 25
Tweed	do.	... ,,	,, 25

Urgent orders promptly executed.
Fit guaranteed.
Gentlemen passing through Bombay can procure all they require at our Establishment.
PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.
PLEASE REGISTER YOUR ORDERS SOON
E. E. GOREY & CO.
NAVAL OUTFITTERS AND CIGARS MERCHANTS,
21, HUMMUM STREET,
FORT, BOMBAY.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON & Co., Bombay, are now supplying about 200 Military and Naval Officers' Messes and 100 Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES, Spirits or Liqueurs from the following well-known Houses:—

POMMERY AND GRENO.	Rheims.
WILLIAMS, HUMBERT & Co.	Jerez.
HEIDSIECK & Co.	Rheims.
OARSTAIRS & ROBERTSON.	Leith.
PERRIER JOUET & Co.	Epernay.
PAGE AND SANDEMAN.	London.
POL ROGER & Co.	Rheims.
BOLLINGER.	Ay.
GIESLER & Co.	Avise.
JAMES HAWKER & Co.	Plymouth.
JUSTERINI & BROOKS.	London.
COCKBURN & CAMPBELL,	Edinburgh.
NATH, JOHNSTON & SONS.	Bordeaux.
J. SAOCONE, Lo.	Gibraltar.
COSSART, GORDON & Co.	Madeira.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS.	Bordeaux.
BUTLER, NEPHEW & Co.	Oporto.
COCKBURN, SMITHES & Co.	Oporto.
WARRE & Co.	Oporto.
VAN-ZELLERS & Co.	Oporto.
WOODHOUSE & Co.	Marsala.
LEACOCK & Co.	Madeira.
AYALA & Co.	Ay.
KIDD & SHADBOLT.	London.
P. J. VALCKENBERG.	Worms.
O. MAREY & LIGER-BELAIR.	Côte d'Or.
ACKERMANN—LAURANCE.	Saumur.
ANDREW ROWAN.	Melbourne.
AUSTRALIAN WINE Co.	Melbourne.
JOS. DIETZL.	Budapesth.
R. SCHLUMBERGER.	Voslau.
JAMES CATHCART & Co.	Leith.
CHAS. MACKINLAY & Co.	Leith.
JOHN CRABBIE & Co.	Leith.
IR ROBERT BURNETT & Co.	London.
J. & W. NICHOLSON & Co.	London.
RUTHERFORD & BROWNE.	London.
JOHN JAMESON & SON, Ld.	Dublin.
WILLIAM & KEITH JOPP.	Aberdeen
MACKENZIE BROS.	Rosshire.
NOILLY PRAT & CIE.	Marseilles.
COATES & Co.	Plymouth.
MARTELL & Co.	Cognac.
E. CUSENIER & CIE.	Marseilles
P. B. BURGOYNE & Co.	London.

Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines, Spirits, or Liqueurs, &c., from the above well-known Firms without the inconvenience and expenses of importing them direct.

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION TO
PHIPSON & Co.,
BOMBAY.

LAWSON'S
LIQUEUR
WHISKY.
Justly noted for its age, softness, Mellowness, and fine Character.
Strongly recommended to all who desire a good Whisky.
Of all dealers, or of
ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co., LD., BOMBAY.
SOLE AGENTS.

NOTICE.
CHARLES DAY & CO.
LONDON,
ARE THE SOLE EXPORT BOTTLING AGENTS FOR
JOHN JAMESON & SON'S
WHISKEY.
And on each label must be found the following Notice and Signature.

"In order that Consumers may feel assured of genuineness, we would request attention to this our Special Export Label, and to our Trade Mark and Name on Corks, Capsules and Cases, also to age mark.

John Jameson & Son Ltd.

A SAFE REMEDY
FOR ALL
SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES.

If you suffer from any disease due to be impure state of the Blood, FROM WHATEVER CAUSE ARISING, you should test the value of Clarke's Blood Mixture, the world-famed Blood Purifier and Restorer. This medicine has 40 years' reputation, and is to-day more popular than ever, the reason of this being undoubtedly because this wonderful remedy does what it professes to do—IT CURES SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES PERMANENTLY.

Clarke's Blood Mixture
IS THE FINEST BLOOD PURIFIER EVER DISCOVER

It is warranted to cleanse the blood from all impurities, from whatever cause arising. For

SCROFULA,	BAD LEGS,
SCURVY,	BLOTCHES,
ECZEMA,	SPOTS,
BLOOD POISON,	BLACK HEADS,
ULCERS,	PIMPLES,
SKIN & BLOOD DISEASES,	AND SORES OF ALL KINDS

it is a safe and Permanent Remedy.
It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

NOTE This mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, from infancy to old age, and the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of wonderful cures have been effected by it.

TRIED MANY THINGS WITHOUT BENEFIT UNTIL I TOOK CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

Mr. F. E. Lewis, 48, Bridge Street Row, Chester writes:—"Just a line in favour of 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' I had eczema for seven months, and tried many things without benefit until I took your remedy. After the eighth bottle I was quite well again. Please accept this letter as a token of gratitude to your wonderful 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.'"—June 13, 1903.

IMPURITIES IN THE BLOOD.—"We have seen hosts of letters from all sorts and conditions of people, in which the writers acknowledge the benefit they have received from Clarke's Blood Mixture, which as a curative agent cannot be too highly estimated, since it cleanses and clears the blood from all impurities, and restores it to its normal condition." This is a good testimonial from the *Family Doctor*, the popular medical weekly, which goes on further to say: "It is certainly the finest blood purifier that science and skill have brought to light, and we can with the utmost confidence recommend it to our subscribers and the public generally."

Sold by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World.

ASK FOR...
CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE
and beware of worthless imitations. [illegible]

REPAIRS Of Rs. 1-8 within 25 years. I take this opportunity to [illegible] the [illegible] of my late husband's Watches, Clocks, Chronometers, Jewellery, &c., and to inform them that I have [illegible] the business at 3, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics is without equal in all cases of defective nerve power whether induced by worry, overwork, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and hustle or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, trembling, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental inability to concentrate, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, critical periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, and all other phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, are successfully combated by this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting drains, thrills every fibre, restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE.

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No one is it instilled into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the germs of disease wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with, removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, secondary symptoms, eczema, leprosy, scrofula, bad legs, bad breast, abscesses, ulcers, sores, goitre or [illegible] neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food" or VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations in order to their own manufactured for the sake of extra profit. Price in England 2/9 and 4/6. Every genuine bottle of the medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon in white letters on a red ground, by direction of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners. Registered Trade Mark "VETARZO." Legal proceedings will be taken against persons pirating.

COMMON SENSE IN A NUTSHELL.—A new medical work on the causes and most scientific and effectual means of self-cure ever discovered for nervous exhaustion, depression of spirits, want of tone and energy &c., with practical observations on marriage and full directions for removing certain disorders that destroy the happiness of wedded life. It also treats on urinary derangements, secondary symptoms, stricture &c., and no sufferer should fail to avail himself of its contents. Post free six penny stamps. Enquiries essential from The Nestle Syndicate, Vetarzo Remedies Co., 8, Bond Street, Clerkenwell Square, London, W.C., or of Agents for above medicines. Price 10 annas Post Free.

TO PRODUCE HIGH CLASS AERATED WATERS
Use only Essences, Colours, etc., manufactured by
W. J. BUSH & CO., LTD.,
ASH GROVE, HACKNEY, LONDON.
"The Oldest Essence Distillers in the World."

W. J. BUSH & Co. have had great experience in supplying Regimental Aerated Water Factories in India, Egypt, Malta, South Africa, etc., and are prepared to give full information to Mess Presidents of Regiments who wish to provide Aerated Waters of a really wholesome quality.
W. J. BUSH & Co.'s manufactures are sold by all the best merchants throughout India, Burma and Ceylon.

PRICE LISTS AND SAMPLES ON APPLICATION.

Recipes and full information for the manufacture of Aerated Waters free with first order.

JOSEPH EVANS & SONS,
ENGINEERS,
Culwell Works, WOLVERHAMPTON, Eng.
MAKERS OF PUMPS & PUMPING MACHINERY,
FOR
STEAM, HAND, HORSE, BELT & ELECTRIC POWER.
MINING & IRRIGATION PUMPS A SPECIALITY.
WRITE FOR LIST No. 20.
Cable: "EVANS," WOLVERHAMPTON.
Codes: OWN & ABC (5th Ed

A COLONIAL CLERGYMAN

Follows Popular Custom—

A significant sign of the times is the cordial manner in which responsible people of all creeds and conditions support the views which are ably set forth below by the Rev. Geo. B. Taylor, a Colonial Clergyman. In words of unstinted praise this gentleman says *emphatically* that all the social, mental and ecclesiastical work of his position is *only made possible by periodical doses of Phosferine*, which repairs the Nervous Waste his system suffers under West Indian conditions of life. Men of Intellect, and Men of Muscle alike, vouch for the amazing restorative power of Phosferine in all cases of Nerve Disorder or Irregularities, and with Rulers and People of many lands, it is an established and Popular Custom to rebuild and re-inforce the Nervous System with a course of Phosferine.

Which He Strongly Supports.

Rev. Geo. B. Taylor, St. Luke's Parsonage, Barbados, writes:—"I have, for a considerable time past, used your Phosferine with very great benefit to mind and body, and especially is this the case on Sundays, when I always have three Services and Sunday School, and frequently Open-air Services as well, with Baptism twice a month, besides a good deal of work during the week, such as instructing in Schools, Conducting Mission Services in School Houses, Regular Weekly Services and Daily Services, besides a good deal of other duties which fall to the Pastor of a large Congregation. I always take two or more doses of Phosferine on Sunday and on other days when I have any mental work to do, and particularly when I have any heavy brain work to discharge, I always fortify myself with your world renowned Tonic, and I assure you I have often been considerably assisted in my Sermons—both the preparation and delivery—and in the nervous strain which a long day's work entails. I may add that I always recommend it to my friends. Acting on my advice a lady tried it a short time ago who suffered from sleeplessness and nervous debility, and she informs me that she has derived considerable benefit from it."—Oct. 8, 1904

The Royal Example.

Phosferine is used by the Royal Families of Europe, which, in plain language means that every user of Phosferine knows and feels that the Tonic is commended by the greatest living physicians

PHOSFERINE

The Great Nerve Tonic.

A PROVEN CURE for Rheumatism, Indigestion, Backache, Mental Depression, Dizziness, Sleeplessness, Influenza, Loss of Memory, Premature Decay, Nervousness, Debility, Sleeplessness, Influenza, Neuralgia, Headache, Paralysis, Nervous Prostration, and all forms of Reduced State or the nervous system.

The Remedy of Kings

Phosferine has been supplied by Royal Commands

To the Royal Family, H.I.M. the Empress of Russia, H.M. the King of Greece, H.M. the Queen of Roumania, H.I.M. the Dowager Empress of Russia, H.I.M. the Grand Duchess Olga of Russia. And the Principal Royalty and Aristocracy throughout the World.

Props., Ashton & Parsons', 17, Farring on St., London, Eng. Price in Great Britain, bottles, 1/1½, 2/9 and 4/6. Sold by all Chemists, Stores, &c. The 2/9 size contains nearly four times the 1/1½ size.

TEAS,

Fragrant and refreshing.

COFFEES,

Fresh and Stimulating.

LIPTON, Ltd.

WHISKIES.

Perfection.

PROVISIONS,

always fresh and good alike.

Icilma

Is a Natural Water that has a Marvellous Vitalizing Action on the Skin.

Icilma Water is the most Rapid and Painless Remedy for Styes, Sore Eyes, Children's Irritations, Chilblains, Chaps, Nettle-Rash, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Burns, and Insect-Stings. Prevents and Cures Sunburn, Prickly Heat, Eczema, and Irritations from Heat, Riding, or Weakness.

Icilma Cream contains no grease, and its refreshing and cleansing virtues make the Skin Healthy Transparent, Free from Wrinkles and Superfluous Hair, and give a lovely clear complexion that needs no powder.

Icilma Soap is invaluable for hard or brackish water, and for all Skin Irritations; it is a revelation of what a Soap can be. The marvellous healing and beautifying powers, the soothing effects when tired, irritated, or warm, the absolute harmlessness of Icilma make it a necessity in every home and to every traveller.

ARMY AND NAVY STORES, and all good Chemists.

PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL.

ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE,

Opposite the Town Hall.

Further extensions and renovations.

Rooms airy and commodious with Bath-rooms attached to each.

Rates from Rs. 2-8 to Rs. 4-0 per day.

Special arrangements for monthly Boarders and Families making a prolonged stay.

Cuisine a Speciality.

Apply to the MANAGER.

"I have derived benefit from your ACORIDINE." (Sd.) Mrs. B.

"My long standing Dyspepsia yielded to the regular use of Your Acoridine." (Sd.) D. D. A.

AN infallible Indigestion Cure,
CURES chronic, Indigestion and Dyspepsia
OF the worst type known
RAPIDLY, radically and certainly,
IF you are a victim to this direful complaint
DO not wait till to-morrow; send for a bottle now
ITS effects will surprise you; there is
NOTHING to equal it
EVEN in confirmed cases.

Rs. 1-4 per bottle.

PREPARED ONLY BY

BEYNON & CO.,

PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTS,

55, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

So by

Messrs. PHILLIPS & Co., Bombay,
" ARMY and NAVY STORES, Bombay.
" PEARSON & Co., Secunderabad.

ALL SEEKING TO ASSIST THE HOME WE RECOMMEND THE

AUTOMATIC KNITTER

Unsurpassed for Family or Business Use.

RAPIDLY KNITS SOCKS, STOCKINGS, UNDERCLOTHING, AND FANCY GOODS.

The most complete Knitter on the Market.

Per BRITISH MADE.

CLARKE'S B. 41. KNITTER.

A warranted machine for ... or coarse ... Price complete ... Rs. 217 ... 25th Jan.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

LONDON, Nov. 23.

The Bombay mails of 11th inst. arrived at Brindisi, yesterday.

SCURITIES—			
2½ per cent. Consols	89 3-16	=	— 1-8
3 do. Rentes	100	=	unchanged
3½ do. Indian Sterling Loan	105 1-2	=	— 1-4
3 1-4 per cent. Indian Enfaced Rupee Paper	85 3-4	=	unchanged
SILVER—			
Spot in London	29 15-16	=	+ 1-8
2 months hence	29 1-8	=	+ 1-8
Spot in New York	64 3 8	=	+ 1-4
EXCHANGES—			
Paris cheques	25-15	=	unchanged
Berlin	20 43 3-4	=	do
New York Demand	4-86 1-4	=	do
DISCOUNTS—			
Bank of England	4 per cent	=	unchanged
3 months sight Bank Bills	4 per cent	=	do
" " Fine Trade	4 per cent	=	+ 1-4
" " Fine Trade Bills	4 3-8 per cent	=	unchanged
6 months sight Fine Trade Bills	4 3-8 per cent	=	do
INTEREST—			
Day to day loans	2 5-8 per cent	=	— 1-8
7 day marked loans	3 3-4 per cent	=	unchanged

Extra Council Bills allotments. Bills on Calcutta, Rs. 10,000 at 1s 4 1-16d.

SUGAR—German granulated 1st marks 10 3 2-4 Nov. value steady.

METALS—
Copper Brazilers £85
Yellow metal 7 1-4

RAPESEED—
Yellow Gujerat 43 5-8 Nov.-Dec done
Yellow Cawnpore 43 1-4 Nov-Dec sellers
Brown 39 1-2 A-M value

LINSEED—
Linseed Sold 41 Nov-Dec done

COFFEE—
Coffee in New York 8 5-16

In Liverpool.—Cotton Market closed hardening. East Indian quiet. Manchester steady. Total Sales 8,000. Spec 6-03 — 5. Egyptian F. G. F. Brown 3 1-4 — 1-16. Sold on speculation and for export 500. Imports 31,000. Futures closed strong.

Nov-Dec	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.
6-03	6 05	6 10
+3	+3	+3
Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May
6 13	6 16	6 17
+3	+3	+3
May-June	June-July	July-Aug
6 19	6 19	6 21
+2	+3	+3

Receipts at U S Ports 56,000
Do last year 49,000
Exports to Great Britain 14,000
Do. do Continent 15,000

IN NEW YORK—
Spot ..... 11 75 + 10
Futures, month of Dec ..... 11 29 + 11
Do do. Mar ..... 11 69 + 15

a. Selling liberally owing to weak cables but reacted later owing to bullish crop estimates.

IN NEW ORLEANS—
Spot ..... 11 9-16 + 1-16
Futures, month of Feb ..... 11 28 + 12
Do, do. May ..... 11 62 + 14
Tone at close ..... steady

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay for the 24 hours, ending at 6 p.m. on Thursday, 23rd Nov. 1905 :—

Cotton	9,487 bales.
Wheat	19,556 cwts.
Linseed	1,403 do
Rape, Rai and Mustard	1,796 do
Gingellyseed	11,246 do
Poppyseed	nil
Groundnut	233 do
Castorseed	996 do
Rice	2,773 do
Myrabollams	1,976 do
Cottonseed	11,737 do
Mowrahseed	1,075 do
Gram	7,367 do
Jowar	1,163 do
Maize	nil

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.
Gold Bullion, Rs. 7,58,880
Exports Moolten from London.

BOMBAY, FRIDAY, Nov. 24.

THE seasonal requirements for money having extended the local Bank rate was raised one per cent to 5 per cent per annum on Thursday. The rate had remained at 4 per cent., since the 17th August.

No further rain has fallen throughout the Peninsula since our last mail report with the exception of in the extreme South. The cold weather has fairly set in, and rain is urgently wanted in the Punjab, Rajputana and parts of the United Provinces for fodder and also for the Rabi crops. Prospects at present are distinctly unfavourable in this large tract of country. A special note was issued this week by the Director of Agriculture in the Punjab on the failure of the Cotton Crop in that Province. Reports show that there is a total failure in the Central Punjab, and that the outturn in the irrigated land will be less than 8 annas. There are also many complaints coming to hand from the Bengal districts where the Cotton coming to the market is already tailing off in several stations and the crop will undoubtedly be very short. The reports to hand from the Central Provinces and Berars are still good, but the bumper crop anticipated a few weeks ago will not be marketed owing to the total absence of rain in October. In Khandeish arrivals are coming in freely and the quality is excellent, here, also, the failure of the late rain will tell on the final outturn. In Broach and Dholleras districts much depends on the quantity of dew falling the next few weeks. Prospects are still good, but one or two inches of rain in October would have given us a very large crop in these districts, as in others.

The Rupee paper market is quiet, and neglected owing to the large speculation in mill shares, and prices have given way to a small extent. Freights are firm for November loading and steady for forward.

COTTON.

The bearish element prevailing when our last mail report was written was maintained until Tuesday, but on Wednesday after the Census Bureau issued the ginners' report there was a sharp upward movement in America, when an advance of 80 to 90 points was established, and May futures in New Orleans were quoted only 5 points below 12 cents. This was followed in Liverpool the next day by an advance of over a farthing per pound. On Thursday there was a slight decline in America but to-day there is a renewed rise owing, we are informed, to bullish crop estimates.

The following are the Census Bureau figures of Cotton ginned up to the 14th November in commercial bales.

1905	7,498,000 Bales.
1904	9,780,946 "
1903	6,815,102 "

The following are the daily closing quotations for Spot Middling Americans in Liverpool and New York since our last mail report :

	Liverpool.	New York.
Nov.	17th...5'93	11'15
"	18th...5'82	11'15
"	20th...5'73	11'15
"	21st...5'70	11'15
"	22nd...5'68	11'15
"	23rd...5'65	11'29

The following are the daily closing quotations for futures, Liverpool, Dec.-Jan., and New York December :

	Liverpool.	New York.
Nov.	17th...5'61	10'59
"	18th...5'73	10'49
"	20th...5'61	10'48
"	21st...5'70	11'26
"	22nd...5'68	11'18
"	23rd...5'65	11'29

The big fluctuations advised in Americans did not affect our local market to any very great extent. Prices advanced some Rs. 8 to 10, but again receded before the close on Wednesday evening, and were lower by Rs. 3 to 4 on Thursday evening. To-day we are again steadier and prices have advanced with a better enquiry. The demand at present is chiefly from exporters to Europe, and it is quite possible that when rampi's of our new crops reach spinner's hands that this demand will increase. In the meanwhile shipments are beginning to go forward to Japan, and the local mills are fair buyers of ready lots at full prices, though they have not yet entered the local market for large forward contracts. It is quite possible that present prices may give way temporarily, but any shortage in the American crops will cause a largely increased enquiry from the Continent, which was practically in abeyance last year, owing to the huge supplies of Americans flooding the European markets. And current estimates of receipts into Bombay for 1905-06 are already falling below the figures for 1904-05. With the largely increased demand from local mills, it is quite possible that the supply will not be very much in excess of the demand during the coming season.

COTTON STATISTICS.	Bales.
Receipts for the week	48,777
Receipts from 1st Oct to 23rd November.	134,353
Shipments for the week to Europe	Nil
Do, China, Japan, and Coast Ports	400
Total	400
Total Shipments from 1st Oct. to 23rd Nov. Europe	75,875
Japan	1,115
China	900
Coast Ports	2,202
Total	80,102
Afloat in harbour for Europe	4,972
China, Japan, and Coast Ports	12,105

LIVERPOOL OPENING TELEGRAM.

Tone	quiet		
Estimated sales	8,000 bales		
Imports	44,000 "		
Nov-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	
5'02	5'04	5'09	
— 1	— 1	— 1	
Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-April	April-May	
5'12	5'15	5'16	
— 1	— 1	— 1	
May-June.	June-July	July-Aug.	
5'18	5'19	5'20	
— 1	— 1	— 1	

COTTON.—The market closes quieter after the receipt of the above telegram. A fair business was done at Calabs, Japan shippers being the chief buyers. The "Satta" quotations at the close are as follows.

Bengals fully good January	Rs 123
Broach St. do Good March	" 247

Official quotations of the Bombay Cotton Trade Associations Limited :—

	Fine. F.-G. Good.	Delivery.
Broach H. G. (Ry. farms)	201 193	25th Dec
[illegible]	207 199	25th Nov
[illegible]	207 199	25th Dec
[illegible] (Inscriptions) M.-G.	210	25th Dec
[illegible]	209	25th Jan
[illegible]	217	25th Feb

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED.—A moderate business was done during the week, but prices show very little changes. New crop prospects are not encouraging owing to deficiency of rain.

RAPESEED.—Market is firm, but owing to scarcity of good quality business on a large scale is impossible.

POPPYSEED.—Market is strong with a moderate business owing to limited stocks.

TILSEED.—The tone of the market is distinctly easier owing to increased supplies, and prices have given way Rs. 1 to 1 1/2 per candy. The demand from the Continent is limited. Native dealers are not free sellers on account of the high prices ruling in up-country markets.

CASTORSEED is firm at Rs. 29 1/2 to 30 per candy. There is a large business passing at these rates, and the home demand is fair.

COTTONSEED.—The market is steady in spite of large arrivals. The quantity available during the season will probably be smaller than last year, on account of the scarcity of fodder in large tracts up-country.

WHEAT is steady to firm. Business for export continues very limited pending the winter rains in the North.

Week's arrival of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay.

Cotton	48,777 bales.
Wheat	134,104 cwts.
Linseed	19,646 "
Rape, Rai and Mustard	8 011 "
Gingellyseed	70,473 "
Poppyseed	27 "
Groundnuts	1,821 "
Castorseed	11,905 "
Rice	22 378 "
Myrabollans	11,175 "
Cottonseed	82,587 "
Mowrasseed	10,953 "
Gram	29,052 "
Joowar	2,406 "
Maize	410 "

LINSEED—Tone steady.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Ready	6	15	0
Forward deo	7	2	6

RAPESEED.—Tone firm.

Brown Cawnpore Ready	6	13	0
Yellow Gujerat, Ready	7	7	0

POPPYSEED—Tone firm.

Ready sellers	7	13	0

CASTORSEED—Tone firm.

Ready	29	1-2	

GINGELLYSEED—Tone steady.

How are Khandeish	41	0	0
15 per cent Mixed	40	4	0

WHEAT—Tone steady.

Club, No. 1	5	2	0

FREIGHT.

The market is steady for November shipment and bookings are reported at 13s. 6d. to 13s. according to port required. The s. s. Indian Monarch was booked for Hull December loading at 12s 3d. and booked some 6,000 tons at the rate. A line was reported booked for January shipment at 13s. 3d. open ports. Speculators are quoting as follows :—

December	13s
January	13s. 3d.
February	13s. 6d.
March to June	14s.

The following fixtures are reported :—
s. s. Morven at 13s. 6d. one p.p. Nov. Dec.
s. s. Gogovale at 12s. 6d. nett. December.
s. s. Kurdistan at 13s. 3d. Nov. part cargo for Amsterdam.

BANK RATE— MONEY.

Bank of England since 28th Sept.	4	per cent	
Bank of Bombay do. 23rd Nov.	5	do.	
Bank of Bengal do. 29th Sept.	5	do.	
Bank of Madras do. 10th July	4	do.	

The following is the Weekly Statement of the Bank of Bombay for the week ending 18th November as compared with that of the 11th November :—

LIABILITIES.

Public Deposits	Rs	5,53,474	Decrease
Other Deposits	"	1,40,037	Increase
Sundries	"	81,434	do

ASSETS.

Government Securities	Rs.	1,51,852	Decrease
Other Authorized Securities	"	Unchanged.	
Credits on Securities	"	7,85 452	Increase
Loans, do.	"	8,55,738	Decrease
Bills discounted & purchased	"	22 00,017	Increase
Balance with other Banks	"	7,50,342	Decrease
Sundries	"	902	Increase
Cash	"	15,58,433	Decrease

These figures show an increase in the trade demand of 19 lakhs.

The Bank of Bengal weekly cash balance is 16 lakhs lower and that of the Bank of Madras 3 3/4 lakhs down. The Directors of the Bank of Bombay at their meeting on Thursday raised the Bank rate 1 per cent to 5 per cent. per annum. There has been a steadier tone in the money market throughout the week. Receipts of Cotton into the up-country markets are fairly heavy and there is a steady flow towards the districts for crop moving purposes. The rates for short fixed deposits are now 3 o 3 1/2 per cent. for 2 to 3 months.

COUNCIL BILLS.

The total amount of Council Bills sold during the week ending on Tuesday evening was One Crore. At the weekly allotment on Wednesday Eighty lakhs was put up for tender and of this amount 74.60 lakhs was taken in bills at 1s 4d 1/32 and 5.40 lakhs in telegraphic transfer at 1s 4 .16d tenderers at these rates receiving 13 per cent. For next week the amount advertised for allotment is unchanged at Eighty lakhs.

Extra allotments to the extent of Rs. 70,000 in bills at 1s 4 1/16d and Rs. 2,00,000 in transfers at 1s 4 3/32d were also announced.

The mail of the 10th November brings £1,00,000 silver and £10,000 gold to Bombay, also £80,000 silver and £10,000 gold for Calcutta, and the following Council Bills :—

Calcutta	Rs.	49,00,000
Bombay	"	14,40,000
Madras	"	6, 0,000
Total...	Rs.	70,40,000

The mail of the 17th November brings £230,000 silver and £60,000 gold to Bombay, and the following Council Bills :—

Calcutta	Rs.	35,50,000
Bombay	"	39 00,000
Madras	"	7,50,000
Total...	Rs.	82,10,000

The mail of the 24th November brings no shipment of silver, £60,000 gold for Bombay and £140,000 silver and £10,000 gold for Calcutta also the following Council Bills :—

Calcutta	Rs.	37,50,000
Bombay	"	25,00,000
Madras	"	12 20,00
Total...	Rs.	75,30,000

EXCHANGE.

We have no change to record in the quoted rates for sterling. Bank demand is 1s. 4 1/16d., Bank T. . 1s. 4 1/32d. and 3 months sight D/A. bills 1s. 4 9/32d. for near delivery. The enquiry is on moderate lines from buyers of Bank paper and sellers of mercantile bills. Forward quotations are also unchanged and we hear of few transactions taking place. For Eastern rates have fluctuated with the price of silver throughout the week.

EXCHANGE.—Tone steady.

Bank T. T.	...	...	1s. 4 1-32d.
Bank Demand	...	...	1s. 4 1-16.
On 4 Bills 3 Months Sight	D. A.		1s. 4 9-32d
Do. 6 do.	do.	...	1s. 4 13-32d.
French France 3 do.	do.	...	170 1-4 at 1-2
Marseilles 3 do.	do.	...	189 at 1-4
Hongkong 30 Days Sight			149 1-2
Shanghai 30	do.	...	209
Japan 30	do.	...	149 1-2

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

The Rupee paper market is quiet and inactive, and prices have given way slightly during the week, there is very little doing in the bazaar as speculators are all actively engaged in operations in mill shares.

3 1-2 per cents, cash	98-3
3 1-2 per cent. 1st December	98-3
3 1-2 per cent. 4th January	98-3 to 98-4
3 per cent.	88 0

		Repayable.	Rate	
4 per cent	Bombay Port Trust	... 1942	105	0
4 per cent	" "	... 1930	105	0
4 per cent	" "	... 1932	105	0
4 per cent	" "	... 1935	105	0
4 per cent	Bombay Municipal	1931	102	0
5 per cent	" "	... 1943	104	0
5 per cent	" "	... Tanna	120	0
5 per cent	" "	... Sanitary	118	0
4 per cent	Bo. Imp. Trust	... 1950	103	8
4 per cent	"	...1934-35	101	0

BULLION.

Silver has fluctuated locally in sympathy with London prices. During the week quotations touched 29 15/16 in London and Rs. 75-14 ex-duty in Bombay for spot. The London market is said to be firm owing to small supplies, but it is reported that Mexico is selling freely at current prices. The off take in Bombay continues dull, and averages about 30 bars daily. We close steady as under.

	Rs.	a.	p.
English Bar Gold	73	15	9
Australian Bar Gold	73	15	6
Napoleons do.	74	0	0
English Shield Sovereigns	15	2	3
Do Dragons	15	0	0
Silver Bullion Ready	75	8	0
Do. 1st settlement	75	8	0
Do 2nd "	74	8	0

PIECE-GOODS.

There has been a good all round retail demand during the interval for ready goods and prices are firm at a slight advance on last week. No enquiry of any consequence for forward delivery. Home rates being much to high to permit of business being booked.

LOCAL YARNS.

The following are the latest China telegrams :—

	Unsold.	Uncleared.	Weekly Sales.
Shanghai	79,000	40,000	700
Hong-Kong	50,000	35,000	1,000
	129,000	75,000	1,700

204,000 bales.

The local market remains firm.

METALS.

COPPER AND YELLOW METAL.—Quotations at home have advanced £3 per ton for copper and 1/4d. per lb. for Yellow metal during the week. This has hardened up prices here, but they are still far below the parity of home equivalents. Some Copper was sold at £80 to 81 and Yellow Metal at £61 to 62, against £68 quoted from the other side.

IRON AND STEEL.—This market is quiet but very steady and prices have an advancing tendency.

SPELTER AND QUICKSILVER are quiet but steady.

PIG LEAD advanced 10s. a ton which checks business.

COALS.

[illegible] Rs. 12 and 10 [illegible]

SHARES.

This market is quiet and mill shares have declined in prices on account of the steadiness in the prices of Cotton. Bank of Bombay shares are reported to have changed hands at Rs. 1,440. In mill Companies, Alliance Cotton are quiet at Rs. 400, Bombay Cotton after touching Rs. 1,175 are again quiet at Rs. 1,100, Bombay United have come down to Rs. 675 from Rs. 730, Central Indias to Rs. 2, 30, Chinas to Rs. 1,084, Currimbhoys to Rs. 1,425, Connaughts have changed hands at and about Rs. 635, Dhurrees have declined to Rs. 157 1/2, Davids to Rs. 515, Empress after touching Rs. 500 have again come down to Rs. 483, Esamji Petits are quiet at Rs. 1,175, Howard and Bullough have changed hands at Rs. 685, Imperials after touching Rs. 300 are quiet at Rs. 280, James Greaves are reported to have changed hands at and about Rs. 580 to Rs. 590, Jamsheds have declined to Rs. 217 1/2, Jewraj Baloo to Rs. 670, Jubilee are unchanged at Rs. 750, Leopolds have changed hands at Rs. 119, Manekji Petits have declined from Rs. 3,350 to Rs. 3,220, Morarjis are quiet at Rs. 2,825, Sholapurs have changed hands at Rs. 3,950, Ripon are quiet at Rs. 1,070, Queen at Rs. 975, Phoenix from Rs 125 have come down to Rs. 115, Luxmi Cotton are quiet at Rs. 1,410, Centuries at Rs. 2,050, Textiles at Rs. 1,510, Southern Marathas at Rs. 215. Swadeshis have declined to Rs. 1,710, Kohinoors to Rs. 700. Press shares are weak and have declined in price, Mofusils to Rs 530 X. D. New Berars to Rs 460, Indian Cotton to Rs.132 1/2. In miscellaneous list, Bombay Burmahs have improved to Rs. 9,100 quarter shares to Rs. 2,300 Badnam Piles are unchanged at Rs. 147, Bombay Telephones have changed hands to Rs. 30 3/4, Teaches to Rs. 55 3 at Kemps are quiet at Rs. 226, Marcks are unchanged Rs 155, Port Cannings have changed hands at Rs. 425, Thackers at Rs. 242. In Railway Companies Tapti Valleys have improved to Rs. 432 1/2 Ahmedabad Prantej are unchanged at Rs. 515. The rest are unchanged at previous quotations.

THE WAR OFFICE AND POLO.

An Aldershot telegram states that the War Office has notified that they cannot give their official recognition to polo under any circumstances whatever, and that no use of any sort is to be made by officers which are of a public charge is strictly forbidden.

In reference to this statement, a correspondent writes to the "Times" :—Members of the committee of the inter-regimental tournament know nothing of the notification which is said to have been made by the War Office "that it cannot give official recognition to polo under any circumstances whatever, and that the use by officers for this game of horses which are on public charge is strictly forbidden." One of the rules governing the tournament is that the ponies which are played must be the bona fide property of officers of the competing regiment, and on May 20 in each year an unlimited list of such ponies stating the name, colour, sex, and power is sent to the hon. secretary of the committee, Major Stanley Barry, D. S. O., 10th Hussars. Eighteen of those ponies are then nominated one day before the first tie of the tournament it is played, and although all the ponies can be used in the preliminary ties only 15 of them are allowed to be used in the semi-final and final ties in London. Since the conditions of the tournament were revised at a meeting which was held at the Cavalry Club on Jan. 18 1903, the average number of ponies played in the tournament has been 300; and according to the statement issued by Major Stanley Barry at the beginning of the year and dealing with the tournament of 1904, 312 ponies were then nominated, and of that number 268 were the property of officers and 44 were registered as being owned by regimental polo clubs. The Irish Guards nominated 16, the 14th Hussars 12, the 8th Hussars 6, the Royal Art. 5 the 21st Lancers 3, the remainder being nominated as the property of the polo clubs of the 17th Lancers and the 19th Hussars. The regiments which were represented at the meeting in January 1903 were the 2nd Life Guards, Royal Horse Guards, 1st Royal Dragoons, 6th Inniskilling Dragoons, 5th Lancers, 13th Hussars, 17th Lancers, 18th Hussars, 21st Lancers, and Royal Art; and among the subjects discussed were the encouragement of regimental polo and the training of polo ponies by regimental officers, the holding of an annual inter-regimental polo tournament on such lines as shall result in the least possible expense to regiments and individual competitors, and to give an assurance to the military authorities that the competing teams shall not be absent from their regiments more than one week for the purpose of playing in the tournament. Rules were drawn and were approved of and sanctioned by the Commander-in-Chief, the result being that the competition has attained greater popularity than ever, 17 regiments competing in 1903, 18 in 1904, and 16 in 1905, the Queen visiting Hurlingham on the occasion of the final tie this year and handing over the cup to the captain of the winning team, the 6th Inniskilling Dragoons. Only the semi-final ties are now played at headquarters, the travelling expenses of the teams left to being paid by the Hurlingham Club, while the expenses connected with the preliminary ties have been lessened by passing of a rule allowing those matches to be played in the districts where the regiments are quartered. Lord Charles Bentinck, 9th Lancers, Major G. F. Milner, D. S. O., 1st Life Guards, and Major G. K. Ansell, D. S. O., 6th Inniskilling Dragoons, from the present committee of the inter-regimental tournament; and there can be no doubt as to the competition being continued upon its present lines.

DIVINE SERVICE.

SUNDAY, NEXT BEFORE ADVENT, NOVEMBER 26.

ST. THOMAS CATHEDRAL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins
8 a.m.—Holy Communion—Choral—Eyre in E flat.
11 a.m.—163, 377, 178
5 p.m.—Choral Service.
6 p.m.—Kyrie and Sermon.
Canticles 181 only in E.
Anthem—277
Hymns 163, 277 and 27.
Collection for Kamala Convalescent Homes

Daily Matins 6-45 a.m. and evensong at 5.
Daily Holy Communion at 7-15 a.m.

CHRIST CHURCH.—BYCULLA.

7-30 a.m.—Matins
8 a.m.—Holy Communion
11 a.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

CHURCH OF ST. [illegible] THE VIRGIN, PAREL (Portuguese and Time)

8 a.m.—Holy Communion
5-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon
Hymns 165, 279 and 26

ST. MATTHEW'S MAZAGON

8 a.m.—Holy Eucharist.
7 a.m.—Matins
7-30 a.m.—Holy Eucharist (Choral).
Preacher Rev Father Bisooe
6 p.m.—Evensong (Choral)
Preacher Rev Father Maxwell

BOMBAY BAPTIST CHURCH—Bellasis Road (Opposite Byculla Club).

8 a.m. and 6 p.m.—Sunday Services—Preacher Rev John O'Brien

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH.
(Church of Scotland.)

11 a.m. Morning Service.
6 p.m.—Evening Service
Paraphrase—20
Hymn—4
Hymn—415
Hymn—491

ALL SAINTS CHURCH, MALABAR HILL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon

ST. NICHOLAS (GREEK) CHURCH
(Prince's Dock.)

12-3 a.m.—Matins and Sermon.
6-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Wednesday.
7 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.

7-45 a.m.—Litany Holy Communion and Sermon.
4-30 p.m.—Service for the young
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon
Collections for Church Expenses and Poor

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH.

8 a.m.—Holy Communion with Hymns 246, 318, 289
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon with Hymns 325, 324, 193

WESLEYAN CHURCH COLABA CAUSEWAY.

9 a.m.—Parade Service Preacher—Rev Dr. Johnson of New York
6 p.m.—Evening Service—Preacher—Rev C Ryder Smith B A
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
5-40 p.m.—Prayer Meeting.
6-30 to 8-30 p.m.—Social Hour.
Wesleyan Church Institute Reading Room.
9-45 a.m.—Preacher—Rev J Sadler B with B A
6 p.m.—Preacher—Rev J Revell.

THE UNITED FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND. (Wadsby Road.)

8 a.m.—Sunday School
10-30 a.m.—Service at Parel.
11 a.m United Service—(St Andrew's Church)
5 p.m.—Fellowship Association.
6 p.m.—Evening Service—Rev H A Johnson D D

LIGHTER FARE LIGHTER CARE.

The Making of Tea Cakes, Scones, and Pastry becomes a simple and easy matter if

Brown & Polson's

raising powder

"Paisley Flour"

(Trade Mark).

be used. Home made is better than shop made. 'Paisley Flour' has conquered many a home-baking

DOMESTIC COCOANUT

THE Charge for Announcements of Births, Deaths and Marriages. Notice (which is authenticated by the name and address of the sender) must be sent, and Fees paid in advance, at the rate of Rs. 2 for six lines or less and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

EUROPE

BIRTHS.

BLAND Oct 22 at the Residency Malacca wife of R N Bland Esq Straits Civil Service of a son.
CATTELL—Nov 4 at Dromore Lodge, Watergrasshill County Cork Mrs Cattell 12th Special Reserve of a son.
CLIVE—Nov 1 at 2 Chester Street S W wife of Capt Clive J P of a daughter.
MARQUIS—Nov 3 at Ordnance Barracks Fermoy the wife of Capt T S Marquis 24th Regt (North Lancashire) of a son.
PAUK-BERESFORD—Oct 27 at Hart's Lane Eastbourne the wife of Sybil Maud and Henry John Pack-Beresford Captain 4th Battalion Royal Irish Regiment of a son.
PINNEY—Nov 2 at 2 Highfield Road Dublin wife of Lieut-Col Reginald Pinney Royal Fusiliers of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

BROMLEY—BALFOUR—Oct 31 at All Saints' Church Clifton the Rev F A Bromley vicar-designate of Kilnsey Botherham to Enid daughter of Major-Gen Balfour late Royal Art.
CROMPTON—ROBERTS—HANNAY—Nov 1 at the Guards' Chapel Wellington Barracks Lieut-Col Henry Roger Crompton-Roberts to Blanche Alexandra Hannay daughter of the late Lieut-Col E A Hannay J P.
GOODLAKE—HARBISON—Nov 1 at Charlesville country Cork Capt Thomas Julian Goodlake Kerry Militia to Aline Maude daughter of Col S H Harrison late the King's Regt.
HEADLEY—HARDEN—Nov 4 at St Philip's sydenham St John B Headley of the 3rd batt King's Own Yorkshire Light Inf to Florence Mildeent daughter of the late Henry Harden.
LEANING—ERR—Nov 2 at Curban Natal South Africa Augustine Leaning Army Veterinary Dept son of the late H Leaning of Colchester to Isabel Mary Agnes daughter of the late Col W F Kerr late commanding The Buffs.

DEATHS.

ADDERLEY—Nov 2 at 2 Southwell Gardens S W Sir Augustus Adderley K C M G J P aged 76.
BAYNES—Oct 30 at Worthing Charles Christopher Carleton Baynes M D son of the late Major-Gen Baynes aged 81.
BROWNRIGG—Oct 12 at Cat Island Bahamas Arthur Cecil son of the late Capt C J Brownrigg R N aged 38.
CHURCH—Nov 6 at Naseby Bridestowe William Arthur Langstone son of the late

IF YOU CLOTHE YOUR SERVANTS

You are probably in doubt as to what Material and Colour to choose.

We can save you a deal of worry by submitting samples of the best Materials for the purpose which are our

BROADCLOTHS AND SERGES.

THEY ARE CHEAP our prices ranging from Rs. 2 to Rs. 3 per yard, 54" wide.

THEY ARE STRONG AND DURABLE being made entirely of PURE WOOL.

THEY ARE THE BESTMATERIALS for the purpose.

THEY CAN BE HAD in a Variety of fast Colors shade including Blue Red, Scarlet, Maroon, Green-Brown khaki etc.

SEND FOR SAMPLES TO MANAGER DEPT. E.

THE NEW EGERTON WOOLLEN MILLS CO., LD., DHARIWAL, PUNJAB.

LAWRENCE & MAYO, OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS TO THE PRINCIPAL OPHTHALMIC SURGEONS IN THE EAST.

By Appointment to H. E. LORD CURZON OF KEDLESTON, P. C., G. M. S. I., G. M. I. E., VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA.

LAWRENCE AND MAYO'S PERFECT PEBBLES are all cut from the hardest kind. They are cool, light, faultlessly ground and polished and cannot be scratched by ordinary wear.

HEAD OFFICES:— 57 and 59, CHANCERY LANE, LONDON. OFFICES IN THE EAST:— CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS and RANGOON.

Price List of Scientific Instruments free on Application.

DUCKETT'S MONUMENTAL WORKS.

EAST STREET, POONA.

A LARGE consignment of SUPERIOR MARBLE now coming in from Carrara, Italy. Over forty men employed. Machinery about to be installed. Memorials quickly erected anywhere and everywhere.

WHEN IN WANT

OF BAGS, TRUNKS or any kind of Travelling Requisite or LEATHER GOODS call on us. We can SHOW you the LARGEST and most VARIED STOCK of TRAVELLING REQUISITES in INDIA. SPECIAL VALUE in LADIES' and CHILDREN'S FOOT-WEAR. Give us a look in, it will repay you.

SUTOR & CO., HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

Agents to the WESTERN INDIA ARMY BOOT and EQUIPMENT FACTORY, SION, BOMBAY.

A BOON TO SUFFERING HUMANITY.

SURGERY SUPERSEDED.

HYDROCELE in any form, RUPTURE, HERNIA, ELEPHANTASIS, and all sorts of Rectum and Scrotum diseases, are cured thoroughly by vegetable oils and Pills—price Rs. 10 for 30 days' treatment. Bleeding and Blind PILES, FISTULA, and all inflammatory complaints of the rectum causing irritation and burning are cured without to least pain—price Rs. 4-8 for Ointment and Pills for 15 days. FATTY or WINDY BODY, the undue increase of belly and stomach, and all the other parts of the body of both male and female causing weakness and depression. Patients do not feel rest under such condition and feel miserable. They can, to their surprise, find reduction in their size from 4 to 6 inches after 15 days' application of oil, Price of oil for 15 days Rs. 6-8. SPERMATORRHŒA, IMPOTENCY, and other obstinate diseases of viscera are permanently cured, no matter how old the patient or disease may be—price of Pills for 15 days, Rs. 6-8. LEPROSY, Black and White BLOOD DISORDERS are cured by a well tried and infallible remedy, consisting of pills and ointment, which will give vigour to body and purity to blood in 15 days treatment, price for 15 days Rs. 10. DIABETES and complaints akin thereto, are entirely cured by harmless vegetable pills, Pills for 15 days, Rs. 6-8.

BILIOUS COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA, Nausea, sensation in the throat and chest, giddiness, vomiting, thirst, through are safely relieved and appetite restored; price of pills for 15 days, Rs. 4-8. All NASAL COMPLAINTS, whether blood or pus discharges from the nose causing obstruction to breathing are perfectly cured by an effective smelling powder.

N. B.—The Medicines are free from mercury or any of the injurious drugs. Upcountry patients may have their cases treated by their own doctors and duration. The best references given. Apply to Dr. V. BALKRISHNA & Co., Medical Hall, Bhuleshwar, Bombay near Tram Terminus, Girgaum Bombay.

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC Co., ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS AND CONTRACTORS.

STOCK & SHOW ROOMS. 9-11, MEDOWS STREET BOMBAY.

Accidents and Disease INCLUDING ENTERIC FEVER INSURED AGAINST BY THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS, ASSURANCE COMPANY, One of the Oldest and Wealthiest Accident Companies.

INDIAN AGENTS MESSRS. KING KING & CO., BOMBAY

BLUTHNER'S PIANOS ARE IDEAL PIANOFORTES.

THE BLUTHNER PIANOFORTES must not be classed with the productions by makers who are keen in the battle-royal of competition as to who could produce an inferior Piano at the smallest possible cost. Mr. JULIUS BLUTHNER has secured the World's Highest honours by dint of energy and determination to perfect his productions and to construct Musical Instruments in accordance with the most approved modern standards and requirements worthy of the name of Pianofortes and to sell them at a moderate price which, compared with public waste of money on worthless articles, is not an excessive sum. The Bluthner Pianofortes are the only Instruments which will help to radically change one's whole life in the matter of Music in a few days. The mysterious secret of their wonderful success, and their wonderful influence on Musical people is their marvellous Brilliancy, Sweetness and sympathy in Tone. The actions of the Bluthner Pianofortes being soft, easy and uniform, have the effect of rousing the pupil and the musician from careless interest to the highest possible attainment which natural ability warrants. They are the only Pianos, specially built for India, possessing soulful music in every string. All musicians regard the time when they started using a Bluthner Pianoforte as the best days of their lives.

SOLE AGENTS, MARCKS & CO., LTD., BOMBAY AND POONA.

PIANOS

The best selection by First Class makers, kept by

ROSE & CO.,

and supplied on SPECIAL TERMS for CASH or the HIRE SYSTEM

PIANOS.

FEVER DROPS. As. 4 (PROF. GAJJAR'S FORMULA.) The BEST and CHEAPEST Remedy for all FEVERS.

BLOOD PURIFYING SOLUTION. Re. 1 (PROF. GAJJAR'S FORMULA) For poor or IMPURE BLOOD. Strongly recommended for SYPHILITIC TROUBLES,

SHARMA'S INKS. Equal to the best Imported INKS, but CHEAPER For Particulars, Apply to THE SUPERINTENDENT, [illegible]

BREEK'S MEMORIAL SCHOOL, OOTACAMUND, NILGHIRI HILLS, SOUTH INDIA.

AFTER many changes, the above School, in the healthiest Hill Station of South India, comes entirely under Government management, and will begin work as a High Class School for Europeans only on January 1st, 1906. A trained and competent English Graduate is being specially brought out as Headmaster. Arrangements will be made for taking Boarders.

Enquiries should be addressed for the present to INSPECTOR OF EUROPEAN SCHOOLS, MADRAS.

GUARANTEED CARRIAGE RUBBER TYRES COUPE'S STEEL WHEELS MOTOR CAR TYRES Inner Tubes & Outer Covers of all Sizes RUBBER MATTING, ACCUMULATORS, HORNS, ETC. BICYCLE ACCESSORIES Tyres, Tubes, Etc., of Best Dunlop make. OUR GOODS CHALLENGE COMPETITION AND ARE GUARANTEED TO BE WITHOUT BLEMISH.

For prices etc., apply to GOVINDJI MADHOWJI & Co., 5, Hummum Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

POONA AGENTS. Messrs. FRENCHMAN & Co., 64, CIVIL LINES.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Melbourne 2431 tons, Captain J Carde, will sail to-day for Marseilles, with a general cargo.

THE steamer Gogovale, 2038 tons, Captain J C Rogers arrived in harbour on Thursday evening from Calcutta 12th November, with a cargo of coal.

THE steamer Kosedistan, 1729 tons, Captain J S Crouch, arrived in harbour yesterday from Tellichery 13th November, via Marmugoa, with a general cargo.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Nowshera, 1951 tons, Captain J Farquharson, sailed yesterday for Calcutta via coast ports, with a general cargo, Revd Saldanha, Miss Annie, and 75 deck passengers.

DISTRESSED SEAMEN.

Some correspondence has takenplace between the Merchant Service Guild and Board of Trade on the matter of six seamen who signed on the Dutch steamer "Sala Hadji" at Barry Dock and were discharged from her before the Dutch consul at Singapore. These six men, it appears, were given passages as distressed British seamen on board the P. and O. s.s. Java" which convey them to London. The Guild inquired whether there were any obligations on mearchent Captains to carry as distressed seamen, men who had been serving in ships of foreign nationality, and also as to whether the expenses incurred in bringing them home had been recovered from the owners of the "Sala Hadji" against whom there did not appear to be any legal claim or, otherwise, whether the expenses had fallen upon the the owners of the "Java" or the British Government. Sir T. W. P. Blomefield, replying on behalf of the Board of Trade, stated that it was obligatory upon Masters of British vessels to afford passages home to distressed British seamen from foreign ships, and that the cost of the passages home of the crew of the "Sala Hadji" would, it was expected be entirely borne by the owners of that steamer. The Guild, in the course of a furthr letter, stated that two of the men who were brought home as distressed British seamen bore names of admittedly alien character. They suggested that the Board should make inquiries on the point as the Guild desired to ascertain for the information of their members generally whether Masters of merchant ships are required to carry men paid off from foreign vessels as distressed seamen irrespective of their nationality. Sir T. W. P. Blomefield has now informed the guild that two seamen, foreigners by birth joined the "Sala Hadji" at Barry, and they may be the men mentioned by the Guild. Nothing further, however, is known of the men who, it is said, may be domiciled in England. The conclusion, the Guild are informed that Masters of British vessels can be required to convey distressed British subjects discharged from a foreign vessel, but not foreigners discharged from a foreign vessel.

ARRIVALS.

Nov.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
23	Gogovale s	Rogers	Calcutta, Nov 12
24	Mooltan s	Henning	London, Nov 3
	Koordistan s	Crouch	Tellichery, Nov 13

DEPARTURES.

Nov.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
24	Nowshera s	Farquharson	Calcutta, &c
	Dunrobin s	Ransom	Middlesbro
	Forest Brook s ...	Binks	Baltimore
	Lhasa s	McDiarmed ..	Karachi

The steamer Melbourne, Capt Cardo, obtained her port-clearance yesterday for Marseilles.

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—
Steamer Hild, for Singapore, &c.
" Koordistan, for Havre, &c.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The B I S N Co's steamer Mombassa, passed Lisbon on the morning of the 23rd instant.

The Florio and Rubattino Co's steamer Ischia, left Singapore for Bombay on the 24th instant.

DAILY EXPORTS.—Nov. 24

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Olympia s—121 bales cotton Glazebrook Tejpal and Co; 155 bales wool W and A Graham and Co; 12 bales wool R M Kooka 647 cwts oil cakes Raill Brothers; 7 bales cotton the New Mofussil Co; 55 bales wool N Goculdass; 27 bales wool G Gungadass; 31 bales wool O Kallianwal; 29 bales wool G Gooman Mal; 190 bales wool W and A Graham and Co; 24 bales wool Ewart Latham and Co; 110 bales wool R Tata; 110 bales wool E D Sassoon and Co; 39 bales wool J Kara. Aston Hall s—4000 cwts oil cake K B Sajan 300 cwts myrabolams and 101 cwts gum Padamsee Jethabhoy; 4000 cwts oil cake, Sheriff Bhimjee; 2000 cwts Kurdee Cakes E D Sassoon and Co; 3851 cwts rapeseeds and 24000 cwts wheat Raill Brothers; 2000 cwts mowrasseed Nanoo Khairaz and Co

FOR GLASGOW.

Olympia s—12000 cwts bone meal Moolji Jamal

FOR SPAIN.

Olympia s—1000 cwts wheat Raill Brothers

FOR ANTWERP.

Kilbride Bachelor s—110 bales cotton A Blaschecck and Co; 83400 Cottonfly K Visram and Co: 2000 cwts castorseed Ernst Lam and Co; 800 cwts rapeseed and 1000 cwts gingelyseed Ernst Lam and Co, 11 cwts gum E Moliff.

Argenfels s—110 bales cotton A Blaschecck and Co 55 bal s cotton Gaddum and Co, 275 bales cotton The Bombay and Co, 440 bals cotton E Spinner and Co, 110 bales cotton the New Mofussil and Co, 48 cwts gum P Jethabhoy

FOR HAMBURG.

Argenfels s—55 bales cotton Gaddum and Co, 110 bales cotton A Blaschecck and Co, 220 bales cotton the Bombay Co. 50 bales hemp N Futehally and Co, 2001 cwts gingellyseed A Blaschecck and Co, 1001 cwts myrabolams P Jethabhoy, 1004 cwts myrabolams Ebjee Cursetjy, 119 cwts weedseed A H Abdul Carim and Co, 197 bals cottonfly Tyabjee and Co

FOR HAVRE.

Aston Hall s—200 bales cotton Glazebrook Tejpal an1 Co, 2001 cwts linseed E D Sassoon and Co, 2003 cwts rapeseed Jehangir Cama and Co, 300 cwts gum M J Joomabhoy and Co, 2000 bales cotton Prior de Saone and Co, 17 cwts beeswax D Vallyjhoy and Co

FOR HONGKONG

Dalia s—8 cases butter The National Dairy Co, 300 bales twist David Sassoon and Co, 75 cwts Sarkfins and 3 cwts fishmaws K Dhanjie and Co, 18 cwts fishmaws and 45 cwts sharkfins M J Joomabhoy and Co, 53 chests opium The P and O S N Co, 22 cwts medicine of case saffron M M Essabhoy, 27 bales twist C Bhawanidas

China s—200 bales twist Talati and Co

FOR SHANGHAI

Deitha s—700 bales twist David Sassoon and Co, 55 cases butter The National Dairy Co, 3 bales piecegoods, R S N Talati and Co, 7 bales piecegoods C Macdonald and Co

FOR KOBE

Glenlee s—146 cwts rapeseed Shroff and Co, 503 bales cotton C Ebrahim and Co

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Glenlee s—5 cwts moyee beans S D Karanjia and Co

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS, BY LT.-COL. LOUIS P. RUSSELL COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, November 25.

MEETINGS

There will be a meeting of the Carbine Association at the Gluh, Apollo Bunder, to-day (Saturday) the 25th instant at 6-45 p m.

Business—To pass accounts and arrange programme for current season.

There will be a meeting of the Regimental Committee at the B V A Club on Monday the 27th instant at 6-30 p m.

By Order H. O. COATES, Lieut, Ag. Adjt. B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT-COL. E. FERRERS NICHOLSON, V. D, COMMANDING.

Bombay, November 25.

1 The Range at Ghat Cooper and the 115th Native Infantry Rifle Range at Santa Cruz will be available for Class Firing on Sunday 26th instant.

2 Lieut C Noel Moberly, 1st Vol Batln Leicester Regiment is attached to the Corps and posted to "I" Company Cadets.

By Order, G. D. PRICE, Captain, Adjutant B. V. R.

BOMBAY YACHT CLUB RACES.

Tomtit Class and Small Boat Handicap Race—Sails at 2 45 p.m. to-day.

Names of Boats.	Time Allows M	S	Entered by
Tomtit	4	0	Dr F M Gibson
Maud	9	30	Mr J E Needham
Clutha	6	0	Mr J J Welch
Midget	15	0	Officers, B A
Corallo	10	0	Mr A Leggatt
Sayonara	Sch		Mr C G Nomico & Capt Crosse

Course—From Committee Vessel round Sunk Rock, round North Karanja Buoy leaving both to Port, and thence to Committee Vessel leaving it to Starboard, Course No, 4 reversed= 7-9miles| Time-limit—3-15 p. m.

Ships Boat Race (Service Rig)—Sails at 3 p.m. to-day.

No.	Names of Boats.	Time Allows M	S	Entered
	H M S "Terrible"			
20ft Gig "2" flag H N	12	0		
22ft Gig "Largo" 4" B N	10	0		Mr Kenneth
26ft Cutter "5" flag B N Sch				S.
27ft Whaler "1" flag H N	20	0		Carpmael
32ft Barge "3" flag H N.	10	0		R. N.

Course—From Committee Vessel round South Karanja Buoy leaving it to Starboard and back to Committee Vessel. Course No. 2=6. 6. miles Time-limit—5-45 p. m.

HIGH COURT.—November 25.

Before the Hon. Mr. Justice BATCHELOR.

Contested Chamber Matters.

For Consent decree.

719 02—Bicknell and R—Chimanglal Bhimraj and another vs R S "Talati and others—Edgelow.

723—01—Pegram and Co—The Bombay Trading Co Ltd vs Pudumsey Damdidhuradhm—Khunderao S and L for exparte decree and for postponement.

145—Johnson and Co—Madhavjee Dayal and another vs Motinsvahoo widow and another—Crawford B and Co and Thakurdas and Co.

315-05—Maganlal J and G—Vullee Mahomed Peer Mahomed vs S A Ellis—In person.

692-05—Mercantile J and B—Khimjee Purshotum and others vs Vithaldas Ramdas and others—M B Chothia.

676-04—Little and Co Runchordas, Vithaldas and another vs Kesserbai widow and others—Thakurdas and Co

438-04—Gopalrao and V—Sorabai widow vs Rabidas widow and others—Thakurdas and Co

[illegible]—Chunilal C—Ram Sahoo Salkey vs Rabidas Sahoo and others—Thakurdas and Co—Land Mortgage and others.

COX & CO., BANKERS AND AGENTS. HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT and FIXED DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened, and interest allowed thereon. Terms may be ascertained on application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT and CIRCULAR NOTES issued.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made, and addresses registered with London Office free of charge.

PASSAGES ENGAGED and best available berths secured to all parts of the world free of charge of commission.

PASSENGERS met on arrival and

BAGGAGE received for shipment and clearance.

INSURANCES of every description effected.

List of representatives and correspondents and all information in connection with Agency business furnished on application.

HEAD OFFICE: 16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications intended for publication in our columns must be addressed to THE EDITOR and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

SATURDAY, NOV. 25, 1905.

PANAMA AND ITS CANAL.

PANAMA through which it has at last been decided that the long-projected and partially excavated Canal is to be run at sea level, is a young republic, but it can count within its narrow boundaries many valuable assets. Its most promising source of wealth is the coal that has been found in quantities at no great depth. European initiative discovered and is now exploiting the coal-fields. A French company possesses the exclusive concession of all carboniferous veins or petroleum fields to be found in the Isthmus. The coal so far dug out is mostly on the Pacific slopes but one of the principal mines, that of Bocas del Taro, is on the Atlantic side and has the special advantage of being near Colon, where it must consequently be soon brought into requisition. The concession was granted by the former Government of Colombia, and the new Panama legislature has decreed that concessions thus given remain in force. The diplomatic representative of France in Panama has certified that the signature of the Secretary of State to the decree establishes its authenticity. This has been proved by the acknowledgment of the rights of the old French company to the Panama canal, rights which have been finally passed over to the United States Government for a substantial sum of money, Panama coal has been tested by experts and is declared to be as good as any imported. One field employs it in the transport of fruit by locomotives and by a fleet of fifty steamers, thus affording already a profitable outlet for the produce of the mine. Once the Canal is made, the coal requirements of the ships going through it will afford an ever enlarging market, from which it is expected that English coal will be excluded. The Panama mines will certainly compete vigorously with British and North American coal. The Isthmian virgin forests, though they have no system of arboriculture whatever, are rich in splendid trees. They are scarcely touched yet though they include all the most valuable timber peculiar to the tropics. The gayak, the mora or American teak, rosewood, ironwood, ebony satinwood, the imperishable curutu and camelot, mahogany, yellow, red and thorny cedars, yellow sandalwood, and many others that are a treasure to the builder and the cabinet-maker, nearly all of them, light or heavy, are impervious to the onslaught of insects. There are besides a great many dyewoods, and medicinal plants. Few of all these good things are utilised at present. Very little has been done in the direction of tapping the rubber supply, or the gums and resins, the fruits or vegetables that abound here. Minerals represent an undoubted source of wealth. Iron, copper, mercury, silver, gold and platinum are plentiful, particularly in the more southern region. All the affluents to the rignt of the Atrato, rising in the cordillera of Antioquia, bring down quantities of gold. Auriferous quartz and very rich clay soil are found in Mount Pirre, and the sands of the numerous rivulets that flow from it nearly all contain precious metals. Petroleum exists in sufficient quantity to justify experts in boring.

All these tokens of the riches lying untouched in Panama, encourage sanguine people to believe that they will pay for the construction of the Canal. That, according to the engineers consulted, will cost something like one hundred and eighty million dollars or thirty-six millions sterling, a large sum to be recouped out of the natural wealth of the country. The great question, since the United States bought up the rights of the last French canal company for forty million dollars has been whether it should be constructed on the plan of a summit level, more or less high, or on a sea-level basis. The latter was estimated to require nearly double the money of the former and at least three years more time, but there is not the least doubt that it will prove the safest and best eventually. A long exposition in the "Century Magazine" of the different plans gives a clear idea of the advantages and disadvantages of each. The summit level scheme would require several locks, and there would consequently be considerable delays and much risk in vessels navigating the different reaches. The sea-level plan will need, it is thought, one tidal lock on the Pacific side to negociate with safety the current set up by the variation in level between the Pacific and Atlantic tides. The Chagres river, part of which will enter into the canal system, is one of the three giant difficulties to be turned. It needs stern control when the violent rains of the region change it into a raging torrent, rising forty feet in a few hours. This irregular and not easily calculated increase in the volume of water, which would mean destruction to the most carefully constructed Canal, is to be controlled by creating a lake, by building a strong dam at Gamboa, capable of holding back as much water as flows down the river in a year. This will obviate all danger from sudden storms and the lake will provide power for conversion into electricity to light all the canal and the cities of Panama and Colon or any other small towns that may rise along the line and will, moreover, supply the power required to operate the canal works. The Chagres will thus be made to pay its way instead of dealing out ruin. The cut through the "divide" is the most troublesome and expensive part of the engineering. The whole depth to be excavated, for a sea-level canal, was about 380 feet. Of this the French companies had cut away 180 feet. There still remains therefore, of this part 200 feet to excavate, and that for a length of eight miles. What such an undertaking means can be imagined from the calculation that there will be 250 million cubic feet of clay and rock to cart away, a labour that will require a regular railway service, capable of removing 5,000 waggon loads daily during the ten years the construction will take. It is estimated that to serve the machines and the trains the enormous number of at least 20,000 men will be needed all the time. It is a truly gigantic undertaking, one that will dwarf all preceding engineering feats.

The climate of the Isthmus is not the least [illegible] able deterrent from the inception of the construction of the canal. The French companies suffered terribly from fevers which its moist and hot temperature foster. Tropical rains are frequent. Yellow and malarial fever flourished and carried off foreigners with cruel frequency. When the United States Government became the owners, they determined to take advantage of the advance in medical science, and make the place as salubrious as was possible by the energetic applicatiou of sanitary measures. The mosquito—guilty of the carrying to and fro of the Chagres fever, was doomed. It was not an easy thing to kill or banish them all, but much has been effected. The existence of malarial parasites in the blood of sixty per cent. of the inhabitants of several villages in the Canal zone was proved and to Panama has been dealt out the same treatment that succeeded so well with Cuba and Havana. War was waged against filth and mosquitos. The same medical men of the army and navy who had worked in Havana were employed. A good water supply has been created, as well as a system of sewers. The old cisterns and wells on which the people depended for drinking water have been removed or filled up. It was impossible to do away with the swamps surrounding the cities, but as the mosquito does not migrate far these were no: the ever present danger that the wells and stagnant water about the houses offered. So searching were the measures that the holy-water fonts in the churches were examined and the mosquito larvae being found there in multitudes, the church authorities were asked to put salt in the water. Among the ten thousand workmen employed from July 1904 to July 1905 there were only one hundred and sixty-one cases of yellow fever of whom fifty-two died, and this is considered a vast improvement in that region. Amerieа will naturally reap the chief benefit from the cutting of the Panama Canal It will make an enormous difference in the distance her ships will have to travel. From New York to Yokohama, the transit will be less by over 3,700 miles and to San Francisco by 7,600 miles It will do wonders for the wheat-fields of the western Pacific states, and the writer in the "Century" prophesies that it will make of San Francisco the "gateway of the Pacific" where vessels will be bound to stop for coal and supplies. All this remains to be proved, just as the Canal has still to be built, but it is not likely that the United States will lose much time in putting it through. They have the men, they have the money, and if it promise so immediate a benefit to them as is here indicated the Herculean task of its construction will be rapidly overcome.

HARBOURLESS JAPAN.

THE outbreak of war prevented Japan from carrying out a number of pressing public works, and now that it is over, one of her first cares will, doubtless, be to put them in hand. The most important of these works, as well as the most urgent, will be the construction of harbours, for though Japan is essentially a maritime country, she has not, according to a native authority, a single good commercial harbour. Nagasaki has a very pretty land locked harbour, but it is a very small one and there is apparently no possibility of enlarging it. Shimonoseki and Moji are on either side of a strait, and these so called harbours are traversed by very strong currents, so that accidents in them are frequent. Kobe is very much exposed to winds from the sea. It is really more a roadstead than a harbour and it is often difficult to land and ship cargo or passengers there. To a great extent Kobe is the port of Osaka, and Osaka is said to be very anxious to do its own shipping business, although at present it is frequented by comparatively small vessels. Great efforts, however, are being made to improve the harbour. To past improvements the state has contributed £500,000 and the city of Osaka £1,500,000, but it is estimated that a further expenditure of £1,000,000 will be necessary in order to make the work complete. Attempts have been made to improve the shallow harbour of Yokohama and to make it safer by the construction of break-waters, but the work has not kept pace with the growth in size of ocean steamers. Worst of all, perhaps, is the case of Tokio, the Capital of Japan, whose harbour is so bad that no ocean steamers go beyond Yokohama. For twenty years, according to the "Nichi Nichi Shimbun," the construction of a suitable harbour and approaches there has been mooted, but practically nothing has been done, "and when it will be begun nobody knows." The Japanese coasts and inland water are very subject to fogs and many ships are consequently lost annually.

STRAITS SETTLEMENTS TRADE.

TRADE in the Straits Settlements was at a lower ebb in 1904 than it had been for many years, and the Chinese dealers had a distinctly unsatisfactory time. The explanation given in the Colonial Office report is the curtailment of markets, due to Java and Macassar extending their influence in Dutch Borneo, Sumatra, and the Moluccas. The high duties in Saigon and the Philippines have not improved matters. It is noted that some firms have restrained as much as possible from importing on their own account, preferring the security of the commission which indent business offers. Dutch mercantile houses are extending their ramifications is different directions, and Singapore has seen an increase in the number of foreign firms. In spite, however, of the general depression in trade, the year was marked by considerable activity in several agricultural industries. In Province Wellesley and Malacca there was a marked increase in rubber cultivation, and still more so in the Federated Malay States. The area under cultivation now in the Peninsula is very large, and the prepared rubber is in great demand by home manufacturers, the best samples having taken the highest price ever paid in 1904, viz, 6s. 1 1/2d. per lb. A few Para rubber estates were started in Singapore, but there is not much land suited for this cultivation in the island. An extensive series of experiments was carried out last year in the Botanic Gardens to discover improved methods of tapping and preparing rubber. In Singapore the area under cultivation of pineapples continues to increase, and a good deal of old land, abandoned since the days of gambier cultivation has now been put under pineapples. Cocoanut plantations in Penang and Province Wellesley are flourishing, and some additional hundreds of acres were put under cultivation last year, and a small increase is recorded for Singapore. "Further attempts were made to grow cotton, but it does not seem to have been really successful anywhere, and, says the report, is never likely to be an important product of the colony.

FRENCH VERSUS ENGLISH SUBMARINES.

THE "Yacht" in an article upon the building of submarines in France and England, establishes a comparison between the progress made in the two countries. The result is to show M. Pelletan, the late Minister, disappointed his admirers. He began by suppressing eleven submersibles of the "Aigrette" class, and then, after being at the Ministry for eighteen months, put in hand twenty-one submarines, really proposing to add ten to the flotilla provided for. while in the same period England began nineteen large submarines. Moreover, among the boats ordered by M. Pelletan were ten small vessels of the "Gueps" class (45 to s). All the specialists of the French navy officers and engineers have protested energetically against this small class. The "Nalade" type, of 68 tons, has also been universally condemned as too small, but M. Pelletan would listen to no one. The motor of his small boats is of a new and untried type, and his successor has been obliged to stop the construction of eight out of the ten. Thus M. Pelletan added to the French flotilla only two submarines, although he had posed as a strong advocate of submarine construction. Again, the French submarines are of sixteen different types, while the English are only of three, [illegible]

nage of the French, starting at 31, rose to 266, descended to 130, rose again to 184, descended to 68, then rose to 300 or 400 afterwards descending to 45, and once again rose to 425, showing by these capricious movements the illogical policy of the French Admiralty, the English submarines have progressively increased in size for ascertained and logical reasons. The only consolation which the "Yacht" can find in its belief that English submarines have been proved by their trials to be "tres mediocres." Reference is made to English mishaps, but we do not think these point to any imferiority of type.

HIS EXCELLENCY Lord Lamington, accompanied by Mr. DaBoulay, Private Secretary, Colonel Owen Military Secretary, Major Yarr, R. A. M. C., and Captain Greig, A.-D.-C., pay a week end visit to Matheran, starting to-day and returning on Monday to Bombay. Matheran is very cool and pleasant just now. With the exception of Sir Richard Temple who spent a couple of days there, no Governor has visited Matheran since the time of Lord Elphinstone, who had a lodge there.

A CABINET Council was held yesterday and it is generally felt to be the first step towards the resignation of the Government. Sir H. Campbell-Bannerman has declared definitely for Home Rule and seems to claim the Liberal Leadership by refusing to form a Ministery without a dissolution, Lord Rosebery challenges Mr. Chamberlain on the Fiscal Policy, but the "Morning Post" thinks the latter will lead the Unionist party which, it will be remembered, was suggested as the end of a compromise which included Mr. Chamberlain's resignation from the Colonial Office two years ago. A General Election is felt to be imminent.

THE opium revenue to date is seven lakhs of rupees better than the estimate.

IT has been definitely decided to retain the site of the Dharmsala Cantonment as a location for Native troops.

A SUM of Rs. 9,000 is to be distributed by the Civil Veterinary Department in prizes at cattle fairs in the Punjab during the year 1905-06.

THE Rangoon Municipality is raising a loan of Rs. 766,000, and tenders are invited. The debentures will bear interest at the rate of 4 1/2 per cent.

MR. WINSTON CHURCHILL'S book on Lord Randolph Churchill will be published by Messrs. Macmillan and Co., in the course of January.

THE Chinese Viceroy Yuan has instituted a Department of Industry, with an Industrial College attached, at Peking. Things are really moving in China, it seems.

THE goods traffic on the B. B. & C. I. Railway for the week ending 28th October shows a decrease on the corresponding week of 1904 of 46,926 mds. and Rs. 9,750 in the earnings.

MR. F. D. COUCHMAN has been transferred from the Office of the Railway Board to the North-Western State Railway and takes charge of the Karachi division as Executive Engineer.

THE famous marg at Gulmarg will not after all be spoilt by the promiscuous building of European shanties, as the Resident in Kashmir has at last stepped in and drawn a boundary line so that no house can encroach on the marg.

SIR Michael Hicks-Beach and his four daughters will arrive in Madras from Colombo to-day and will be the guests of H. E. the Governor and Lady Ampthill at Government House, Guindy.

THE P. and O. Company's s.s. Himalaya with the outward mails of the 17th instant left Suez at 4 p.m. on November 23, several hours later than usual having been detained by a thick fog.

HIS Excellency the Governor and Lady Ampthill, accompanied by Major W. M. Campbell, Military Secretary and Captain R. D'A Fitz, A.-D.-C., reached Madras on Wednesday. The arrival was private. The usual salute was fired.

The Ceylon Estimates for next year provide for Rs. 2,300 to convert the Colombo House of Observation into a Hospital for Tropical Diseases, of rather research ward of the General Hospital. Professor Strickland will be chiefly responsible for the research ward.

A HOME paper states that two Indian Princes whose States their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales were to honour with a visit ordered from Messrs. Robinson and Cleaver of Belfast two thousand pounds' worth of table and bed linen, towels, blankets, down-pillows and many other such articles of the finest texture and newest design.

AN Imperial Decree has been issued in Peking, granting the request of the Army Reorganization Council regarding the establishment of a Military Academy for the sons of princes, nobles, and high officials of the Empire. The suggestion is warmly approved by their Majesties, and fathers are commanded to impress upon their sons and elder brothers to exhort their younger brothers as to the importance of joining the proposed "Peers' Military Academy" for the ultimate glory and welfare of their country.

SIR ROPER LETHBRIDGE reaches Colombo, on the 27th instant, on his way to Calcutta, and he expects, to be in Madras and Mysore during the latter part of January or early in February next. He has come out, "inter alia," to represent the Anti-Tea Duty League of which he is one of the Vice Presidents, and it is likely he may address a meeting of those interested in the tea industry in South India either at Madras or wherever may be thought most convenient for the purpose, during his visit. It has already been arranged for him to address such meetings at Calcutta and Colombo.

THE Connell Cup Polo Tournament founded by the late Mr. C. J. Connell, a Civilian, who is still remembered with affectionate regret by the elder generation has, this year, undergone considerable change in its conditions. Mr. Connell's intention in giving a Cup was to provide some encouragement for station and junior polo teams in the N.-W. P., Oudh and the surrounding districts, at a time when nothing but the military tournaments existed. As a keen polo player himself, he recognised that the standard of the game generally would be kept low as long as no one who was not a member of a regimental team ever got a chance of playing in anything better than the ordinary pick up game. For some time the Connell Cup on its original lines supplied a want and flourished. Then came the rapid multiplication of local polo tournaments all over, leading to a state of things in which it is no longer the players who have to look about for tournaments, but tournament secretaries who have to hunt and canvas for entries. Under these circumstances it became a question of changing the status of the Tournament or of allowing it to relapse into a merely local event. The former course has been chosen, and the Tournament has been thrown open to the whole of India, with British Cavalry and Native States' teams only barred. The effect of the new conditions is that any station or any service can make up a team, the only limitation being that the combinations cannot include players who are eligible to enter regimentally. Thus the R.A. or R.E. or C.S. or Police or Survey might enter a team drawn from the whole strength of their service in India. The new rules appear to be simple, and to some extent their idea is original and may give the Tournament a character of its own. This year it is to be played on the 15th December, and though there is a good military entry, including the 14th Lancers, 4th Cavalry, South Staffordshire, Somerset Light Infantry and a local O.S. team, the time is too short for the alterations to have produced much effect. Next year it will be seen whether any new combinations have been stimulated into existence.

IN the new War Office buildings in [illegible] the rooms of which are being allocated to [illegible] pation, the Secretary of State is to have a [illegible] room to avoid disturbance by the increasing [illegible] of the street.

THE rector of Burnham Thorpe, the birthplace of Nelson, has received a letter from the Secretary of "The Children of the Empire in Canada," offering to give, in the name of Canada, the tenor bell in a centenary peal of eight bells proposed to be placed in the parish church. The Canadian offer is extensive upon other Colonies seeming to provide the remaining bells. The sons of the late Admiral Boyle, [illegible]

IMPERIALISM AND FREE TRADE.

UNIONIST QUARRELS.

THE quarrels and recriminations of the Unionists fill up a great space in the papers. First of all Mr. Austen Chamberlain devoted much of his speech to his constituents at Strechley on Nov. 2 to a reply to Lord Londonderry and affirmation that Fiscal Reform will be the first issue at the general election. In the course of his speech he observed:—

"He noticed there was an inclination in certain quarters to place it in a secondary place. That was not the view of the Government or of the Prime Minister—(cheers)—in their view it was the greatest issues which they had to put before the people. Having set their hands to the plough they were not going to turn back, they "were not going to desert the task which they had undertaken. (A Voice: "Then why not appeal to the country?") Whether the immediate fortunes of the fight be in their favour or against them the Fiscal system under which we had worked for the last 60 years was out of date and no longer responded to the needs of the time in which we lived. (Cheers.) The weapons with which we fought our competitors must change with the changing circumstances of the time. (Hear, hear.)"

Lord Londonderry's speech, however, has caused widespread perturbation. In a letter in the dignity of great type in the "Standard." Unionist asserts that the majority of the party is with Mr. Chamberlain:—

"Surely the way to promote unity in any party is not for the minority to crow over the majority. That the supporters of Mr. Chamberlain's policy in the Conservative and Unionist ran

DISSOLUTION PROSPECTS

MEETING OF THE CABINET.

"C.-B." FOR HOME RULE.

THE FISCAL QUESTION.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Nov. 23.

A Cabinet meeting will be held to-morrow. Rumour anticipates that the result will be the first step towards the resignation of the Government, which to-day is the all absorbing topic.

The Liberal newspapers declare that Sir H. Campbell Bannerman will refuse to form a Cabinet under the present circumstances and will insist upon a dissolution.

LONDON, Nov. 24.

The "Morning Post" says that Mr. Chamberlain and not Mr. Balfour will lead the Unionists at the elections.

The papers continue to take Mr. Balfour's resignation for granted.

Sir H. Campbell-Bannerman, speaking at Stirling last night, openly declared in favour of Home Rule for Ireland and said his conviction regarding this was now stronger than ever. He advised the Nationalists to accept any instalment of a representative control that might be offered, provided it led up to a larger policy.

LATER.

The Cabinet Council lasted two hours to-day and it is understood they have decided not to resign.

LONDON, Nov. 23.

Lord Rosebery began a week's political campaign in Cornwall yesterday by speaking at Penzance last night.

He challenged Mr. Chamberlain to produce a workable scheme for the fiscal union of the Empire without gravely interfering with the fiscal independence of the Colonies and Motherland.

LORD LANSDOWNE AT LIVERPOOL.

England's Trade Treaties.

LONDON, Nov. 24.

Lord Lansdowne, speaking at Liverpool, said the most favoured nation clause had become obsolete and Great Britain must rely more upon contracts and bargains in which the interests of the country were specially provided for. He instanced the new treaty with Persia replacing the old favoured nation arrangement and said if there was any tampering with the Persian tariff in future Great Britain would have first to be consulted. Similar arrangements were being made with Roumania and Bulgaria.

DEPARTURE OF KING HAKO FROM COPENHAGEN.

An Impressive Farewell.

Copenhagen is profusely decorated with flags to-day and the streets are thronged with people to see the departure of the new King and Queen of Norway for Christiania.

Both were deeply moved when bidding farewell to King Christian and the other Royalties on the quay. The forts saluted as the royal Yacht Dannebrog ran up the royal flag of Norway and steamed out escorted by a flotilla of warships.

Prince Henry of Prussia in his flagship joined the escort at Elsinore.

NEW JAPANESE LOAN.

The Issue in London.

It is officially stated that twenty-five millions of the four per cent. fifty million Japanese loan will be issued on the 28th instant, at 90.

Paris takes twelve millions, London 6 1/2, New York 3 1/4, and Berlin 3 1/4 millions.

LONDON, Nov. 24.

One million 4 1/2 per cent. debentures of the Kansai railway loan in Japan were issued in London yesterday at 97 1/2.

THE UNEMPLOYED FUND.

LONDON, Nov. 23.

The Duke of Connaught has given £250 to the unemployed fund.

ROYAL MOVEMENTS.

LONDON, Nov. 24.

Queen Alexandra and the King of Greece go to Sandringham to-day where they will be joined by His Majesty King Edward.

THE FAMINE IN RAJPUTANA.

AREA OF DISTRESS EXTENDING.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 10.

The pinch of the Rajputana famine is becoming closer and is extending into Gwalior where arrangements are in progress to open famine works.

The official crop reports for the past week show that 23,000 persons are now under relief in the British districts of Ajmer and Merwara and 4,000 in the Native States of Merwara and Dholpur. The last detailed famine statement from this region says: "Distress is not acute as might be expected but is increasing. The classes mostly affected are agricultural who, when unable to emigrate, resort freely to relief works. There is no wondering or general appearance of emaciation and no danger of the influx of foreigners. The famine prevails in parts of Marwar and in the Seimuntura Jagir of Dholpur."

The prices of food grains are still rising in the United Provinces, also in Gwalior, Malwa, and Bhopawar. The condition of the cattle is described as poor in Agra and Oudh and water is running short in parts of Agra, Banda and Delhi.

The Lyallpur and Multan cotton crop is described as having failed. Fodder is scarce in Sialkot, in parts of Lahore, Amritsar and Mianwali, and in Rohtak and Delhi where standing crops and leaves of trees are being used.

Six thousand persons are under relief in the United Provinces.

COURT MOURNING IN INDIA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 24.

The following "Gazette or India" Extraordinary is published:—Intelligence having been received of the death of His Royal Highness Prince Phillip of Belgium, Count of Flanders, and of his Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Luxembourg. Court mourning is ordered for one week from the 22nd November for the former, and for two weeks from the same date for the latter. When attending at the Viceregal Court ladies will appear in black and officers in uniform will wear a crape band on the left arm.

GRATIFYING evidence of the success attending British enterprise is furnished by the awards now officially notified by the International Jury of the Liege Exhibition. Six Grand Prizes, three Diplomas of Honour and three Gold Medals have been awarded to Messrs. Wellcome & Co., etc.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

NEW GOVERNOR OF MADRAS.

Sir Arthur Lawley.

LONDON, Nov. 23

Captain the Hon Sir Arthur Lawley, at present Lieutenant Governor of the Transvaal, has been appointed Governor of Madras.

Capt. the Hon. Sir Arthur Lawley, K. C. M. G., created in 1901, is the fourth son of the second Baron Wenlock. Born in 1860 he is still a comparatively young man, but has had considerable experience in Government. Formerly a Captain in the 10th Hussars he became Private Secretary to the Duke of Westminister in 1892. From 1898 to 1901, he was Administrator of Matabeleland, proceeding to the Governorship of Western Australia. In 1902, he returned to South Africa and has since been Lieut.-Governor of the Transvaal. In 1885 he married Annie Allen, daughter of Sir Edward Cunard and sister of the present Baronet who is the third of the family which founded the famous Trans-Atlantic line.

LORD MINTO IN CALCUTTA.

RECEIVES A DEPUTATION FROM NATIVE STATES.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 24.

This afternoon His Excellency the Viceroy received a deputation from the States of Patiala, Bahawalpur, Jind and Nabha to enquire after their Excellencies' health and to present letters of welcome from their respective Chiefs.

THE CURZON MEMORIAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 24.

The subscriptions received and promised for the Lord Curzon Memorial Fund to date amount to Rs. 34,000.

"GAZETTE OF INDIA" NOTIFICATIONS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 24.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Dr. E. D. Ross, principal of the Calcutta Madrassah, is gazetted to carry on the duties of officer in charge of the records of the Government of India in addition to those of his present post until further orders.

The following Indian Civilians are transferred to the New Province of Eastern Bengal and Assam:—Messrs H. Luxon, B V Nicholl, F. C. French and A. H. Clayton.

Sir J. A. Boardillon is permitted to resign the Indian Civil Service with effect from last Wednesday.

Captain G Lamb, I. M. S. is posted to special duty under the Government of India.

I.M.S. Captains R.M.C.L. Dalziel and E.R. Perry are posted for employment in the Jail Departments of Bengal, and Eastern Bengal and Assam, respectively.

The Metropolitan is proceeding on tour in Western Bengal and the United Provinces. He will be at Allahabad on the 29th of November to the 1st December and at Dinapore on the 2nd and 3rd.

The Rev. C. J. Palmer from leave is posted to the Central Provinces.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

The following postings of newly appointed Assistant Engineers is notified:—Messrs. Brice and Lace to Madras; Messrs Trench, Macdougall Cousens and Duggan to Bombay, Mr. Kerr to Bengal, Messrs Bunting, Stampe and Anderson to the United Provinces; Messrs Lewis, Robertson, Armstrong, Ross and Nicholson to the Punjab; Messrs Start, Teulon and Holme to Burma; Messrs Pollard and Davies to the Central Provinces.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following are gazetted additional members of the Viceroy's Legislative Council; Messrs. S. Ismay, W. T. Hall, A. C. Logan and the Nawab of Dacca.

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT.

Lieut. V. R. Cotter is posted to the Survey of India.

Mr. R. W. B. C. Wood is appointed Supernumerary Deputy Director of Agriculture in the Imperial Department.

Mr. C. C. Hatt, Deputy Conservator of Forests in Bengal, is transferred to Eastern Bengal and Assam.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. Chapman, Deputy Auditor General, is granted six weeks leave and Mr. Clarke, Asstt. Comptroller General, Paper Currency, one year's leave, Mr. Worgan succeeding him.

The following postings are also notified: Mr. L. E. Pritchard to be Deputy Comptroller-General, Mr. R. Waterfield to be Assistant Accountant General in Burma; Mr. A. H. Anthony to be Comptroller of the Post Office; Mr. J. A. Robertson to be Deputy Accountant-General in Bengal and Mr. W. H. Michael as Officiating Accountant-General in the Punjab.

COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY DEPARTMENT.

Mr. J Coggin Brown is appointed Assistant Superintendent, Geological Survey of India.

In supersession of the previous notification Mr. W. Maxwell is appointed Postmaster General, Punjab, Mr. Simcox reverting to Bombay.

RAILWAY BOARD.

Mr. J. A. F. Young is posted from leave to Bhamo Tengyuch railway survey, and Mr. H. J. Lovell to Katihar Godagari Railway.

Mr. M. W. Clifford has four months' extension of leave on medical certificate.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Lieut.-Colonel R. Shore, I.M.S., has eighteen months leave.

Captain L. J. M. Deas, I.M.S., is posted temporarily as Residency Surgeon, Mewar.

Mr. H. R. C. Dobbs is appointed temporarily Famine Commissioner, Rajputana.

Lieut.-Colonel J. R. F. Coluta is Posted as Political Agent in Bhopal.

Captain S. G. Knox from furlough officiates Political Agent Kowait. Captain F. A. Smith, I.M.S., has eighteen months' leave.

Mr. W. S. Danas has twelve months' leave.

Captain C. B. Winter officiates as Political Agent Sib.

THE KAISER AND THE ROYAL DRAGOONS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, Nov. 23.

At a special parade of the Royal Dragoons on Wednesday, Count von Quadt, the German Consul-General, delivered to the regiment a message from the German Emperor, who is Honorary Colonel of the regiment. Count Quadt said he had been asked by the Kaiser to convey to the Royal Dragoons his congratulations on their winning the Durand Football Cup, and to wish them similar successes in future. Colonel DeLisle, commanding the Royal Dragoons, asked the Count to convey to his Majesty the Emperor the Regiment's appreciation of the kindly interest which he takes in them. The Count subsequently inspected the stables and institutes of the regiment, and expressed himself well pleased with what he saw.

INDIAN CROP REPORTS.

BURMA RICE.

Summary of the Rice-crop forecast for the month of October 1905.

The percentage relation of the total acreage under rice in Burma to that of British India is on an average of the figures for the five years ending 1903-04—12 1

The area under rice cultivation in the fifteen chief rice producing districts is now reported as 6,653,892 acres, or a net increase of 8,901 acres over the figures of the previous month. The more important increases of the month occur in Kyaukyu-Prome, Ma-ubin, Myaungmya and Thaton, a cessation in the Hanthawaddy and Pyapon. As compared with the revised Area for last year there as been a net decrease of 255,559 acres according to the most recent estimates. The total area destroyed by floods is now returned at 347,982 acres and that left fallow at 406,554 acres, the decrease in the former and increase in the latter being mainly due to a transfer of figures for Henzada. The areas destroyed by floods have been reduced for Pyapon, Ma-ubin and Toungoo and increased for Hanthawaddy and Myaungmya, while for Thaton the fallow area has been considerably increased. The rainfall for the month was plentiful and general and the state of the standing crops and the prospects of the harvest generally are favourable.

THE ROYAL TOUR.

ARRIVAL AT BIKANIR.

A PURELY SPORTING VISIT.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

BIKANIR, Nov. 24.

The Prince and Princess of Wales reached Bikanir from Jaipur at 8-30 this morning and were greeted by the Maharaja, who wore the uniform of Commandant of the Bikanir Camel Corps, and a large gathering of Sardars and State Officers.

From the surroundings of Jaipur to the level plains of Bikanir is as great a change possibly as one can expect to find in Central India. The city founded in 1438 by Bika, sixth son of Jodha Rao of Marwar, stands on a slight elevation like a sentry for the surrounding dreary waste. It is perhaps this which gives it, from a distance, so imposing an appearance. Viewed from some points it seems to be a great city with a fine surrounding wall surmounted with round towers and crowned with battlements. There is indeed a wall three and a half miles long, rising from fifteen to thirty feet in height. Within, the city is remarkable for its carvings. Built of richly carved red sandstone, the houses present a striking appearance, despite the narrowness of the streets. Few of the towns of Rajputana can vie with Bikanir in the splendour of its carvings and none in the irregularity of its streets, a strong contrast to the orderly system which we have first left behind. A few hundred yards from the Kot gate is the Palace to which general attention is now turned. It is a fine specimen of its kind with its buildings towering high above its battlements. The very entrances speak of State, for at each there are three or four successive gates with different names inside a rampart over a thousand yards in circuit, strengthened by numerous bastions and a wide and deep moat. Obviously the fortifications were built for utility, and history says that though the Palace has been besieged on several occasions it has never fallen. The old fort itself stands picturesquely on high rocky ground surrounded by ravines outside the southern wall and commands a magnificent view across the plain to the tank of Bikanir, a cremation tank used since the time of Jat Singh, the grandson of Bika, and with the Palace one of the most interesting things to be seen.

Here are some of the splendid piles which tell of a different zeal and conditions of labour to those of to-day. Each rise to culminate in graceful pillared domes built of red sandstone and khari marble on which is sculptured in bas-relief the mounted figure of the chief with, before him on foot standing in order of precedence, his wives. Here too is another Palace for the chief when he comes to worship at Devi-kund.

A number of boys of the Durbar High School in orange and red garments formed a brilliant patch of colour on the roof of the station buildings. The Bikanir Camel Corps furnished the Guard of Honour and the route to the Palace was lined by the Camel Corps, the whole of State Troops and the retainers and elephants, whilst cheering crowds greeted the Prince and Princess as they passed.

Shortly after reaching Lallbagh Palace the Prince received a visit from the Maharaja returning it a little later. In the afternoon the Prince and Princess, accompanied by the Maharaja and a party of the Suite, proceeded by motors to the shooting camp at Amgajner, twenty miles from Bikaneer, where they will stay until Monday, the visit to the Bikanir State being entirely given up to sport. The Prince was driven in the Maharaja's twenty-four horse power Brazier by Mr. Drummond.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 24.

The Indian Marine Steamer "Guide" is to be used to convey Their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales from Calcutta to Sangor, where they will embark upon H. M. S. Renown.

THE "Renown" goes from Bombay to Colombo where she is to coal, thence to Madras, to wait until the time comes for her to proceed to Sangor to take on board their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales and Suite en route for Rangoon. The "Renown" needs deeper water than the Hooghly bed affords and it is therefore impossible for her to reach Calcutta.

NATIVE CHIEFS AT LAHORE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Nov. 24.

The Native Chiefs have begun to arrive in Lahore for the occasion of the Royal Visit. The Rajas of Chamba, Lambagraon, Mundi and Maler Kotla, with their staffs, have already come. The Rajas of Nabha and Jind are expected to-day.

ROYAL VISIT AND THE HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

The Municipal Commissioner, Bombay, has addressed the following memo. to the Health Officer:—

Now that the Royal Visit and its attendant festivities are over the Municipal Commissioner desires to express his high appreciation of the excellent work done by all branches of the Health Department in keeping the whole of the City clean and free from nuisance and in dealing with the extra work thrown upon them by the numerous special encampments, military and political, and the large temporary addition to the population of the City.

The Commissioner was much struck with the cleanliness maintained in all parts of the City, and is glad to express his appreciation of the effective manner in which the arrangements to cope with this very heavy additional work were organised and carried out.

THE KARACHI MEMORIAL.

The "Sind Gazette" writing on the Royal Tour and the visit to Karachi says:—After careful consideration we have come to the conclusion that the best way of signalising our pleasure at this unique visit will be to increase the hostel accommodation of the Dayaram Jethmal Arts College. The College is an institution which all classes of the community can join in supporting, and a separate building could be erected which could be named after the Prince and Princess of Wales. For the last two years the College Board has realised the utter insufficiency of the hostel accommodation, but has been unable to do anything for want of funds. From our own inquiries it would seem that there is not enough room for even half the students who receive their education in our College. If a sum of Rs. 50,000 were subscribed, it would not be difficult to obtain a corresponding sum from Government, and with a lakh it would be possible to provide rooms for all the students who are likely to attend the College during the next fifty years. To effect this object we would suggest the immediate formation of a strong Committee with the Commissioner in Sind as Chairman. The amount required would be readily realizable from the various Municipalities and District Local Boards, the Mirs, Jagirdars, officials, rich merchants and the public bodies of Sind, and also from his Highness the Mir of Khairpur. We would draw the attention of the Collector to our suggestion and would request him to call a public meeting at an early date to decide upon the form to be taken by the memorial which is to serve as a reminder to the whole province, of an occasion such as is not likely to occur again in the lives of any of the present generation.

The illustrated papers at home are all devoting much of their space to the Royal Tour. The current number of the "Bystander" commences its series of views of the tour with four excellent illustrations of Bombay of which it quotes:—

Royal, and Dower-Royal, I, the queen.
Fronting thy richest sea with richer lands.
A thousand miles rose through me where I glean
All races from all lands.

The 6th Battery R.F.A. has been detached as an escort to the Prince of Wales, during his visit to Madras, and will not proceed to the artillery practice camp at Bivsandra.

PASSENGERS PER S. S. CHINA.

The following is the list of passengers proceeding to China [illegible]

ENGLISH POLITICAL AND SOCIAL LETTER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, Nov. 10.

THE ROYAL INDIAN TOUR.

It is a commonplace that steam and electricity have annihilated distance. As one of the morning papers remarks, it seems only a day or two ago since we were bidding the Prince and Princess of Wales farewell on their visit to the East, and now to-day we are reading full accounts of their arrival of their Royal Highnesses in India, almost as full as if they were in Liverpool instead of Bombay. It is satisfactory to find that the capital of the Western Presidency has made a very favourable impression on the special correspondents, although one of them does say your great piles of public buildings are erected in every kind of European style and that some of them "are strangely ill-adapted to the East." The "Time," the "Daily News" and some other papers comment on the auspicious commencement of yesterday, and anticipate as everybody does, happy and enduring results from the visit of the Heir-Apparent to his future subjects. "The Prince" says the "Times" "struck a chord which will vibrate, not only in Bombay, but throughout India, when he said that he had inherited from his father, and from his grandmother, a love for our great dependency, and that it is his earnest hope that he in turn may win the confidence of its people." Nor was he less loudly acclaimed, when he expressed the hope that "the visits of the heirs to the English Crown will continue from generation to generation." On the appurtenances of the Royal tour, the leading journal has something to say which will bear reproducing. "India has lately witnessed serious disagreement among those who temporarily carry on her affairs—disagreement perhaps partly personal and partly involving real divergences of policy. People have taken sides with a good deal of heat, and differences have not been lessened by public discussion carried on in such conditions. Disagreements of this kind are apt to assume undue proportions in the eyes of contemporaries, and indeed must inevitably suffer exaggeration when each side endeavours to strengthen its case by working out to what are assumed to be final issues the contentions put forth by the other. The Royal tour will tend to reduce such controversies to their true proportions and to place them in the proper perspective. It will very opportunely remind people that Viceroys and Commanders-in-Chief—even great Viceroys and renowned Generals—come and go, but that the Government of India remains. It will remind them that such disagreements may make a great commotion at the moment and may even indicate that mistakes are being made, yet that the mistakes are not irrevocable and that the incidents themselves are but moments in the life of a nation. Time puts a very different complexion upon human efforts from that which they bear at the moment and sometimes shows that the results are something very different from what the wisest anticipated." Does this mean that the partition scheme is going to be revised after a decent interval. The "Daily News" takes its own peculiar line. "This visit" we are told "will have been of little value, if it does not seriously change our view of the Government of India, and the position of the native in his own land. The Prince's visit awakening as it does the innate loyalty and trust of the people of India would be the best possible preliminary to a large measure of economic and political reform." The "Daily Graphic" points out that the visit of the Prince's father showed the people of India that there was a personal sovereign behind the cold abstraction of Government, and the seed of loyalty thus sown has multiplied a million-fold." The "Westminster Gazette" says:—"The Prince and Princess have begun well at Bombay, and they carry with them the best wishes of us all." There is a general agreement that the Prince's reply to the address presented by the Bombay Municipal Corporation could not have been wiser or more felicitous.

LORD LONDONDERRY AND MR. CHAMBERLAIN.

As was to be expected Mr. Chamberlain in the fighting speech, he made at Birmingham last Friday did not forget Lord Londonderry, though the taste of his remarks left something to be desired. It may be that Lord Londonderry is unimportant and that he owes everything to Mr. Balfour, but these things should not have been said by one member of a party about another, especially by an ex-Cabinet Minister about a former colleague. Lord Londonderry in his recent speech at Sunderland, was speaking in an area in which political parties are in a singular state of strain and chaos. The anti-Chamberlain note has attracted so much attention that the local situation has not been examined. In Sunderland itself the two Conservative members are neither of them professed Balfourites. Sir Theodore Dosford, the senior member, is a Tariff Reformer, but he is not standing at the General Election. Mr. J. S. G. Pemberton, the junior member, is one of the Free Food incorruptibles who have repeatedly voted against the Government. He is a large colliery owner. Of the Opposition candidates, the Liberals have an official candidate in Professor Stuart, and the Labour party, a candidate named Summerbell, who is a member of the Town Council. To this already chaotic state of affairs must be added another element in the shape of Mr. Samuel Storey, one time the darling of Sunderland Radicalism. Between Mr. Storey and his former admirers now looms the great gulf of the fiscal question, for Sam Story (no one in Sunderland ever called him mister behind his back) has gone the whole Tariff Reform hog. The "rogue elephant," as a far sighted London Liberal termed him in the early nineties, has left the herd, and is now cheered at Primrose League meetings. Topsyturveydom is also the order of the day in the adjoining constituency of South East Durham, which embraces the colliery districts lying South of Sunderland, together with Seaham Harbour whence Lord Londonderry's wealth is mainly derived. Here the sitting Conservative member, the Hon. F. W. Lambton (twin brother of the Earl of Durham), is an even more ardent Free Trader than Mr. Pemberton. On the other hand Mr. J. J. Candlish, the owner of some large bottleworks at Seaham, on whom the hopes of local Liberalism had long centred, is actually a member of the Tariff Commission. Some describe him as having followed the erst-while Radical member for Sunderland, but in the equally wagging the Storey dog. Going still further southward to Durham city, the Hon. Arther Elliot, brother of your new Viceroy, was the first to raise the standard of revolt, being one of the Ministers who resigned, when the fiscal question caused the Government internal troubles. In Middlesbrough, too, Sir Hugh Bell is a stalwart Unionist Free Trader. Under all the circumstances it is not greatly to be wondered at that Lord Londonderry should have provided the political sensation of the month by declaring war on the Protectionist section of his party. Spice is added to the affair by reason of the fact that the Premier is to be Lord Londonderry's guest for the week end and to speak at Newcastle at a large Conservative gathering on Monday. The engagements are of long standing, but it does not seem as if Lord Londonderry would have thrown over, as Chamberlain papers desire. The incident is after all only a phase of the struggle between the two wings of a once powerful and united party for the soul of the Right Honourable Arthur James Balfour. Lord Londonderry has merely seized the occasion to make a bid on behalf of the Unionist Free Traders, which in influence, if not in numbers, are nowhere more powerful than on the North-East Coast.

LORD LONDONDERRY AND MR. CHAMBERLAIN.

Le mieux est l'ennemi du bien. Captain Lionel Wells, R.N., has probably been reminded during the past few days of this remarkably true French saying. Two years ago to the surprise and regret of the London County Council he threw up his position as Chief of the Metropolitan Fire Brigade to become the Principal Agent of the Conservative Party in succession to the late Mr. Middleton, who, it was rumoured, retired because he would not kow-tow to the *nouveaux riches* with whom he had official dealings and who in these days are about equally divided between the two parties. To-day it is announced that Captain Wells has resigned his post at the Conservative headquarters and that he is anxious to be relieved as soon as possible. Various explanations are given, but it looks as if he is the victim of an intrigue on the part of the Tariff Reformers who want to capture the party machine before the General Election, at all events the Conservative papers which go the whole hog do not conceal their delight at what has happened. They accuse him of having given the cold shoulder to the Chamberlainite wing and blame him largely for the results of the by-elections. Their contention is that the loss of so many Conservative seats is due not to our old friend, the swinging pendulum, to the mistakes of the Government or to the determination of the people not to have their food taxed under any pretext, but to the selection of wobblers as candidates. A "prominent Conservative" is quoted by one of Mr. Chamberlain's papers as saying *inter alia*:—"On a question so important and vital as Tariff Reform the electors will not stand hesitancy. They want representatives who have made up their minds. The Liberal candidates have done it. The Unionist candidates have not. The Liberals vote for their men. Many Unionists refuse to vote at all." This is tantamount to saying that the candidates are not selected by the local Conservative Organisations, but by the wire-pullers in London—a damaging admission I should have thought. The inner workings of the Central Political Organisation of both parties are shrouded to a great deal of mystery, but I doubt very much if the Principal Agent on either side has the autocratic power which some credit him with and which I think he ought to possess if he is to be successful. However, apparently a scapegoat had to be found and the excellent Captain Wells is the victim. It remains to be seen whether the Chamberlainites will at the Newcastle Convention next week persist in the resolution of which Mr. Laverton Harris, M.P., has, on their behalf, given notice. Mr. Harris who is a prominent Tariff Reformer and a member of the Chamberlain Commission proposes to ask the delegates to record their opinion "that the management of the Central Conservatives Association in London is defective and needs revising" and that "for this purpose a popularly-elected committee should be appointed to correspond with the Conservative whips." Have Mr. Laverton Harris and his friends never heard of Abe Lincoln's warning against the danger of swopping horses when crossing a stream? Still I suppose that the resignation of Captain Wells and the necessity of giving his successor, if another novice be chosen, time to get accustomed to the work make it very unlikely that there will be a dissolution before Christmas unless "Joe" becomes exigent. Just as I am closing this letter one of the news agencies announces that Captain Wells's place is to be taken by Colonel Haig, late R.E., who is not a novice, but has been Conservative Agent in Scotland since 1890. It is added that he will take up his new duties immediately.

LIBERAL AGENT'S PREDICTION.

I have always thought that it was the duty of a Principal Political Agent to act and not to speak. Mr. Schnadhorst, whose mental breakdown coincided with the political breakdown of the party he served so brilliantly, kept his mouth shut and was rarely seen on a platform. He knew how to employ his time to better account. But the gentleman who stepped into Mr. Schnadhorst's shoes, Mr. Robert Hudson, is less sagacious, and I see was engaged last night in the Wirral division of Cheshire in predicting that "by next Easter a Liberal Government would be in power, backed by the greatest majority of modern times." There is a general consensus of opinion that the General Election will take place before the Lenten Season is over and that the Liberals will come in. To declare however that they will be backed by the greatest majority of modern times is, to say the least, slightly rash and I do not expect to find Mr. Hudson's prophecy repeated, at any rate in such unqualified language by his chief. Mr. Herbert Gladstone, if the latter is as wise as a man in his position ought to be. Suppose the General Election does not take place until Easter. We are five months from Easter, and who knows what may happen before the middle of April? For all the Prime Minister's smooth sayings at the Guildhall last night it is not inconceivable that we may be engaged in international complications—who can tell?—which might give Mr. Balfour a fresh lease of life. But assuming nothing so untoward occurs and the electoral war is not deferred beyond the spring there are possibilities that I do not think Mr. Hudson has taken into account. What about the Irish electors in British constituencies? They may or may not vote for the Liberals. It depends upon the orders they receive between now and then from Mr. Redmond and, perhaps more important still, what about the Socialists and the Independent Labour party? Take up a Socialist paper or hear a Socialist speech. In the one and the other what you will find most strongly denounced is the "loathsome Liberal party." And what is the meaning of their running so many candidates—these Socialists somehow have apparently plenty of money—but Parliament? I am told by one of their friends that there is every chance of the Liberals losing 50 seats through the action of the Independent Labour Party. If this be true, it seems, to say the least, rather optimistic to talk about the Liberals being "backed by the greatest majority of modern times." On the other hand it is not unlikely that Sir H. Campbell Bannerman may secure the Irish vote, but the Independent Labour Party will remain irreconcilable. They would like to smash up the Liberal party, for then, they argue, all the stalwarts would join the Keir-Hardies, the Hyndmans and the rest in forming a powerful socialistic combination and the Liberals who are not stalwarts would go over to the Tories and thence forward there would be no Liberal party! This may be the fate of the Liberals, but not, I fancy, just yet. Some day when a powerful man rises up to lead the Socialists and the Independent Liberal party he may draw all stalwarts unto him; but even Radicals are not such fools as to ally themselves with a party whose bosses are Messrs Keir Hardie, Hyndman and Co.

LIFE AND LABOUR IN INDIA.

Mr. Yusuf Ali, the other evening, delivered one of a course of lectures at the Passmore Edwards Settlement, Tavistock Place, his subject on this occasion being "Life and Labour of India" Sir George Birdwood was in the chair, and struck the key note of the evening in introducing Mr. Yusuf Ali Sir George observed "It happens that the date of Mr. Yusuf Ali's lecture is the Anniversary of the birth of His Majesty, King Edward VII, the Emperor of India, and that it will be marked for the future his cry of the Indian Empire as the day on which their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales landed at Bombay; and furthermore this is the Red Letter Day of the Lord Mayors of that city which, as Lord Beaconsfield used to say, is the true key to India. I think therefore it is but appropriate and dutiful that meeting here to listen to a cultivated Indian gentleman, occupying a responsible position of high trust and confidence in the Indian Civil Service, we should begin by offering up from our hearts a devout aspiration for long life, and health, and all honour to the Emperor of India, and for ever growing prosperity and, what is better than prosperity, happiness to India, and for an ever quickening sense of their duties toward India on the part of the people of this country, which nothing would more tend to quicken than such a lecture as we are to listen to from Mr. Yusuf Ali, who brings the best expert knowledge, and the most intimate practical experience to his self-imposed task, and above all the ardent inspiration to bring the people of England and the people of India to a closer acquaintance with, and a deeper in arnest in, each other. Mr. Yusuf Ali," the Chairman proceeded, "was also in himself a very interesting man. He belonged to an Arab family that came over to India as missionaries of the new Faith of Islam in the reign of the Caliph Hamun who early in the 9th century A.D., revived for a brief while the splendour of the Abassides at Baghdad, then rapidly paling under the degrading influence of Tartar domination in Anterior Asia. Mr. Yusuf Ali had had a brilliant University career chiefly at Cambridge, and at the final examinations of his year for the Indian Civil Service had come out first. In that illustrious service he had fully justified the promises of his youth, and now, while still young, he was a Sessions Judge. He was also the author of a most valuable monograph on the silk manufactures of the North West Provinces and Oudh, which he was proud to say he (the chairman) had at once noised on its publication by the Government of India, and reviewed in terms of the most hearty approval." Mr. Yusuf Ali's address was a great success, and was greeted with applause at every turn. He wisely confined himself to a small village and described its organization, its lands, the village itself, its hereditary officials, and the life of the village from sunrise to sunset and on through the night to sunrise again. He did so with precision and ease, and in the most natural language, and in such freedom of sympathy and so keen a sense of humour, as to carry his whole audience with him from first to last. Sir George Birdwood at the close of the lecture briefly, but earnestly, expressed the delight with which he had listened to Mr. Yusuf Ali and defending the indigenous modes of village sanitation, and, expatiating on the serenity of the Hindus in their inward life with the gods, wherever their ancient faith had not been undermined by English Education, remarked that the eternal conclusions from his own experience of India, and study of Indian problems were that while fulfilling our responsibility for the protection of India from foreign invasion, and for the maintenance of internal security, order and peace, we ought in all other things, as Education, Municipal Government, the regulation of industry, trade and commerce etc. to leave the people to the utmost limits of practicability to govern themselves. From his own special point of view it was most unfortunate that under the influence of the system of indiscriminate Free Trade, which because it paid ours ires so well, we had with the most hateful selfishness forced on India, the natural manufactures of that country were rapidly perishing out of it, a result, it may possibly be, of no great economic moment, but a catastrophe as an indication of the deterioration and gradual extinction of the idiosyncratic and national culture of India,—India of the Hindus."

CRICKET.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA vs GOVERNMENT

TELEGRAPH.

The team to play the Government Telegraph to-day is as follows:—Messrs. H. Chesham (Capt.); E. F. Coombs, S. N. Powell, A. H. S. Aston, C. V. Ransden, M. A. S. Yates, C. L. Burns, E. Priestley, H. E. Harington, C. S. Stileman, A. H. Other.

THE "GRAPHIC" Christmas number is already out. The title-page has a coloured print of Miss Hamilton, Countess de Grammont, from Sir Peter Lely's painting. The illustrated stories are by F. Frankfort Moore, S. Baring Gould, Eden Phillpotts, Halliwell Sutcliffe, H. Fielding Hall, Max Pemberton, Charles Lee and others with any number of elaborate comic sketches, fully illustrated. There are several coloured supplement pictures from the paintings of well-known artists. It is altogether a most entertaining Christmas number, quite up to the high "Graphic" standard.

THE SITUATION IN EUROPE.

THE REVOLUTION IN RUSSIA.

SATURDAY, Nov. 4.—The "Petit Parisien" states that late on Wednesday night, the Revolutionary Committee decided to suspend the political strike for 30 days in order to organise an armed rising if, at the end of that time, the Government should have failed to fulfil its promises, including the promise of an amnesty.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 3 ("Reuter").—An Imperial Ukase, proclaiming an amnesty was signed to-day at Peterhof. The Union of Unions (the organisation of the professional class) has passed resolutions demanding a complete amnesty for political prisoners and the immediate withdrawal of troops from St. Petersburg, and their substitution by a militia drawn from the people.

An official "communique" published in St. Petersburg yesterday morning contains a warning against street demonstrations, and calls on all citizens to exercise self-control.

As Warsaw encounters between the populace and the troops still continue, and from Odessa, Kazan, Kieff, Kishineff, Rostoff-on-Don, and many other places, there are reports of continued massacres and outrages, especially directed against the Jews, by mobs of so-called patriots, who, it is declared, are incited by the reactionary party at the capital, and with whom the Cossack and the police are openly or covertly acting.

Here are examples of the horrors that are being perpetrated:—

Odessa, Nov. 3. ("Reuter").—To-day is the fourth day of the reign of terror in the town. The peaceful sections of the population live practically in a state of seige. Even the markets, restaurants, and pharmacies are closed, and it is impossible to get bread or meat. The telegraph offices are the only establishments working to-day. The mob has completely pillaged many Jewish shops in the central streets, including the largest wholesale grocery and stationery warehouses in the city, besides many smaller stores. In the suburbs of Moldavanka and Burgasiovka the mob set fire to and burnt three factories and killed a physician and his two assistants who were dressing the wounds of injured Jews. A great drapery establishment and a hardware store have just been ransacked, from which goods to the value of about 350,000 roubles (£35,000) and 200,000 roubles (£20,000) respectively have been removed. Twelve fur stores have also been pillaged.

The "Standard" correspondent telegraphs this morning from Odessa:—

It was impossible to reach the telegraph after 11 last night. About midnight the sleepless city was terrified by the horrid rattle of maxims in the western district, the intervals between the reports being filled in by rifle and revolver fire, and the hoarsely echoing cries of the insensately savage shooters. Two bombs exploded with cannon-like detonation. At midnight a huge mob attempted to storm the penitentiary, with the object of releasing the 1,000 criminals it contained. They were repulsed only with the aid of the Maxims. Afterwards the battle again concentrated on the Jewish and neighbouring quarters. In half a dozen streets, the struggle became awful orgy of bloodshed. The evaporated Jews fired from the windows, and in return the troops fired indiscriminately at all windows. For three hours awful scenes were enacted. The Maxims were employed intermittently up to three o'clock this morning.

The night's casualties: Killed and wounded are probably between 800 and 900.

It is reported that the Grand Duke Alexander Michaelovitch has, at his own request, been relieved of his duties as Director-General of the Russian Mercantile Marine.

A telegram to the "Eclair" from Berlin says:—"For some days past, M. Pobledonostseff has been a prisoner in his own house. His relatives discovered a plot to assassinate him. The Police are also aware of his plot, in which several priests are implicated."

AMNESTY MANIFESTO.

Monday, Nov. 6.—St. Petersburg, Nov. 4. ("Reuter").—The Imperial Manifesto proclaiming an amnesty for Political offences declares that, by virtue of the intention expressed in the Manifesto of Oct. 30 to accord to the population inviolable principles of civil liberty, a free pardon is granted to political criminal of whom various categories are enumerated, and also to participators in strikes and those responsible for the breaking of contracts. The pardon extends to those now in prison and those not yet tried or sentenced.

THE KAISER AND THE CZAR.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 5 ("Times")—Wireless telegraphy has been installed between the capital and Peterhof. The announcement that the Emperor William has assured similar communication between Peterhof and Berlin by means of warships evoke surprise and disapproval,

FROM LONDON TO KARACHI.

Brenton Miss — Walker Mr J S
Colaco Miss — Woodcock Major Mrs and child
Gale Miss
Townsend Mr and Mrs

FROM LONDON TO CHANDHAI.—Drakeford, Mr

FROM MARSEILLES TO KARACHI.

Cane Miss — Lister Mr E
Cuthbertson Mr W — Marshall Mr P
Hose Miss — Woodward Mr
Hoff Mr

FROM MARSEILLES TO HONGKONG VIA BOMBAY.

Grant Miss — Stirling Mrs
Seward Mr

FROM MARSEILLES TO SHANGHAI VIA BOMBAY.

Smith Mr and Miss L — Swift Mr E B

FROM PORT SAID TO KARACHI.

Hantania Mr — Zizzetti Mr

FROM PORT SAID TO YOKOHAMA VIA BOMBAY.

Hoyt Mr and Mrs E R and infant

FROM PORT SAID TO SYDNEY.

Young Mr and Mrs

FROM PORT SAID TO AUCKLAND.

Loys Mr and Miss

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

The following passengers are booked to proceed to-day, by the P. and O. Co.'s steamer Egypt, to Marseilles and London, with the Indian mails of the 25th November :—

Alexander Mr W — Nicholson Miss E M
Alexander Miss — Norris Mrs
Baker Mr and Mrs and child — Osborne Miss C
Beadle Mr F R — Oxley major and Mrs child and 2 infants
Brunton Miss Mdlle
Browning Capt — Patterson Mr and Mrs A C
Bunker Mr Denman — Payne Capt E H
Bennett Miss — Payne Mrs
Boyd Miss — Perott Mr and Mrs P
Boult Miss C S — Perry Miss
Bowen Mrs W Powell — Romoden Hon Mrs E
Boyson Mr J A — Ross sir and Mrs and infan
Beak Mr — Rocha Mr D A
Brown Mr A J — Rahmat Ma S A
Branwell Mr A — Robertson Mr C A
Barlton Mrs and child — Sampson Miss
Cleno Mr W J — Sanders Mr J B
Copes Miss M — Sampatrao Gaekwar Mr
Cerasgio Isa B — Sarjeant Mr
Davy Miss — Scobie Mr and Mrs M J
Ely Mrs — Searight sir and Mrs G L and 2 children
Everall Mr
Fitz Gerrel Mr T S V — Shaw sir and Mrs and child
Faulds Mr D — Shillidy Mrs
Fraser Mr L G — Sladen Miss child and infant
Fullerton Major T W — Sly Mrs F G and child
Fulton Miss — Smyth Mr J
Gordon Mr and Mrs — Smith Mr G L
Gray Archdeacon — Smith Rev J
Gray Mrs — Sutherland Mr J
Grimes Mr P — Sinclaire Mr R
Grant Col S — Storey Mr W E
Hamilton Mrs — Tabor Miss
Hoare Miss Obrien — Taylor Mr and Mrs
Huston Miss J C — Templer Lieut-Col H
James Capt and F — Toulmein's child Mr
Lall Mr B C — Traill Mrs and child
Lole Miss M — Tyabjee Mr Justice B
Lee Major F — Tyabjee M Hussein
Lloyd Mrs F W — Venour Mr S J
Mair Mr A — Venour Mrs
Mendie Mr — Vokes Mr and Mrs child and infant
Mokee Miss — Wadia Mrs B
Mottam Mr A — Wood Mrs W H
Mountford Mrs — Wilsloe captand Mrs A B
Morison Mr W E
Mogg II Mr and Mrs R

THE INDIAN ARMY.

STATEMENT BY MR. ARNOLD-FORSTER.

The Secretary of State for War, in the course of a long letter to Sir Gilbert Parker, M. P. denies that the War Office has concealed from the public important facts with regard to the present condition and future prospects of the Army with particular reference to the Indian drafts. The facts, he says, are perfectly plain, and there is nothing whatever to conceal or to withhold. Owing to abnormal circumstances there have not been sufficient qualified men to fill up the gaps in the Indian Army due to normal waste. The deficiency is so great that ordinary recruiting will not suffice to fill up the gaps, but after 1907-1908 it will diminish without the taking of special measures, and there will be a gradual return to normal conditions. "The matter," continues Mr. Arnold-Forster, "is serious, but there is no mystery at all about it; the facts are perfectly well known to all the persons concerned. The whole situation has been carefully reviewed by the Government, by the departments especially concerned in conference, and by the War Office, and the necessary steps have been taken or will be taken, to get over this temporary difficulty—a difficulty due to causes which had their origin four, five, or six years ago.

THE REQUIRED REMEDIES.

What is the nature of the required remedies? The first is, of course, the introduction of long-service enlistment. I am astonished to see that in one of the passages you bring under my notice, it is stated that nothing which has occurred during the past few months inspires the slightest hope that this situation has been materially modified. This is, indeed, extraordinary assertion. If the system of enlistment which existed up to Oct. 21, 1904 had continued till now the draft difficulty of last year would have been enormously increased and there would be no prospect whatever of a return to the normal state of things. But, since Oct. 21, 1904, no less than 22,051 men have been enlisted for the Indian army of nine-years' term. This has enormously modified the situation. Whereas under the three-years' system four or five men had to be enlisted to secure one man eligible for draft purposes, every man enlisted for nine years necessarily becomes eligible. In other words, the material for future drafts has been increased five-fold. When I say that the number required for the drafts under normal conditions is less than 9 000, it will be seen how easily the quota can be provided as soon as the temporary deficiency has been filled up. Can this deficiency be filled up? and ought it to be filled up. These are two very distinct questions, and I will answer them separately. Can the deficiency be made up? Yes, in all probability it can, but not by any great addition to the recruiting. To make such an addition by reducing the standard would be disastrous. I believe, however that in time we shall easily obtain an even larger number of recruits of the right quality than we have obtained during the past 12 months. But an increase in the number of recruits is not the proper remedy. Any great increase in one year means a corresponding exodus in a subsequent year and a postponement of not an escape from the difficulty.

EXTENSION OF SERVICE.

The proper way to meet the emergency is to induce men now serving to extend their term with the colours. This has often been done before. It is not an altogether desirable expedient, but then expedients which are the outcome of exceptional circumstances seldom are. Extension is evidently the best remedy possible under the circumstances. The question has been very carefully considered, and already by agreement with the Indian Government bounties are being offered to seven and eight years' men serving in India. The question of granting furloughs to men in India is also under consideration, and it is hoped that this boon, which many soldiers have so long desired, will induce men who are not prepared to give an unbroken spell of service in India to remain in the Army. Other methods are available and are being carefully considered, and will probably be adopted if the necessity should arise. Onghe the deficiency to be made up? The answer must be in the affirmative. The Indian Government consider that it is not desirable, even temporarily, to allow the strength of the Army in India to be depleted. Every effort must therefore be made to meet the wishes of the Government of India. But in view of the exceptional exaggerations which have been made, and of the gloomy anticipations that have been formed, I think it well to point out that supposing the very worst were to happen, and that the extension of the draft situation were to be left to the influences of time and to the entry of long-service recruits, no very terrible or unprecedented consequences would result. During the South African war the strength of the garrison of India was no less than 10,749 below its proper establishment the deficiency in Infantry of the Line was 9,479 men. It would be an exaggeration to pretend that the danger of war in India was less during the South African campaign than it is likely to be in the next two or three years, and the risk run by weakening the strength of the garrison during the latter period is certainly not greater than that which was incurred at the earlier date. There is, moreover this important fact to be borne in mind—a fact which many people forget—that, thanks to the three-years' system of enlistment, the Reserve of the Army has been greatly increased, and that while the number of men with the colours has been slightly diminished the number of men with the Reserve has been greatly augmented. In 1895, the Army Reserve amounted to 76,388. By probably total 120,000.

THE SERVICES AT HOME.

INDIA OFFICE.—NOV. 10.

ARRIVALS REPORTED IN LONDON.

Capt W M P Frost D — Major E Sadlier 18 Inf
Major F C Crawford 1 Essex — Major T P Enstace 31 Punj
Mr T Hesketh-Bell B Gov — Major H Lowther 95 Russell's Inf
Mr W Beasley B
Mr T L Pope B — Major C W O'Beirne 27 Punj
Mr A Friedenau B — Capt A D Bruce 61 Pnj
Mr H J Ingram B — Capt M B Pinchard 1 M S
Mr J J Inglis B — Capt G Tate 4 M S
Mr W Rose B — Lieut W B Hore 120 Inf
Mr W Hudson Bo Cov

EXTENSIONS OF LEAVE.

Mr J H W Dalrymple-Clark 6 mos M C — Major R C Clark D S O B A 15 days
Mr G J Hodgson B ret commuted into leave on MC and extended 3 mos — Major F G H Winde 20 Punj 6 mo M C
Mr M M Mathews B 6 mo M C — Capt G D Willcocks 1 M S 3 mo M C
Mr R W Hodges 3 mo M C — Capt L Rundall 1 M S 3 mo M C
Mr G H Macdonald 8 T C to extended to Feb 23 1906 — Capt H Lumsden 18 Inf 6 mo M C — Capt C Tate 4 M S 3 mo M C — Lieut W B Hore 120 Inf 6 mo M C — Capt A M Boyston 101 Gren 6 mo M C — Lieut F G Porter 14 Lrs 3 mo M C
Col E F H McSwiney C B D S O 20 Deccan H 2 mo

PERMITTED TO RETURN.

Lieut-Col J R Dundas-Smith — Mr M Lees B
Mr F E B — Mr E D Marshall B
Major G S T Green B — Major J W B Merewether Bo
Mr J C French B Bom — Mr G A Anderson B
Capt A Williams D Coy Rifles — Capt A G Thomas 4 Rifles
Mr T O Molony B — Capt G H Willis R E
Mr J Fergusson B — Capt W E Scott-Moncrieff I M S
Mr G N Hemingford B
Mr W A B Darell B — Lieut C H Mowbray 110 Inf
Mr J Kelliher B — Lieut J G More 7 Inf

FLORILINE.—For the Teeth and Breath.—A few drops of the liquid Floriline sprinkled on a wet toothbrush produces a pleasant lather which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents decay, stops decay, gives to the teeth a pearly whiteness and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. Also Fragrant Floriline, specially compounded in parts of mauve and green (tints to harmonise to the eyes), and sold in artistic bottles, with patent sprinkler attached. Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale Depot 33 Farringdon Road, London, England.

THE SITUATION IN EUROPE.

(Concluded from page 5.)

It is no secret for any one that the organisers of these acts of violence and arbitrariness are the police, with General Trepoff at their head, and we declare that further delay in the dismissal of General Trepoff will be regarded as an open challenge to the nation. We demand the handing over to a popular tribunal of General Trepoff and all the administrators guilty of violence, of the shooting of peaceful demonstrators, and of massacres.

"At the very moment when the revolutionary movement has driven the autocracy to surrender, when the nation and the country are on the eve of effective liberation we are witnessing a series of massacres of Jews carried out by the rabble thanks to the criminal tolerance of the authorities. We see in these tragic misdeeds a desire to abuse the legal chaos and blindness of the people for the purpose of the deliberate organisation of a counter-revolution in the hope of saving the remnants of the old regime.

It is resolved, therefore, that troops acting not in defence of citizens but against them be removed, and that the safeguarding of the inhabitants of towns be entrusted to a national militia.

Friday, Nov. 10.—An outbreak of a very formidable character began at Cronstadt on Tuesday night. It appears to have begun in a mutiny of sailors, who engaged in a conflict with the troops. Some of the reinforcements brought up to assist the latter made common cause with the mutineers. There was wild and indiscriminate firing from the forts and ships, and some quarters of the town were set on fire. Wholesale plundering by mutineers and workmen took place, and the scene yesterday, the "Times" correspondent says, was one of indescribable disorder. Official advices represent that the flames have been extinguished, and that order is being restored.

COUNT WITTE'S CABINET.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the "Times" telegraphed yesterday :—Count Witte's programme of forming a Ministry composed of representatives of the various political parties has finally and completely failed. Prince Eugene Troubetzkoi, the only member of the Constitutional Party who temporarily consented to enter the Cabinet, resigned last night, and the other Zemstvoists, M. Dmitri Shipoff, M. Michael Stakhovitch, and M. Goutchkoff, although belonging to the anti-Democratic minority, decided to-day to follow his example. Count Witte's Cabinet, therefore, will be composed exclusively of bureaucrats, and instead of being a Ministry of Concentration it is reduced to the rank of a "Ministère d'Affaires" to tide over the period which must elapse before the National Assembly meets.

The outbreak of mutiny at Cronstadt the correspondent adds, comes by a strange coincidence on the day of the return of Admiral Negobatoff, bearing Admiral Rodjestvensky's despatches on the battle of Tsu-shima. Admiral Negobatoff declares that the surrender was due to the disorganisation and demoralisation of the navy and the ineffiency of the men and ships, for which not he but the Government is responsible. The same disintegrating influences doubtless are responsible for the outbreak at Cronstadt, as they were for the mutiny in the "Kniaz Potemkin," but no doubt, these causes are intensified by the exasperation of the political sentiments of both soldiers and seamen under persistent compulsion to take part in fratricidal acts of repression.

The Winter Palace is being hurriedly prepared for the Czar's arrival, as the neighbourhood of Cronstadt is unsafe.

I hear that the question of autonomy for Poland has already been decided in the affirmative.

The rumours of Count Lamsdorff's retirement and of the appointment of M. Isvolsky are authoritatively denied.

Later.—A person who has just seen Count Witte says that he is suffering from nervous prostation. The agrarian movement is spreading.

RESIGNATION OF GENERAL TREPOFF.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 9 ("Reuter")—General Trepoff has been relived of his duties of Governor-General and Commander-in-Chief of the garrison of St. Petersburg Assistant Minister of the Interior, and Chief of Police and Gendarmerie, and has been appointed to the retired rank of Commandant of the Palace.

FRANCE AND GERMANY.

Paris Nov. 7.—The "Gaulois" has elicited the opinion of the editors of some of the leading Berlin newspapers as to the possibility of a Franco-German "reapprochement." Its conclusions are as follows :—

"In all of the conversations between the German editors and our representatives the same sentiment is expressed—namely, that no German can possibly harbour for a moment the idea of any change in the territorial "status quo." In other words, German official opinion, which may legitimately be said to be accurately reflected by the Berlin Press, considers that in no circumstances can the question of Alsace-Lorraine be raised. We are bound to admit that this unanimous resistance even to an exchange of views on a question upon which all good Frenchmen are of one mind offers a singular argument for those who proclaim the necessity of an Anglo-French Alliance. As for ourselves, we repeat what we have always said—we will be on the side of those who offer most. It is now certain that Germany makes no offer. If some complication abroad, the Austrian succession or an Anglo-German conflict, were to force us to abandon the neutrality which we have always defended and to take sides in a European quarrel, is it admissible that Germany should think of demanding our good offices without intending to make to us in exchange the only offer which can possibly interest us seriously? Have the German journalists who are so concerned as to the intangibility of the Fatherland forgotten the conclusions which they thereby imposed upon the patriotism of the French journalists?"

THE TRIPLE ALLIANCE.

HUNGARY'S ATTITUDE.

Paris, Nov. 8.—"The Echo de Paris" this morning states that the important events now happening in Hungary are of great interest to France as giving evidence of the weakening, if not of the upset, of the Triple Alliance. From information from the best Hungarian sources, it is clear that the sympathy for Germany is growing less. This is attributed to the advice given by the German Emperor to the Emperor Francis Joseph, to strengthen the latter's resistance to the Hungarian demands. Anglo-German relations are also freely discussed in Hungary, where England enjoys much sympathy. The journal proceeds; is it advisable to maintain an alliance which, in the case of war between England, France, and Germany would force Hungary to make many probable sacrifices, and cause her to be at war with nations who have never been hostile to her interest? France is now spoken of in Hungary with considerable sympathy, and in view of the actual European situation, France should not lose sight of this, which may be of great assistance to her in the future."

Milan, Nov. 6 (Reuter).—Signor Romussi, deputy and editor of the "Secolo," in the course of a speech to his constituents at Corpeoleone severely criticised the engagements to which Italy was committed by the Triple Alliance. He considered that the Emperor William's policy was a permanent danger to the peace of Europe, and refered to the official note communicated to the Press, asserting that, in the event of a war between Germany and France and Great Britain, Italy would be ready to carry out the undertakings involved by the Triple Alliance. He declared that never would Italian soldiers fight against France and England by the side of Germans and Austrians. The Deputy's words were heartily cheered by a large gathering.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

The Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a. m., yesterday, give the following results :—

Wards.	Plague Attacks.	Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	0	0	1
B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomarkhadi and Dongri	0	0	14
C Markets, Dhobi Talao, Panaswady, Bhuleshwar, Chara Talao and Kumbharwada	1	1	13
D Chinchpoogli, Byculla, Chinchpoogli, Walkeshwar, and Mahalaxmi	0	0	7
E Mazagon, Tarwadi, Naoji Vagnoo, Kamathipura, Pardesi, Byculla and Ta Vaspuria	0	0	17
F Parel, Sewree and Sion	0	0	3
G Mahim and Worli	0	0	6
Near Dhobi Talao	0	0	2
No Residence and Unknown	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	0	7
Total	1	1	73
Total plague deaths to date	331	703	2 330
Same date last year	0	4	84

If you have been very ill, and are not recovering as fast as you expected, Ayer's Sarsaparilla will make your blood pure and will give you strength and energy.

Mrs. M. McShane, Hobart, sends this letter, with her photograph:

"After recovering from a long attack of typhoid fever I suffered from a poor appetite and great depression, and was so weak I could hardly walk. Having seen

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

advertised as such a good blood purifier and general tonic, I thought I would try it. I did so, and soon my old strength came back, my appetite returned, and before I had finished the second bottle I could do all my work just as well as before."

There are many imitation Sarsaparillas.

Be sure you get "AYER'S."

Manufactured by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

AYER'S PILLS, the best family laxative.

UNCLAIMED TELEGRAMS.

The following is the list of Messages remaining undelivered in the Central Telegraph Office, during the week ending 19th November :—

From Rawalpindi—Gibbs, Taj Mahal Hotel.
From Poona, G I P—Capt Hoskyn, Watson or Taj Hotel.
From Ba[illegible] City—Sadasiv Karleka, Esquire,
From [illegible] care of Priest Mosque, Bhindi Bazaar.
From [illegible]—Sarakbha Divicha, Morarji Chawl,
From [illegible]chi City—Haji Wali Mohamed, care of Hassan Steamerwala, Rungari Mohalla.
From Mussoorie—Mrs Barmer, Storm House, Mazagon.
From Chinawa—Bilasrai, care of Meghraj Esural.
From Viramgam—Hargovan Naran, Back Road, near Post.
From Bombay—Dhruma Gunoo Bundolka Kapadapuli Mukam Bogrodi, care of Sonder.
From Karachi City—Ali Mahomed Shirelli Karahujam
From Ferozepore—Komatie alian Dinshaw.
From Lahore—Raibahadur Daulatram, Prince of Wales Camp, Chowpattie.
From Rangoon—Mendermott, Horsedealer.
From Akola (Berar)—Salu Sudam, Red Compound, Parel.
From Fort Albert Victor—Vaiesh and Co. Fort.
From Chausa, E I—Rahimun Bibi Habib Sheth, Musafirkhana, Bhindi Bazaar.
From Rawalpindi—Jantipersaad, Farm Clerk, Audit Office, Railway.
From Viragem-trapet—British Pharmaceutical Company.
From Gogha—Dayashankar Vithalji Vakil, care of Bhavnagar Vakil, Napean Sea Road, Malter Hall No. 44.
From Cawnpore—Syed Mohamed, Press Representative, the Prince of Wales Camp.
From Deesa—Haji Ibrahim, Crawford Market.
From Jhagodia, B S—Rustamji Bomanji Khan Balia No. 12 Shamjee Building.
From Poona—Lehmann Marcks and Co.
From Partagarh (Raj)—Padamsiji Nensi.
From Arrah—Jallar, Monaferkhana, Camboo Yousuf Sahb.
From Cochin—Adamnathoo, Masjid.
From Paovel (Kolaba)—Isamayalal, Ababali Road Street, care of Kaya Japhars Shop.
From Masora (Karachi)—Eawoodin Gulamhoosein, Bapoo Seyed's House, Masjid.
From Bareilly Cantt—Miss E Sladen, P and O, Egypt.
From Nagpur—Raja Azamshah, English Hotel.
From Badiera, G I P—Rumrao, Dayabhai Chal, Kalbadevi.
From Chitral—Abbasshah.
From Dara Ismail Khan City—Santhsingh, care of Nikuram Parsanna.
From Cutch Mandvi—Karsondas Valabhdass Veja.
From Manmad, G I P—Afzul, Musafirkhana, Kumoo Yusuf Sahb.
From Jharia—Neamoss.
From Bombay Masjid—Dayal Nathoo, care of Sonder, Masjid.
From Mandalay—Khatrichhaganlal, Bholwada.
From Agra—Mrs Macdonald, Taj Mahal Hotel.
From Bhadli, G I P—Vadhuji Yamraj Balganga.
From Alleppy—Jaffer Alli, Crawford Market.
From Madras High Court Buildings—Esmailji Currim Sons.
From Bikaner, J B—Ratiram Nai, care of Lachmandas Shivdass Damani.
From Guntur—Goodland.
From Etawah City (U P)—Lakhmidass.
From Madras Sowcar Pett—Salem Awadroo Nolnb, Jooma Masjid.
From Kallai (Malabar)—J Thammakaran, care of C T R Soweb, Esqr, Apollo Bunder.
From Kamptee—Surdar Kisan.
From Ahmedabad, B B—Miss Hope Taj Hotel.
From Shikarpur (Sind)—Satirgundass Mahmaden.
From Mandalay, Fort Dufferin—General Percy Smith, Watsons Hotel.
From Calcutta—Mr Hache, Watsons Hotel or other Hotel.
From Bhusaval Jn, G I P—Gopal Ramkrishna Pulsookar, Zaubachiwadi.
From Kharagpur—Yenkana, 41 Marine Lines.
From Kusanda, E I—Abdoolla Gani, Masjid.
From Purna, H G—Saif Pooraha Khan Guca.
From Behta, E I—Kasim Abdulla, Crawford Market.
From Sirohee—Kanjola Jawanmal Muja Chund, care of Gopal Jetawi Bhatryarwara, Mariani Line.
From Calcutta, Intally—Abdul Razak, Head Tally Clerk, Assentick and Co.
From Akot—Gangadhar, care of Magaubhai.
From Nabli, Thakes Hotel—Major Swinburn, care of Austrian Lloyds.
From Poona City—Rambhau Vagh, care of Shirram Mistri, First Sutar Street, New Tank, Mazagon.
From Nagpur, G I P—Eduljee Rustomjee Patel, Chawl Pexter House, Tardeo.
From Ranchi—Radice, Watson's Hotel.
From Khurga City—Perosha Dadabhoy Chinoy, Chinoy Building.
From Karachi—Ram Bhajee Palon, Wadia Mill.
From Calcutta, Bara Bazaar—Moddy Sen Co.
From Bhavnagar—Vasauji Bhavnagar Utara.
From Ahmedabad—Framjee Dalal care of Dhunjishah Ardeshar Vakil Mazagaon.
From Camp Belligam—Manekchand Wariaghakhan.
From Bankra—Shahpur Deputy Police Inspector.
From Secunderabad, Dn.—Lieut J C Pringle, R E Staff Dspot care of District Staff Office.
From Delhi—Chandnichowk—Hiralal, care of Gorakham Baldeodass.
From Cochin—Munlian Pillay Saidcannoo, Crawford Market.
From Baroda, B B—Adamji Ismailji.
From Ahmedebad, B B—Makbeji 23 Church Gate Street.
From Bhusaval Jn G I P—Dattatray Vidmanss Presidency Mill, Weaving Department.
From Patna, E J—Hakim Kazimhussain 48 Chalisouli Bagh.
From Peshawar City—Abdulrahim Fatehdin.
From Jamkhandi—Anoosahib Manjar, Kalbadevi.
From Ahmedabad Manekchowk—Ratanlal Thakardas Mehta.
From Bangalore City, S M—Vinayekrao, 127 Thakurdwar Road.
From Mangrol—Umiashankar Valabhjee, care of Davidas Kahanjee Church Gatge.
From Khandala—Donaid.
From Alanmiji—Brothamguba Batwadia.
From Poona—Bavter Sbelke.
From Cutch Maudvi—Kesav Ladha Chorvadi, Moto Rato.
From Secunderabad, Dn—G Abdoolrahim.
From Dharwar—Framji Dosa.
From Ahmedabad, Daryaganj—Jagganath Tewari, care of Bindeswari Pande Seorhiad Chinauiali.
From Raipur, G P—Sellenan Jamal.
From Savantvadi—Hampur Kashimsha Police, care of Karimkhan.
From Sanavad—(Nimar)—Foolchand Maitanchand.
From Karachi City—Vitted Elbonjee, Bhat Bazar.
From Akola (Berar)—Padanee Devraj, Masjid.
From Delhi—Fakirchand Rampershad.
From Hyderabad Dn—Nayergan, Jaisurwali Barkarkhana, care of Nanujan Talwaif, New Chajl.
From Nova Goa—Chrishna Purshotam, Thakurwar, Nanchi Wadi Samor.
From Cutch Maudvi—Ibrahim Alarkhina Sargaha Mohalow.
From Veeanagar—Vithal Gehela, Fort Kharakuwa, Luhar Khala.
From Aurangabad City—Salabatala Director.
From Daryapur (Ellichpur)—Gungaram Bhate, Bhat Bazar, Mawaji Ganji Building 2nd Story.
From Bijapur—Dordi, Kalbadevi.
From Cutch Mandvi—Kersandas Vallabhdas Vejei.
From Mahad—Govind Arjon Powar, Old Mill, Kapadkhata Mahad.
From Jaipur, R M—Sheoshanker, care of Tardeo.
From Ghakkr, N W—Laiq S S Rubaitios.
From Rangoon—Bhalial, care of Manalail.
From Lyallpur, N W—Hiaranly.
From Calcutta Chowringhee—Mrs Macgregor, 279, Colaba Road.
From Calcutta, Bara Bazar—Ranchordas Pragjee, Masjid.
From Hubli, Ry Stn—Haji Ismail Sakee, Bori Bundar.
From Adervari (Nagpur)—Rajsby Parsharam Jamnagarwala, Mandvi Bunder.
From Kharepatan—Abdulhaji Sarang Abajee Mohudin Sarang's House, Wadibazar.
From Jalna—Gangaram Sonar, care of Kersondas Chuntlal, Kharakoowa, Moti Bazar.
From Sekundrabad, E I—Perasram Ramgopal.
From Anklesbvar, B B—Greaves, Church Gate.
From Satara, B G I P—Harji an Madhavji.
From Basmalkot—Jurrao Purvabkar, Graha.
From Calicut, Mbr—Cooverjee, care of Tolarman, Crawford Market.
From Ajmer Jn R M—Allabuksh Hosainbuksh, Kholm Chavala, Faro Road.
From Darysapur (Ellichpur)—Dinshaw Dorabji Iron Works, near Royal Theatre, Grant Road.
From Aurangabad—Major Andani, Taj Mahal Hotel.
From Kumta—Kasemji Semsoodin, Crawford Market.
From Anjar—Jerambha.
From Lonar Thro' Mehkar (Buldana)—Chunilal Shrishand, care of Alil Mohammad Ganali, Mohila, Rothadi.
From Delhi—A Kaogt, Passenger, Rubbatino Company.
From Mapura—Joseph Gonvcia, Solicitor, High Court, 13.
From Peshawar—Ahmedally Shaikh Bahrudin.
From Ajmer Jn R M—Allabuksh Hosainbuksh Kesomchowla, Foras Road.
From Broach, B B—Pirajshaw H Clerk, Hasum's Chawl.
From Gorakhpur—Mahabirprsad Balabhai Richardass.
From Bhiwani—Harjimal, care of Shimlurasm Shibial.
From Hyderabad Dn—Jaffer.
From Benares City—Joshi Damodar.
From Kimari—Cooper and Sons.
From Cananore City—Jafferbyi Ailybyi Musjid
From Aurangabad City—Nandilal Aurangabadwala, care of Mangaldas Ranchordis's House Motabhoyewada.
From Ms Cathedral—Balasunker Bhut, Kalbadevi.
From Khamgaon—Sklaner.
From Uran—Abaji Abaji, Contractor, Tromatpay First Lane.
From Bombay Pydhonie—Kasi Inaytullah, care of Sander, Pydhonie.
From Digbol—D S Lee Bombay Ice Co.
From Portbandar, Bunder B. G. J. P.—Moraji Robinson, Bandstand.
From Mapnca—Simao Francisco DeSouza, 11 Tamarind Lane Fork.
From Madras Mount Road—Semalan Curiamgoy Soon.
From Barabanki—Mohamad Said Makki, House 101 Badarchad.
From Cutch Mandvi—Hathi Kalianji, Adharslam Company.
From Rawalpindi—Gerdon, Watson's Annexe.
From Bikaner J. B.—Bhaoshanker Muljidass, care of Sethaljee Chutraji.
From Madras, Sowcarpett—Vaya, Moti Bazar.
From Meerut, Katchery—Sheoraj Songh ne Debi Road
From Patna City—Altarbossain, Passenger, Bombay Mail, Victoria Terminus.
From Hyderabad Sind City—Bhagvandas Nasickwala, Bhansali Bazar.
From Cawnpore Collectorganj—Bhisroy Shuni Ramsass.
From Vasodagama W. I. P. Giudencio Barretto Veloso Cards.
From Rasmandgaon, B. N, Fakirmahomed Rasul.
From Delhi, Sudder Bazar—Fazilcai, Allawalla Mohilla
From Mangalore, Kan—Usmanab, care of Esmal Sahib Company.
From Peshawar—Admally Shaikh Basruddin.
From Gorakhpur, B. N. W.—Cage Barlow, P. and O. Peons.
From Commanded E. G. F., Mir Gazi Rivaz, Passenger "S. S. Oriental, care of Sandgoolaar.

FIFTH CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Aston presided at a sitting of the Sessions Court yesterday. The trial of the following case was resumed before his Lordship and a common jury.

CUTTING A WIFE'S NOSE.

Lakhman Parshotam was tried for inflicting injuries with a razor on the person of his wife, Dahibai, on 9th October, in Sutar Chawl, Mr. Indrajit Kalabhai, instructed by Mr. Nicholson, Public Prosecutor, appeared for the Crown. Mr. F. Sorabji Taleyarkhan, instructed by Messrs. Tyebji Dayabhoy and Co., solicitors, defended the accused.

Counsel for the Crown addressed the jury. He laid stress on the medical evidence, in which it was stated that it was possible to have an injury like the one in question inflicted on the nose accidently; it was also possible that it could be a self-inflicted one, but both these things were highly improbable in the present case, because the wound began at the bottom of the nose, and it went on from below upwards, and the direction of it was indicative of the intention to cause injury. The fact of the attempt being only partially successful, could be explained by the struggle of the complainant, in order to save herself from complete disfiguration.

Counsel for the defence urged that all this was an unfortunate accident, which had occured between the complainant and accused during a struggle. No doubt, the injuries on the nose and other parts were there, and if the jury considered them inflicted intentionally, they should bring in a verdict of guilty. But then they should bear in mind the fact that the evidence of intention was only confined to the statement made by the complainant, and is good altogether uncorroborated. Applying the test of consistency to her evidence, it was found considerably wanting. Among the factors constituting the test, the statement of what transpired prior to the quarrel was an important one for the consideration of the jury. Now, the complainant had made two sorts of statements on this matter; they were very different from each other, so much so that no reliance could be placed on such evidence. The first of these was what she made to the Police in her complaint, the other, what she made in the Sessions Court. Then what was the real motive for the crime! Was this one of those extraordinary things and, a crime without a motive. If so, it was quite an awkward fact to get over. Complainant had informed the Police, within two or three hours of the incident, that she quarrel was due to her being in a fit with her husband, owing to the unholy desire expressed towards her by his elder brother, who was looked upon by both of them with considerable respect. This was all changed in the Sessions Court. Her statement here was that the motive for the accused to get angry with her and cut her nose was that he had demanded of her the ornaments she had, and she was compelled to comply with the demand. Now, said the learned counsel, of these both stories neither was the fact. The real fact was that while she was peeling vegetables with a knife, a domestic squabble took place between the accused and her, during which she fell down, and got accidentally injured with the knife she had in her hand. The accused should therefore, be acquitted.

The Judge, in delivering charge to the jury, said that the accused's protestation of his being innocent, could only be stretched by ingenuity into affirming that it supported the theory of the injuries being accidentally inflicted. There was no direct evidence to support that view. Accused was caught red-handed, with blood-stains on his clothes; he was treated as a dangerous man, and the door was looked upon him. Previous to this what happened between husband and wife in the room no one could say with certainty. The woman had given her own version, the truth of which the accused denied. The witness had under these circumstances, described their attitude on the occasion. Whether the story for the prosecution was probable and worthy of belief, it would be for the jury to consider in the light of their experience of the habits of the people of this country and to deliver a true verdict.

The jury unanimously found the accused guilty of causing grievous hurt, and he was sentenced to four years' rigorous imprisonment.

ATTEMPTED MURDER OF A MOTHER-IN-LAW.

Hargovind Hemchand was tried for stabbing with a knife Kesarbai woman, his mother-in-law, in Kumbharwada, on 9th September last thereby attempting to commit murder. Mr. F. P. J. Taleyarkhan, instructed by Mr. Nicholson, Public Prosecutor, appeared for the Crown. Accused was undefended.

Counsel for the Crown said that the complainant Kesarbai, hadja daughter Jamna, who was married about eight years ago to the accused. Kesar lived in Da Lisle Road Kumbharwada. On the day in question accused went to her, and abusing her, charged her with harbouring an intention to marry Jamna to some other person. He demanded his wife back from her, when Kesar told her to return later, and speak to "the male in the house," by which she meant Puna Dhana, with whom she lived. In about half-an-hour the accused returned, Kesar was cleaning pots at the time. He got at her from behind, caught her by the neck, pressed her down, and inflicted with a knife five or six wounds on her back and head. Sundrabai, the landlady, interfered in order to save Kesar from further injury, but the accused having raised the knife at her, she got frightened, and ran away to her room. Accused, who had decamped after committing this murderous assault, was seized and brought back to the place, and he was given in charge. Kesar was taken away to the Jamsetji Hospital, where her injuries were attended to. Evidence for the prosecution was called.

The jury found the accused guilty of causing grievous hurt by means of a dangerous weapon, and the Judge sentenced him to four years' rigorous imprisonment.

The Sessions were then adjourned to 10-30 o'clock this morning.

BOMBAY ART SOCEITY.

AN annual general meeting of the members of the Bombay Art Society was held yesterday at 5-30 p.m. in the Sir J. J. Arts School, Mr. Cecil L. Burns presiding, when the audited balance-sheet of the Society, for the year ending the 5th of April last from which it appeared that including the balance of Rs. 2,319 brought forward from the last year's account, the total income during the year under review was Rs. 5,117, while the expenditure came to Rs. 3,375, leaving balance for the current year of Rs. 1,741. The receipts for the year, included Rs. 1,000 as donation from the Government, and Rs. 1,170 collected as subscription. During the year under report Rs 258 were collected as gate-money at the last Arts Exhibition. The heaviest item on the expenditure side was the advertisement charges which culminated into a sum of Rs. 793 Lighting charges stood at Rs. 508, and other printing charges went up to Rs. 418.

The following new Committee of the Society for the current year was elected :—The Hon. Mr. W. C. Hughes, President Sir Lawrence Jenkins, Sir D. M. Petit, Sir Currimbhoy Ibrahim, Sir Sassoon J. David, the Hon Mr. Justice Beaty, the Hon. Mr. Justice Tybji, the Hon. Mr. Justice Russell, the Hon. Mr. Justice Chandavarkar, the Hon. Mr. Bassil Scott, Mr. D. Gostling, Mr. Bomanji D. Petit, Mr. Vassanji, Khimjee, Mr. Jeejeebhoy M. M. Jeejeebhoy, Mr. Vijiasanker Gourishanker, Mr. D. J. Tata, Mr. R. J. Tata, and Mr. Tribhovandas Mangaldas, Vice-Presidents; Sir J. Jeejeebhoy, Miss A. M. Benson, Messrs F. C. Remington, Vrijbhukandas Amaram, Cecil L. Burns, J. P. Wason, F. York Smith, H. M. Phipson R. N. Mant, C. Crommelin, G. B. Coleman, and Rao Sahib A. N. Dalvi, Members; Mr. Narotam Morarjee Gosuldas, Hon. Treasurer, Mr. Gasper Brest, Hon. Secretary and Mr. S. V. Bhandarkar assistant Hon. Sec.

The Government were thanked for their annual grant. The services of the honorary officials who served on the Committee during the year under report were recognized by a vote of thanks to them. The business before the meeting concluded with a vote of thanks to the Chairman

RUSSIAN JEWS RELIEF FUND.

MR. JACOB SASSOON acknowledges with thanks the undermentioned subscriptions :—Mr. Jacob Sassoon Rs. 5,000, Mr. S. Shellim, Rs, 500, Mr. R. H. S. Isaacs Rs. 250, Mr. S. A. Nathan, Rs. 250, Mr. Thakersey Nundlal, Rs. 250, Mr. Nursey Khaisow, Rs. 251, Mr. S. Abrahaon, Rs. 100, Messrs. Veljee Damjee and Co., Rs.

GOSSIP OF THE WEEK.

LONDON, Nov. 10.

MANY ENOCH ARDENS.

WITHIN the fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul lie the bones of dead Emperors of Russia. Within its walls, too, lie living men to all intents and purposes dead. This frowning fastness has been a prison of which Europe has not known the like since the Bastille was razed, a prison not for common malefactors, but for men with aspirations and ideals—men who, because they hated corruption and tyranny, have been snatched away in the silence of the night. Men who were among the best known in Russian society have been hurried into that gloomy keep, there to be unknown, their names unspoken by the governor and his officers, never communicated to the common gaolers. And now the amnesty will bring them forth again into the light of day, most prematurely old and broken, whose identity has been merged for years in a numeral, to find, perhaps, their homes destroyed and their families scattered.

"THIS IS A REVOLUTION."

Many in whom the force of Zeal for the right has burned low will now be released to find life on the new terms barely worth living. The incarceration of a political prisoner has been his civil death. It has meant the release of his wife from her marriage bond, the sequestration of all his property so that those who, when they fell under the ban, were rich and happy, will come forth widowers and destitute, to find, it may be, other men installed in the homes over which they once ruled. This is the Bastille story over again except that this prison still rests upon its foundations. The mob found in that dreaded prison—prison which originally was a piece of defence erected to stay the serried soldiers of Britain—men whom none could identify, nor for whose imprisonment any could account. They were dead. That was all that could be said. When the King heard that this living hell had been destroyed, "This is a revolt," he said. "Sir," answered Dr Beaucourt—"sire, it is not a revolt—it is a revolution."

GRADUATED MOURNING.

Last week the foremost man in a northern village died. A lady on her way to the house of mourning paused at the door of one of the witnesses to ask, "Your husband is going to the funeral, I suppose?" "Well, ma'am, it's very sad, ain't it?" was the reply. "We does feel it terrible." The lady acknowledged that the occasion was a most grievous one, but repeated, "Is your husband going to the funeral?" The woman replied with caution, "He's been axed." "Well, then, I suppose he will be going?" The Colonel assumed a confidential tone as she asked it for, "Do you know if he's supposed to go as a mourner or a bearer?" "Why, as a bearer, of course," was the answer of the astonished lady. "Ah, well, he'll be going, then. You see, if he goes as a bearer he'll get a crown, if he goes as a mourner he don't move. Them pigskins of ours and Dr Gow cleaned out, and he won't go again as a mourner."

MISGUIDED DEVOTION.

The site of the Crimea one memorial is an exception, that there should be so few of those that seek to mislead. But those in whom the ability to do so is wrongly developed sometimes quite remarkably to lose track of their objects. Just before Mr. Gladstone died, and aged 82 had diminished when the stick at the doors of the Athenæum. He had come to see Mr. Gladstone. The man to whom he communicated his message was not surprised, about the caller made plain that he expected to find the statesman there among the money. Mr. Gladstone he knew, lived at the Hills, and he had come all the way from Ireland to pay his respects to him. When his mistake was explained to him, the veteran was in sore plight. Taking no thought for the morrow, he had invested all his savings in the cost of his trip, and now had not the wherewithal to return. It fell to Southwark Guardians to see him through his trouble.

THE SIMPLE LIFE.

The necessity for appointing an official executioner in succession to Ketch would not have existed had the poor in that day adopted a rough-and-ready mutual help scheme which was found to be practised one night in the streets of London. Two gentlemen of the peace found two men prostrate, seated in sorrow not in anger, to hang a third to a lamp-post. Indignant with the man who lived too, they beat him but were overpowered, and the body was cold to the magistrates in the morning. The thief had gambled away all his property, even to the suit he wore, saying, "If I lose I am ill to unable to live and you shall hang me and take my clothes when I am dead." He did lose and his companions were after the clothes when the police interrupted the hanging.

INITIAL MERIT.

Has the letter "S" some special virtue that it should be chosen as a Christian name? An American, as an inquest this week, had some difficulty in making the coroner believe that his name was not "Samuel," "Seth" or anything else, but simply Charles "S" so and so. Of course, there is no reason why a letter should not answer for a name. A man, if he choose, may make his initials his signature, and they will render legal any instrument he may execute, the only point necessary being the proof that such signature is his usual one. But the American loves to set out his description with first Christian name next the initial of the second, and then the surname. A week-old babe may be described as "Archibald Z. Brown, as surely as Algernon C Swinburne in an American newspaper will be Algernon C Swinburne or Sir. Asquith Henry H. Asquith. Some even go so far as to describe the leader of the Opposition as "Henry C. Bannerman."

HIS ENTITLES.

This habit is reflected in the names of many of the negroes—their cuticles, as they call them. In the days of their slavery they were simply John or Susan, Mr. Booker T. Washington tells us. If other description were needed, then they adopted the name of their owner—Brown's John or Fletcher Susan, very much as a horse entered for a race or show is described. When, however slavery ended, the negroes wanted other and new names to be quite certain that they really were free so a host of them adopted the names of such Presidents as they could remember and to-day there are many Black John Q. Lincolns. The X is as much part of the name as the first or last. When Mr. Washington first went to school he knew himself by no other name than Booker, but, having heard other children give second names in answer to the roll-call he promptly added one to his own. Booker Washington he called when asked for his name. Later he found that his mother had called him Taliafer, so as well as Booker, so he added that name as well but cut it down to plain T.

VANISHED WILLS.

The discovery of Lord Inverclyd's will, stowed away in a handbag, is another chapter to the already long story of wills hidden by accident or design. Somerset House preserves most audible stores of treasure of this description with stories attaching curious enough to make the fame of a generation of novelists. What must have been the surprise of the people of whom he was of a dead benefactor was sent home from Egypt, when they opened the document, and found it—blank! It had been duly signed, sealed, and delivered. The man who had made it, however, commenced in this lugubrious fashion. Being now afflicted with Plague, the scourge of mankind, which will soon terminate my existence, and the man who had to bring it to England fearing its loss, made a copy of it then placed the original in spirit. It was this latter which had obliterated the ink, and made it necessary for the copy to be proved.

BURIED TREASURE.

The wiles of the will-maker are manifold. Sheer perversity is as often the motive as the desire to keep from the expectant knowledge of provisions made. One man greatly enhanced his fortune by hiding his will. He made a case full of secret panels and drawers, and in this deposited his will. To keep at bay inquisitive relatives he represented that the case contained secret medicines. This got abroad, and, he being a physician, it enormously increased his practice. When he died, and it that had no beneficiary him by sending the amount to all found the will, after many searches, in this supposed medicine chest. It left all his wealth to a poor niece who had been imported from Australia and more crabbed testator deposits a sheaf of wills in various places, each with a different yielding clauses and bequests in earlier ones. The laces of all he tied to the leg of his bedstead where he was not found until two years after his death. Thus, great was the upheaval that the case became a cause célèbre in the courts, before whom a model of the bed was placed. Somerset House still has the will, the model, and the original bed-post.

A MATTER OF TERMS.

The suggestion that the Czar should voluntarily abandon the title of "Autocrat of All the Russias" is not unlikely. The unimpressive little man covering behind the walls of a fortress palace has hardly suggested the robust autocrat. Fitness and truth, however, do not invariably find a place when royal titles are under consideration. We in this country must seriously have lacked a sense of humour, seeing that we permitted our Kings to continue their description until 1801 of King Defender of the Faith of France. It was in the reign of Edward the Third that the title was adopted. "King of England, France and Lord of Ireland" and although our Sovereigns had a habit of altering the royal style every half-century or so that title held its place until George the Third was King.

LITTLE SLIPS.

The word "Czar" is never used in Russian society where according to an authority, it would sound too much like our formal phrase, "His Most Gracious Majesty." Czarina is not Russian at all; Czarina is but is employed only in ecclesiastical ceremonies. The word used to describe the Czar means "Lord." We speak incorrectly of the German Emperor as "the Kaiser," as if there were but one. He is of course, Kaiser William, just as the Austrian Emperor is Kaiser Francis Joseph, and the British Sovereign King Edward. The "Sublime Porte" does not correctly describe the Sultan of Turkey any more than the "Government" would describe King Edward. The Mikado, is a term unknown in Japan. The mistake most common, however—mistake ever which even our "Count Gibraltar" has tripped—is to describe Kaiser William as Emperor of Germany. He is of King of Prussia, German Emperor.

TRY IT IN YOUR BATH.

SCRUBB'S CLOUDY AMMONIA FLUID

MARVELLOUS PREPARATION.

Refreshing as a Turkish Bath. Invaluable for all Toilet Purposes.
Splendid Cleansing Preparation for the Hair.
Removes Stains and Grease Spots from Clothing, Etc.
Restores the Colour to Carpets.
Allays the Irritation caused by Mosquito Bites.
Invigorating in Hot Climates. Cleans Plate and Jewellery.

For Sale by all Grocers and [illegible].

SCRUBB & CO., LTD., GUILDFORD ST., [illegible] S.E.

Worry and Anxiety

almost inevitably lead to a weakened and impoverished condition of the nervous systems These are forms of mental and nervous fatigue, and indicate that the nervous system is unequal to the demands made upon it by business responsibilities, social obligations, or professional duties. Such feelings give urgent and emphatic warning that the entire nervous system has become enfeebled, either as a consequence of nervous overstrain or owing to imperfect nutrition, resulting from physical illness or disorder.

Nervous Debility

of which worry and anxiety are such distressing symptoms, demands special treatment the nature of which is easily understood. If the body be weak it shows that fitting nourishment is required, and the same is equally true if the nervous system be weakened. It needs proper nutrition.

But how seldom the exhausted nervous system receives the right treatment. In many cases stimulants are resorted to, which give merely fictitious and temporary strength to the nerves, but actually leave them more weakened and worn out than before. If the nervous system be exhausted it really requires a remedy that will assist the nervous system to assimilate nourishment from the ordinary food, and will at the same time supply the vital nerve elements which are lost under the strain of overwork. Such a remedy is found in

Bishop's Tonules

A Nerve Nutrient not a Stimulant.

Bishop's Tonules are a thoroughly scientific preparation, free from harmful drugs and act directly upon the nerves, improving their nutrition, building up the worn away tissues, and restoring the impoverished nervous system to full health and vigour.

To understand how and why Bishop's Tonules do this it must be borne in mind that in nervous disorders generally the nerve and brain substance is worn away faster than it can be replaced. The nerves also lack the power to extract from the food taken the elements which they have lost, and until they can do this there can be no improvement in their exhausted condition.

The principal of these nervous disorders are as follows: Nervous and General Debility or Impaired Vitality, indicated by Lassitude, Fatigue, Want of Mental and Physical Energy, Weakened Will Power, Inability for Sustained Mental Effort, Irritability and Brain Fag, Nervous Exhaustion, Indecision and Lack of Confidence and "Pluck," Mental Depression, Worry and Anxiety, Forebodings, Morbidity and Melancholy, Neurasthenia, or a worn-out condition of the Nervous System generally, characterised by Headache, Vertigo, Muscular and Nervous Prostration, and Diminished Mental Powers.

There is no pretence that Bishop's Tonules do anything magical or extraordinary They simply supply those elements that are lacking, and supply them in such a form that they can be taken up easily and naturally by the nerves. Hence it is only reasonable to expect nerve restoration where they are used.

Obviously this takes time, just as an ill-nourished body cannot be built up in a day; but the result of a continued course of treatment by Bishop's Tonules will be the restoration of the nervous system to perfect health and strength.

The effects of the Tonule treatment may not be apparent immediately, but after a short time there is an improvement in the appetite, the assimilation of food is promoted, the liver stimulated, and the flow of bile increased. The various organs of the body all show improved activity and the building up of the tissues is hastened. The eyes grow brighter and the complexion more healthy. There is a tendency for thin subjects to gain flesh, while soft and flabby flesh becomes firm. In addition to all these evidences of the power of Bishop's Tonules, the symptoms of nervous debility and exhaustion gradually disappear, and it is only a question of time as to how long it will take for the whole nervous system to be restored to full strength.

Bishop's Tonules

A Fortnight's Treatment 2/9.

A letter has just been received from a gentleman in Hampshire in the following terms:—"I have now gone through a fortnight's course of Bishop's Tonules with great benefit. I was suffering from nevousness and depression, and these have almost disappeared, especially the latter. I took one Tonule with each of my three meals."

Bishop's Tonules are supplied in vials containing a fortnight's treatment, made by Alfred Bishop (Limited), Spelman-street, Mile End New Town, London, supplies may be obtained from your chemist or drug store for 2s. 9d. Alfred Bishop (Limited) are Manufacturing Chemists only, and have but one address.

Note There are two points we wish specially to emphasise. One is that it is supremely unwise to delay commencing the treatment with Bishop's Tonules if you recognise that you are suffering from nervous overstrain or nervous or brain exhaustion. Your condition will become worse, and you may have a serious breakdown as a result of your neglect. The other point is that Alfred Bishop are always pleased to give further information to any requiring it.

PEEK, FREAN & Co's

WINE MIXED

BISCUITS.

Milkmaid BRAND Milk

As a guarantee of Quality, see the MILKMAID on every Tin.

LARGEST SALE in the WORLD.

JEWELLERY UP TO DATE.

Gold pendant set pearls, Rs. 32.

Gold brooch set sapphire and pearls, Rs. 100.

Gold necklet set turquoise and pearls, Rs. 175

Gold pearl pendant, Rs. 38.

Gold pendant set pearl, Rs. 32.

Gold pendant set pearls and gold chain, Rs. 50.

Gold brooch set peridot and pearls, Rs. 140.

Gold neckled set pearls, Rs. 250.

Gold brooch olivine and pearls, Rs. 112.

Gold pendant and chain set pearls, Rs. 50.

Gold pendant pearls, and chain, Rs. 50.

Gold pendant set turquoise and pearls, Rs. 115.

Gold pendant set pearls, Rs. 75.

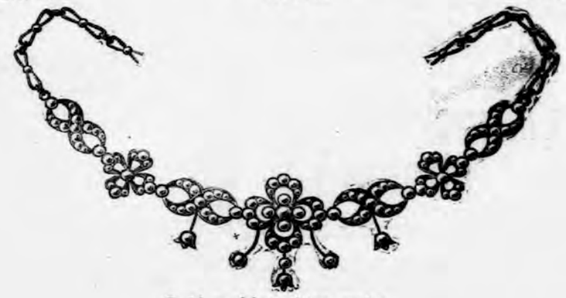
Gold pendant set pearls, Rs. 70.

Gold pendant set pearls, Rs. 38.

Gold pendant set pearls, Rs. 38.

Gold pendant set diamonds and pearls, Rs. 135

Gold pendant set pearls platinum and gold chain, Rs. 55.



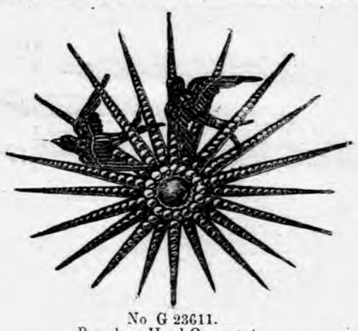
Gold necklet of turquoise and pearls, Rs. 275.

Gold pendant set and gold chain

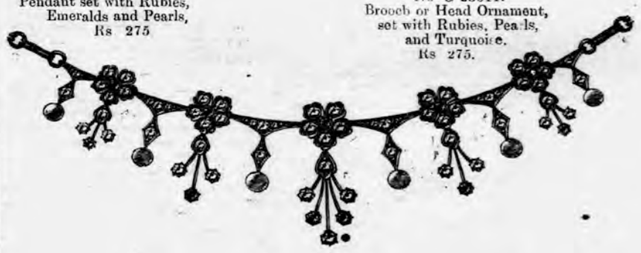
MARCKS & Co., Ld.

BOMBAY AND POONA.

No. G 23135. Pendant set with Rubies, Emeralds and Pearls, Rs 275



No G 23611. Brooch or Head Ornament, set with Rubies, Pearls, and Turquoise. Rs 275.



No. G 45436.

Necklace set with Diamonds, Rubies and Pearls, Rs 200.

THE WEST END WATCH CO.,

SHOWROOMS.

11, HORNBY ROAD.

FORT.

IMPORTERS OF HIGH CLASS DIAMOND AND GEM SET JEWELLERY.

MAKES THE SKIN AS SOFT AS VELVET.

BEETHAM'S LAIT Larola

KEEPS THE SKIN COOL AND REFRESHED IN HOT CLIMATES, AND PREVENTS IT BECOMING PARCHED and DRIED UP from Exposure to the Sun.

PREVENTS THE ATTACK OF MOSQUITOES etc.

IT IS UNEQUALLED AS A DELIGHTFUL SKIN TONIC & EMOLLIENT.

Prepared by BEETHAM & SON, Cheltenham, England.

Bombay Agents:—Messrs. TREACHER & Co., Limited, THOMSON STREET, Bombay.

KEATING'S LOZENGES EASILY CURE THE WORST COUGH.

One gives relief. An increasing sale of over 80 years is a certain test of their value. Sold in bottles everywhere.

SAVARESSE'S SANDAL CAPSULES

Full Directions. All Chemists. Insist on Savaresse's.

A BOON TO SUFFERING HUMANITY

SURGERY SUPERSEDED.

SURGERY CAN ONLY GIVE TEMPORARY RELIEF TO THE FOLLOWING DISEASES:—

THEY CAN BE RADICALLY CURED BY THE UNFAILING MEDICINES DESCRIBED BELOW:—

HYDROCELE in any form—acute or chronic—Hernia, Elephantiasis, and all sorts of rectum and scrotum diseases are cured by an infallible, harmless and wonderful remedy consisting of 55 vegetable drugs and 105 vegetable oils. Patients suffering from Hydrocele are particularly requested to see the undersigned before going into the troubles of operation, as a permanent cure is obtained by my easy treatment. Pills and Oil for 20 days, Rs. 15-8.

BLEEDING AND BLIND PILES—Fistula, Fissure of the Anus, and all inflamatory complaints of the rectum which cause much irritation, burning and pain are thoroughly cured without the least pain or inconvenience to sufferers, without recurring in future. Ointment and Pills for 15 days, Rs. 5-8.

FATTY OR WINDY BODY, the undue increase of the size of the belly and abdomen, parts of the waist, loin and other limbs of the body, and the consequent weakness and depression—Sufferers do not find rest or happiness under such conditions, and feel very miserable. They can be easily cured, and can experience a reduction of 3 to 5 inches in their body after 30 days' application of my oil. Also rheumatism, gout, paralysis—acute or chronic—are cured by the application of oil and pills. The effect of cure is experienced after 15 days' treatment. Oil for 15 days, Rs. 5-8.

IMPOTENCY, SPERMATORRHŒA, LOSS OF NERVE POWER are permanently cured, no matter how old the patient or disease may be. Rapid SEMINAL DISCHARGE, the results of thoughtless excesses and errors of youth are entirely cured. GREAT RETENTIVE POWER and perfect MANHOOD restored to the complete satisfaction of sufferers. Unfailing potent remedies of harmless nature are always kept in stock. Pills and, or oil (as the case may be) for 15 days, Rs. 6-8.

MENSTRUAL TROUBLE, (Monthly Course)—Amenorrhœa, Dysmenorrhœa, Leucorrhœa, Sterility, Prolapsus Uteri, Threatened Miscarriage, Tumour and other obstinate Uterine Diseases are speedily cured without any chance of recurrence. Pills for 15 days, Rs. 6-8.

DIABETES—Insipidus and Mellitus and complaints akin thereto, both acute and chronic, are thoroughly cured by harmless vegetable pills. For 20 days Rs. 6-8.

ALL BILIOUS COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA, heating sensations in the throat or chest, sour, bitter or sweet taste in the mouth, heartburn, headache caused thereby, and loss of appetite are easily cured. Pills for 20 days, Rs. 4-8.

PATIENTS ARE NOT REQUIRED TO UNDERGO THE INCONVENIENCES AND DANGER OF OPERATIONS.

Up-country orders are promptly executed by Value Payable Post.

Up-country patients are requested to state clearly their age, disease and the duration of the same for my guidance.

Apply to DR. BALKRISHNA NARAYEN JOSHI of Benares,

Tardeo Bridge, near Tram Terminus, Motiwalla's Chawl, Ground Floor, TARDEO, Bombay.

LANGUID WOMEN

PALE CHILDREN

OLD PEOPLE, INVALIDS

VIN CHAPOTEAUT

(CHAPOTEAUT'S WINE OF PEPTONE)

A DELICIOUS NUTRITIVE STIMULANT

This alimentary wine is easily assimilated when no other solid or liquid food will remain on the stomach. Indicated in constitutional weakness and lack of digestive power, for the Aged, Anæmic, Dyspeptic, and Convalescent

It helps sufferers from Consumption, Dysentery, Cancers, and Ulceration of the Stomach.

CHAPOTEAUT PARIS

ESTABLISHED 1867.

Cable Address: "Woodhouse, Brighouse." A. I. Code.

WOODHOUSE & MITCHELL, LIMITED, Brighouse, Yorkshire, England.

STEAM ENGINES & MILL GEARING For Textile, Flour & other Mills.

Contractors to H.M. War Department.

WILL FORMS OF DIFFERENT KINDS [illegible] Assam. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 07 July, 2017

THEODORO VAFIADIS & CO.

HIGH CLASS

EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES

ADOPTED BY ALL THE LEADING CLUBS TROUGHOUT THE GLOBE

Per 100							
Rs. 7	Rs. 5-8	Rs. 6	Rs. 4-8	Rs. 3-12	Rs. 4	Rs. 3-4	Rs. 2-12

A SOLVED QUESTION.

THE QUESTION now-a-days among Smokers is, Why should Vafiadis' Cigarettes be s largely distributed ?
The answer is not far to seek.

It is because Vafiadis having had a life-long experience in Tobacco k ows what is suit able for this peculiar climate of India, and it also is because their only intention is to satisfy their thousands of Customers by guaranteeing a new consignment of their Cigarettes every fourteen days.

To th above facts it is due that their Cigarettes are so highly praised and smoked by the throng, and are pronounced by connoisseurs to be superior to all others.

SOLE IMPORTERS,

TH. VAFIADIS & CO.,

BOMBAY-CALCUTTA-RANGOON.

WHITE AND SOUND TEETH.

Are indispensable to personal attractions and to health and longevity by the proper mastication of food.

ROWLANDS' ODONTO

is of inestimable value in preserving and beautifying the teeth, strengthening the gums and giving a pleasant fragrance to the breath, it eradicates tartar from the teeth, prevents and arrests decay, and polishes and preserves the enamel, to which it imparts a pearl-like whiteness.

Sold by Stores and Chemists, and

A. ROWLAND & SONS
HATTON GARDEN, LONDON.

ENO'S FRUIT SALT.

INVALUABLE IN ALL FUNCTIONAL DERANGEMENTS OF THE LIVER.

The value of ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT' cannot be told. Its success in Europe, Asia, Africa, America, Australia, and New Zealand proves it. THERE IS NO DOUBT THAT where it has been taken in the earliest stages of a Disease, it has, in innumerable instances, PREVENTED what would otherwise have been A SERIOUS ILLNESS.

CAUTION.—*See Capsule marked* ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT.' *Without it you have a WORTHLESS IMITATION.*

Prepared only by J. C. ENO, Ltd., 'FRUIT SALT' WORKS, LONDON, ENG., by J. C. ENO'S Patent.

Sold by Chemists, &c., everywhere.

THE BOONS AND BLESSINGS.

MACNIVEN & CAMERON'S PENS.

"They come as a boon and a blessing to men, The Pickwick, the Owl, and the Waverley Pen.

Every Pen ...ade by Macniven & Cameron, & Ltd. separately examined by experienced hands. and any found defective are discarded.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

MACNIVEN & CAMERON, LTD.
WAVERLEY WORKS, EDINBURGH.

INDIAN AND COLONIAL SHIPPERS

OF

Fancy Goods, Leather Goods, Stationery, Musical Instruments, China, Enamel and Basket Ware, Toys of every description, Electro-Plate and Cutlery.

JAMES WISBEY & Co.,

77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84 & 129, HOUNDSDITCH,
8, 9 & 10, BISHOPSGATE STREET WITHOUT . . . LONDON, E.C.

THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST WAREHOUSE IN THE WORLD.

Illustrated Export Catalogue (300 pages) on application.

TRIAL ORDERS OR FIRST INDENTS SHIPPED IMMEDIATELY.

"CAUTION.—The name of "PHOSPHODYNE" is protected under the Trade Marks Protection Act for the whole of India, and proceedings will be taken against the vendors of any colorable or other imitation thereof."

The only Medicine of the kind awarded a Certificate at the Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-4, one

REGISTERED. DR. LALOR'S TRADE MAR

PHOSPHODYNE

HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PHOSPHORIC MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

For forty years has maintained its world-wide reputation as the Best and only safe reliable Phosphoric Cure for BRAIN WRECKAGE, PARALYSIS, SLEEPLESSNESS, Dyspepsia, Nerves, Kidneys, and Liver Complaints, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, General Debility, all Blood Disorders, and all Functional and

Its energizing effects are shewn from the first day of its administration by a Remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort. Digestion is invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Fa...

...HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENGLAND.

STREET LAMP.

GOLD MEDAL

AWARDED AT THE BOMBAY INDUSTRIAL & AGRICULTURAL EXHIBITION, 1904-05.

THE

WASHINGTON

COMPRESSED KEROSINE OIL INCANDESCENT

LAMPS

Give the most brilliant and the cheapest Light of the day.

STORM AND RAINPROOF ARC LAMPS, from 500 to 1,500 candle power.

Ordinary Russian Kerosine Oil (Bulk Oil) can be used.

Suitable for Palaces, Clubs, Offices, Halls, Churches, Factories, Workshops, Compounds, Gardens and Streets. Adopted by Municipalities and Railways, etc., etc.

For particulars apply to

A. MAHLER.

APOLLO STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SOLE AGENT FOR

The Washington Compressed Kerosine Oil Incandescent Light,
The Welsbach Patent Incandescent Gas Light
and
The Stella Incandescent Kerosine Oil Burner.

Liqueur Exquisite, Tonic, Digestive and Efficacious

BENEDICTINE

Possessing most Powerful Germ-killing Properties.

The BENEDICTINE liqueur is beneficial to health owing to its spirituous foundation being composed only of eau-de-vie (brandies) of the very purest quality.

Its principal characteristics may be summed up as follows :—

Distinctness of taste, richness of flavour and a delicious bouquet improving with age.

Moreover, the fact has never been disputed, that when diluted with cold water, the liqueur is possessed of great *ANTIAPOPLEOTIC (against apoplexy, sudden loss of sense and voluntary motions), APERIENT (slow purgative), DIGESTIVE* and *ANTISPASMODIC (against convulsions,* qualities). *REFRESHES* and *STRENGTHENS* the nervous and tired brain marvellously, and works as a perfect boon to invalids and a blessing combined with luxury to mankind.

Many celebrated doctors and literary men both in France and other countries have given he liqueur the brilliant testimony of their appreciation, as may be seen by the following letters :—

* * * * Those of my readers who have confidence in my culinary recommendations, and I trust they are many, will do well to note that I prefer BENEDICTINE to all other liqueurs.

ALEXANDER DUMAS.

* * * * * At a time when the luxuries of the table are sought after on all sides, I do not hesitate to acknowledge and recommend BENEDICTINE as the queen of liqueurs, now to be seen on any table. It is found and appreciated alike in restaurants, in private families, and on the tables of princes.

H. DE PENE.

* * * * * We place BENEDICTINE upon our tables for its excellent flavour and delicate perfume, without thinking that this dainty is a powerful specific, a liqueur most efficacious for promoting digestion and the regular circulation of the blood.

TIMOTHEE TRIMM.

LIQUEUR BENEDICTINE.—Among the liqueurs invented or manufactured by the monks of France, the Benedictine from a hygienic point of view occupies the foremost rank. It is not only an exquisite and savory beverage for persons in good health, but in cases of illness or recovery it is equally beneficial. It may be used to advantage in all cases where Malaga, Madeira, Sherry, &c., are recommended.

The Benedictine is remarkable for its agreeable taste, and for its really salutary effects as a stomachic; and it is principally on this account that the liqueur should bear the motto "Moritur qui non utitur."

Extract from the "Gazette Medicale."

After meals we know of nothing more agreeable than a small glass or two of BENEDICTINE. It perfumes the breath, delights the palate, promotes digestion, and is a powerful aid to an inactive or overloaded stomach. During an epidemic, and for combating the evil effects of an impure atmosphere, its curative action is indisputable. At the beginning of last autumn we had occasion to appreciate the full value of this liqueur, and we are now happy to give it our highest praise.

DR. MALLET, M.D.

We place all our confidence in the hygienic properties of BENEDICTINE. Invalids and those who suffer from diseases of the respiratory organs, affections of the chests, headaches, congestion of brain, etc., and who cannot take other liqueurs, can safely make BENEDICTINE their favourite drink as a drink to their meals.

DR. ACHILLE PEQUEUR, M.D.

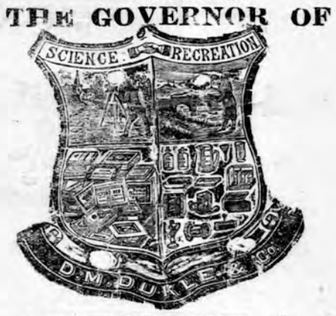
I consider your excellent liqueur invaluable to the old who so frequently suffer from indigestion and attacks of biliousness which often prove fatal. BENEDICTINE has long been well known to me, and it was with great readiness that I ordered it for our religious and my head resident doctor to administer it as a cordial according to your directions.

DR. J. ROUX DE BRIGNOLLES,
Chief Physician & House Surgeon, Charitable Hospital of Marseilles.

TO BE HAD FROM ALL FIRST CLASS WINE DEALERS.

BY APPOINTMENT

TO H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY



D. M. DUKLE & Co.

PHOTO DEALERS,
5 Hummum Street, Fort,
BOMBAY.

MELLIN'S FOOD

For the use of infants **FROM BIRTH** upwards. All that is necessary in adapting it for children of different ages is to make slight variations in mixing.

MELLIN'S **LACTO** GLYCOSE

Prepared from Mellin's Food and fresh cow's milk. This Food is for temporary use where fresh cow's milk cannot be obtained, or where for any reason milk falls under suspicion. For use, mix with warm water only. It forms a palatable food beverage for adults.

MELLIN'S FOOD BISCUITS

A solid food, easy of digestion, and recommended for children after weaning, and for those who require a readily digested, concentrated nutrient at any period of life.

Samples and directions for use printed in Native Languages, together with a work on the "Care of Infants in India," can be had on application.

BOMBAY: H. J. Rustomjee & Co. CALCUTTA: Mackenzie Lyall & Co. COCANADA: Hall, Wilson & Co. KURRACHEE: H. J. Rustomjee & Co. MADRAS: Oakes & Co., Ltd. RANGOON: Latham Black & Co.
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN CEYLON: CARGILLS, LTD.

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK

THE food for Brain and Nerve Force.

If you feel your **strength, energy and vitality exhausted**, it means that the waste of nerve, brain and bodily force is not being properly replaced by the food eaten. If you have fallen into this state from over-work, worry, or the enervation of a hot climate, you will find that the daily use of Horlick's Malted Milk will restore your digestive organs to a proper and healthy condition, and tone up the entire system. Easy of digestion and assimilation, it is, in itself, a perfect food, and may be used with marked advantage as a beverage instead of tea or coffee.

For Infants, Invalids, The Aged, and Travellers.

Instantly prepared by simply stirring in water. Untouched by Hand.

OF ALL AGENTS IN INDIA, BURMAH AND CEYLON.

Horlick's Food Co., 94, Farringdon Road, London, England.

DAWSON'S BOOTS.

TRADE MARK.

PURCHASERS ARE CAUTIONED THAT NO BOOTS ARE GENUINE WITHOUT THIS TRADE MARK STAMPED ON THE SOLES.

We only brand Pucca made goods with our Trade Mark.

Honestly worth a Guinea !

PEARS' ANNUAL

XMAS, 1905. READY NOVEMBER 27th.

Price 6d. Only.

"Nelson & His Times"

By Vice-Admiral Lord CHARLES BERESFORD and H. W. WILSON.

With over 100 Superb Illustrations,

Accompanied by

Three Large Presentation Plates

Each printed in 13 Colours, in the best and most artistic style of the Chromo-Lithographic Art. viz. :

1. "Saluting the Admiral" By Professor A. W. HOLDEN. 28¾ x 18⅞ ins.
2. "Sweethearts" By FRED. MORGAN. 23 x 17⅝ ins.
3. "The Happy Mother" By Madame HENRIETTE RONNER. 19¾ x 13½ ins.

THE WHOLE ENTIRELY PRINTED IN ENGLAND.

Price SIXPENCE. Sold by all Booksellers. Price SIXPENCE.

NEW SEASON'S CHEESES,

HAMS & BACON—FRESH FORTNIGHTLY.

		Rs.	a.
ENGLISH STILTON, REAL PRIZE DAIRY,	about 12 lb. each	...per lb.	1 6
,, ,, ,, ,,	on cut	... ,, ,,	1 8
ROQUEFORT,	about 5 lb. each	... ,, ,,	2 0
,,	on cut	... ,, ,,	2 4
GORGOUZOLA	about 14 to 20 lb. each ...	... ,, ,,	1 4
,,	on cut	... ,, ,,	1 6
ENGLISH CHESHIRE and GREUYERE...		... ,, ,,	1 0
LOAF CHEDDAR ENGLISH		... ,, ,,	0 14
AMERICAN CHESHIRE		... ,, ,,	0 12
DUTCH EDAMS (about 4 lb. each)		... ,, ,,	1 0
BACON—Harris's Real Wiltshire Middles, 20 to 28 lb. each(in Canvas)		...per lb.	1 2
,, ,, ,, ,, Bellies, 12-16 lb. ,, (,, ,,)		... ,, ,,	1 0
☞ **Bacon on cut one anna per lb. extra.** ☜			
HAMS—Real Cumberland Farmers 7 to 28 lb. each (in Canvas)		... ,, ,,	1 2
,, ,, Cooked and Dressed Ready for table		... ,, ,,	2 0
,, ,, ,, and Cut in Slices		... ,, ,,	2 8

BARNES & Co.'s Jams, Pickles and all Oilmenstores Fortnightly.

PYRKE'S PROVISION STORES.

Proprietor E. W. PYRKE, LATE Manager of W. B. GREEN & Co.

APOLLO BUNDER, BOMBAY.

USE ONLY and USE ALWAYS

ATKINSON'S

A LUXURIOUS PERFUME IN HEALTH.

MOST REFRESHING.

Far Superior to the German Kinds.

A NECESSARY RESTORATIVE IN SICKNESS.

EAU DE COLOGNE

DINNEFORD'S

The Physician's Cure for Gout, Rheumatic Gout and Gravel.

The Universal Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, Bilious Affections.

Safest and most Gentle Medicine for Infants, Children, Delicate Females, and the Sickness of Pregnancy.

MAGNESIA

DR. DE JONGH'S

KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR

LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE. THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Forty Years' Medical Experience to be *The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in*

CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

SIR G. DUNCAN GIBB, Bart., M.D.,
Physician to the Westminster Hospital.

"The value of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL as a therapeutic agent in a number of diseases, chiefly of an exhaustive character, has been admitted by the world of medicine; but, in addition, I have found it a remedy of great power in the treatment of many Affections of the Throat and Larynx, especially in Consumption of the latter, where it will sustain life when everything else fails."

DR. SINCLAIR COGHILL,
Physician to the Royal National Hospital for Consumption, Ventnor.

"I have convinced myself that in Tubercular and the various forms of Strumous Disease, DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL possesses greater therapeutic efficacy than any other Cod Liver Oil with which I am acquainted. It was especially noted, in a large number of cases in which the patients protested they had never been able to retain or digest other Cod Liver Oil, that DR. DE JONGH'S OIL was not only tolerated, but taken readily, and with marked benefit."

JOSEPH J. POPE, Esq., M.R.C.S.,
Late Staff Surgeon, Army, Professor of Hygiene, Birkbeck Institution, London.

"I found during my Indian experience that the worth and character of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL remained unchanged by tropical heat or foreign climate, and it was, from its uniformity of character, particularly adapted for long-continued administration. The value of 'hydro-carbons' in all debilitated states of the system is now becoming thoroughly recognised; and it is, without doubt, from the animal oils and fats, rather than from their vegetable substitutes, that we may hope to derive the surest benefit. The Oil of DR. DE JONGH places in everyone's reach a reliable and valuable remedy, one that cannot be too widely recognised."

DR. R. C. CROFT,
Author of "Handbook for the Nursery."

"DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is almost a specific in many of the Diseases peculiar to Infancy and Childhood, and I have seen marked benefit produced by its use. Patients prefer it to the Pale Oils, and are able to retain it more comfortably."

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with BETTS' Patent Capsule impressed on the top with DR. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co.; and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signatures.

WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.

Sold by all respectable Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout the World.

SOLE CONSIGNEES,

ANSAR, HARFORD & Co., Ltd., 210, HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON.

We have been appointed Sole Agents for the following Celebrated Motor Cars,

VIZ :—

MORS MOTOR CARS.
WINTON MOTOR CARS.
RAMBLER MOTOR CARS.
SWIFT MOTOR CARS.
LAMBERT MOTOR CARS.
VEENO MOTOR CARS.

In addition to the above Motor Cars we also stock LA GORDON and GENUINE DION BOUTON Motor Cars.

30 H. P. 4 cylinder Winton Motor Car, which can be started from seat, price Rs. **10,500** only.

Catalogue free.

THANAWALLA & CO.,
Electrical Engineers
Kalbadevee Road, BOMBAY.

GOLD & Co.
BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND.
Patent Wrought IRON & STEEL HINGES ARE THE CHEAPEST AND BEST IN THE MARKET.

None are genuine except with the "Swan" Trade Mark.

Indentors can obtain same through all respectable British Merchants.

...ine are genuine except with the "Swan" Trade Mark.

Published by the Proprietor, GRATTAN GEARY, at the Bombay Gazette Offices at No. III, Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay, and printed at the Times Press and Jobbing Office, Venetian Lane, Rampart Row, Fort.

AGENTS:—LONDON: GEORGE STREET & Co., 30, Cornhill, E.C.; MESSRS. H. KREYMER & Co., 9, Warwick Street, London, S.W.; MESSRS. WILLIAM J. KREYMER & Co., 74, Paternoster Row, London, E.C.; PARIS: MESSRS. GORDON & GOTCH; NEW YORK: MESSRS. ROWELL & Co., 10, Spruce Street. CONTINENTAL AGENTS: TRAUBNER & Co.